Crop Production

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Special Note

NASS reviewed planted and harvested acreage estimates in this report for barley, corn, cotton, dry edible beans, oats, peanuts, rice, sorghum, soybeans, sugarbeets, and wheat (winter, other spring, and Durum) using all available data, including the latest certified acreage from the Farm Service Agency (FSA). All States in the estimating program for these crops were subject to review and updating. Detailed estimates can be found on pages 6, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 22, 25, 26, 29, and 30.

Corn Production Up 13 Percent from 2024
Soybean Production Down 2 Percent from 2024
Cotton Production Down 8 Percent from 2024
Winter Wheat Production Up 1 Percent from July Forecast

Corn production for grain is forecast at 16.7 billion bushels, up 13 percent from 2024, which if realized would be the highest production for grain on record for the United States. Based on conditions as of August 1, the yield is forecast at a record high 188.8 bushels per acre, up 9.5 bushels from last year's 179.3 bushels. Total planted area, at 97.3 million acres, is up 2 percent from the previous estimate and up 7 percent from the previous year. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 88.7 million acres, up 2 percent from the previous forecast and up 7 percent from the previous year.

Soybean production for beans is forecast at 4.29 billion bushels, down 2 percent from 2024. Based on conditions as of August 1, yields are expected to average a record high 53.6 bushels per acre, up 2.9 bushels from 2024. Area harvested for beans in the United States is forecast at 80.1 million acres, down 3 percent from the previous forecast and down 7 percent from 2024.

All cotton planted area totaled 9.28 million acres, down 8 percent from the previous forecast and down 17 percent from 2024. All cotton area harvested is forecast at 7.36 million acres, down 6 percent from 2024. All cotton production is forecast at 13.2 million 480-pound bales, down 8 percent from 2024. Based on conditions as of August 1, yields are expected to average 862 pounds per harvested acre, down 24 pounds from 2024. Upland cotton production is forecast at 12.9 million 480-pound bales, down 8 percent from 2024. Pima cotton production is forecast at 364,000 bales, down 23 percent from 2024.

All wheat production for grain is forecast at 1.93 billion bushels, down slightly from the previous forecast and down 2 percent from 2024. Based on August 1 conditions, yields are expected to average 52.7 bushels per harvested acre, up 0.1 bushel from the previous forecast and up 1.5 bushels from 2024. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 36.6 million acres, down less than 1 percent from the previous forecast and down 5 percent from 2024.

Winter wheat production is forecast at 1.36 billion bushels, up 1 percent from the July 1 forecast and up less than 1 percent from 2024. As of August 1, the United States yield is forecast at 54.8 bushels per acre, up 0.6 bushel from last month and up 3.1 bushels from last year's average yield of 51.7 bushels per acre. Area expected to be harvested for grain or seed totals 24.7 million acres, down less than 1 percent from the *Acreage* report and down 5 percent from 2024.

Hard Red Winter production, at 769 million bushels, is up 2 percent from last month. Soft Red Winter, at 339 million bushels, is up 1 percent from the July forecast. White Winter, at 247 million bushels, is down 3 percent from last month. Of the White Winter production, 20.5 million bushels are Hard White and 226 million bushels are Soft White.

Durum wheat production is forecast at 87.4 million bushels, up 10 percent from the previous forecast and up 9 percent from 2024. Based on August 1 conditions, yields are expected to average 40.9 bushels per harvested acre, up 2.2 bushels from the previous forecast and up 1.6 bushels from 2024. A record high yield is forecast for North Dakota. Area expected to be harvested for grain or seed totals 2.14 million acres, up 4 percent from the *Acreage* report and up 5 percent from 2024.

Other spring wheat production for grain is forecast at 484 million bushels, down 4 percent from the previous forecast and down 11 percent from last year. Based on August 1 conditions, yields are expected to average 50.0 bushels per harvested acre, down 1.7 bushels from the previous forecast and down 2.5 bushels from 2024. Area harvested for grain or seed is expected to total 9.69 million acres, down 1 percent from the *Acreage* report, and down 6 percent from 2024. Of the total production, 449 million bushels are Hard Red Spring wheat, down 4 percent from the July forecast.

This report was approved on August 12, 2025.

Secretary of
Agriculture
Brooke L. Rollins

Agricultural Statistics Board
Chairperson
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Contents

Corn Area Planted for All Purposes and Harvested for Grain - States and United States: 2024 and 2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

State	Area planted for all purposes		Area harvested for grain	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	270	340	260	330
Arizona	70	65	19	25
Arkansas	500	800	480	780
California	410	400	50	28
Colorado	1,460	1,490	1,180	1,210
Connecticut [2]	24	24	(NA)	(NA)
Delaware	165	170	162	167
Florida	85	85	47	52
Georgia	375	540	305	485
Idaho	380	430	120	160
Illinois	10,800	11,000	10,650	10,800
Indiana	5,200	5,300	5,050	5,150
Iowa	12,900	13,500	12,450	12,950
Kansas	6,300	6,750	5,800	6,200
Kentucky	1,370	1,530	1,280	1,420
Louisiana	470	800	440	760
Maine [2]	30	29	(NA)	(NA)
Maryland	440	450	390	395
Massachusetts [2]	14	14	(NA)	(NA)
Michigan	2,250	2,350	1,910	1,990
Minnesota	8,200	8,700	7,730	8,190
Mississippi	490	900	470	860
Missouri	3,450	3,700	3,300	3,530
Montana	130	145	79	84
Nebraska	10,050	10,500	9,590	10,060
Nevada [2]	20	25	(NA)	(NA)
New Hampshire [2]	12	11	(NA)	(NA)
New Jersey	72	75	61	65
New Mexico	100	100	47	41
New York	1,020	950	570	545
North Carolina	890	950	815	885
North Dakota	3,950	4,600	3,640	4,270
Ohio	3,400	3,400	3,200	3,180
Oklahoma	450	520	410	445
Oregon	100	105	57	65
Pennsylvania	990	1,000	660	640
Rhode Island [2]	2	2	(NA)	(NA)
South Carolina	330	390	295	360
South Dakota	5,900	6,700	5,390	5,980
Tennessee	700	930	660	870
Texas	2,150	2,450	1,860	2,050
Utah	70	80	24	33
Vermont [2]	94	88	(NA)	(NA)
Virginia	460	470	305	335
Washington	175	170	88	85
West Virginia	41	41	26	24
Wisconsin	3,750	4,100	2,960	3,130
Wyoming	85	85	66	62
United States	90,594	97,254	82,896	88,691

(NA) Not available.

[1] Forecasted.

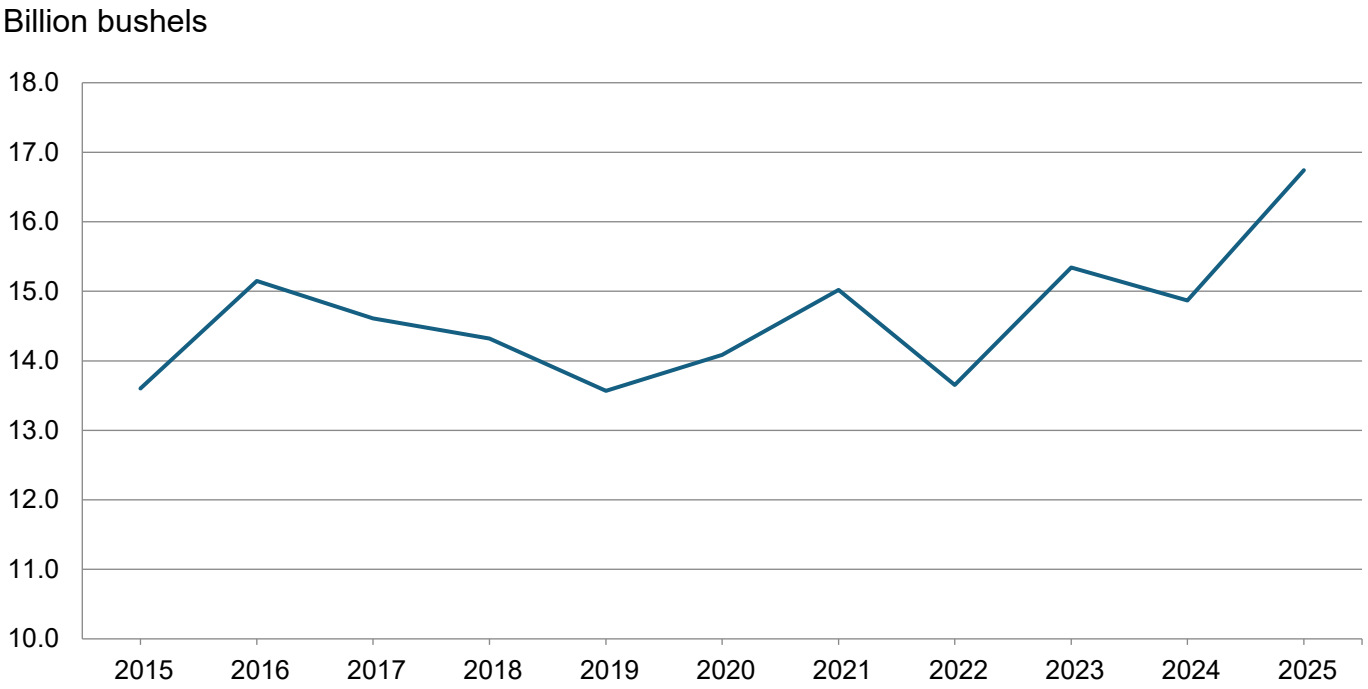
[2] Area harvested for grain not estimated.

Corn for Grain Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	260	330	112.0	157.0	29,120	51,810
Arkansas	480	780	187.0	182.0	89,760	141,960
Colorado	1,180	1,210	116.0	118.0	136,880	142,780
Delaware	162	167	171.0	178.0	27,702	29,726
Georgia	305	485	163.0	179.0	49,715	86,815
Idaho	120	160	206.0	222.0	24,720	35,520
Illinois	10,650	10,800	217.0	221.0	2,311,050	2,386,800
Indiana	5,050	5,150	198.0	205.0	999,900	1,055,750
Iowa	12,450	12,950	211.0	222.0	2,626,950	2,874,900
Kansas	5,800	6,200	129.0	139.0	748,200	861,800
Kentucky	1,280	1,420	178.0	186.0	227,840	264,120
Louisiana	440	760	185.0	180.0	81,400	136,800
Maryland	390	395	143.0	173.0	55,770	68,335
Michigan	1,910	1,990	181.0	180.0	345,710	358,200
Minnesota	7,730	8,190	174.0	202.0	1,345,020	1,654,380
Mississippi	470	860	186.0	186.0	87,420	159,960
Missouri	3,300	3,530	183.0	191.0	603,900	674,230
Nebraska	9,590	10,060	188.0	192.0	1,802,920	1,931,520
New York	570	545	169.0	158.0	96,330	86,110
North Carolina	815	885	87.0	143.0	70,905	126,555
North Dakota	3,640	4,270	149.0	148.0	542,360	631,960
Ohio	3,200	3,180	177.0	196.0	566,400	623,280
Oklahoma	410	445	98.0	130.0	40,180	57,850
Pennsylvania	660	640	138.0	164.0	91,080	104,960
South Carolina	295	360	101.0	150.0	29,795	54,000
South Dakota	5,390	5,980	164.0	168.0	883,960	1,004,640
Tennessee	660	870	152.0	182.0	100,320	158,340
Texas	1,860	2,050	112.0	120.0	208,320	246,000
Virginia	305	335	114.0	173.0	34,770	57,955
Washington	88	85	235.0	235.0	20,680	19,975
Wisconsin	2,960	3,130	174.0	185.0	515,040	579,050
Other States [1]	476	479	152.6	157.8	72,627	75,563
United States	82,896	88,691	179.3	188.8	14,866,744	16,741,644

[1] Other States include Arizona, California, Florida, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, West Virginia, and Wyoming. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2025 Summary*.

Corn Production – United States



Sorghum Area Planted for All Purpose and Harvested for Grain – States and United States: 2024 and 2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Colorado	520	550	460	490
Kansas	3,000	3,000	2,800	2,750
Nebraska	290	255	260	210
Oklahoma	370	440	330	370
South Dakota	420	260	305	175
Texas	1,700	2,100	1,450	1,680
United States	6,300	6,605	5,605	5,675

[1] Forecasted.

Sorghum for Grain Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Colorado	460	490	30.0	39.0	13,800	19,110
Kansas	2,800	2,750	65.0	80.0	182,000	220,000
Nebraska	260	210	85.0	96.0	22,100	20,160
Oklahoma	330	370	39.0	54.0	12,870	19,980
South Dakota	305	175	76.0	75.0	23,180	13,125
Texas	1,450	1,680	62.0	59.0	89,900	99,120
United States	5,605	5,675	61.3	69.0	343,850	391,495

Oat Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024-2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Georgia	65	80	21	20
Idaho	40	40	10	13
Illinois	50	50	17	14
Iowa	145	120	73	50
Kansas	160	160	26	25
Maine	20	18	16	16
Michigan	50	45	33	23
Minnesota	205	245	140	155
Montana	60	75	25	31
Nebraska	120	120	36	25
New York	60	43	40	22
North Carolina	34	44	12	18
North Dakota	280	330	135	140
Ohio	40	50	20	25
Oregon	20	15	11	8
Pennsylvania	74	68	51	37
South Dakota	270	315	88	105
Texas	380	380	68	55
Wisconsin	140	145	64	61
United States	2,213	2,343	886	843

[1] Forecasted.

Oat Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025		2024	2025
				July 1	August 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Georgia	21	20	62.0	62.0	62.0	1,302	1,240
Idaho	10	13	92.0	58.0	63.0	920	819
Illinois	17	14	93.0	96.0	99.0	1,581	1,386
Iowa	73	50	82.0	84.0	80.0	5,986	4,000
Kansas	26	25	66.0	64.0	59.0	1,716	1,475
Maine	16	16	73.0	69.0	69.0	1,168	1,104
Michigan	33	23	66.0	68.0	71.0	2,178	1,633
Minnesota	140	155	88.0	77.0	83.0	12,320	12,865
Montana	25	31	33.0	33.0	38.0	825	1,178
Nebraska	36	25	69.0	52.0	55.0	2,484	1,375
New York	40	22	65.0	55.0	61.0	2,600	1,342
North Carolina	12	18	73.0	71.0	67.0	876	1,206
North Dakota	135	140	98.0	97.0	97.0	13,230	13,580
Ohio	20	25	68.0	83.0	76.0	1,360	1,900
Oregon	11	8	98.0	75.0	70.0	1,078	560
Pennsylvania	51	37	59.0	59.0	56.0	3,009	2,072
South Dakota	88	105	88.0	88.0	88.0	7,744	9,240
Texas	68	55	46.0	47.0	56.0	3,128	3,080
Wisconsin	64	61	67.0	77.0	69.0	4,288	4,209
United States	886	843	76.5	75.5	76.2	67,793	64,264

Barley Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024-2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alaska	8	8	6	7
Arizona	13	11	12	9
California	40	40	20	30
Colorado	56	40	39	34
Delaware	21	20	14	15
Idaho	530	520	510	500
Kansas	10	9	3	3
Maine	10	6	9	5
Maryland	31	31	19	17
Michigan	8	7	6	6
Minnesota	40	43	25	34
Montana	900	750	710	600
New York	8	8	5	4
North Carolina	16	15	10	9
North Dakota	370	470	285	360
Oregon	31	27	20	18
Pennsylvania	40	43	30	28
South Dakota	34	41	5	12
Utah	14	16	11	10
Virginia	24	28	9	8
Washington	80	65	70	50
Wisconsin	15	12	6	3
Wyoming	74	71	51	50
United States	2,373	2,281	1,875	1,812

[1] Forecasted.

Barley Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025		2024	2025
				July 1	August 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Colorado	39	34	145.0	146.0	135.0	5,655	4,590
Idaho	510	500	109.0	112.0	110.0	55,590	55,000
Minnesota	25	34	70.0	75.0	80.0	1,750	2,720
Montana	710	600	51.0	48.0	52.0	36,210	31,200
North Dakota	285	360	74.0	74.0	74.0	21,090	26,640
Washington	70	50	66.0	50.0	50.0	4,620	2,500
Wyoming	51	50	112.0	100.0	100.0	5,712	5,000
Other States [1]	185	184	71.4	67.9	73.5	13,209	13,521
United States	1,875	1,812	76.7	77.1	77.9	143,836	141,171

[1] Other States include: Alaska, Arizona, California, Delaware, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, New York, North Carolina, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Virginia, and Wisconsin. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Small Grains 2025 Summary*.

All Wheat Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024-2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	110	115	60	65
Arizona	59	50	58	49
Arkansas	130	120	85	80
California	315	296	98	95
Colorado	2,100	2,100	1,840	1,850
Delaware	70	55	52	30
Georgia	145	170	60	65
Idaho	1,210	1,210	1,135	1,110
Illinois	770	780	700	680
Indiana	310	320	240	235
Kansas	7,600	7,300	7,150	6,700
Kentucky	560	500	390	355
Maryland	325	315	180	150
Michigan	400	540	375	490
Minnesota	1,220	1,150	1,180	1,100
Mississippi	60	65	35	40
Missouri	670	640	480	445
Montana	5,280	5,340	5,030	5,030
Nebraska	1,000	950	920	810
New Mexico	370	365	145	115
New York	135	150	120	120
North Carolina	410	360	330	260
North Dakota	6,575	6,430	6,465	6,300
Ohio	520	570	465	500
Oklahoma	4,350	4,150	2,850	2,750
Oregon	740	750	725	740
Pennsylvania	240	260	195	175
South Carolina	80	80	65	60
South Dakota	1,520	1,450	1,395	1,280
Tennessee	380	345	320	275
Texas	5,500	5,500	2,600	1,850
Utah	105	115	90	100
Virginia	150	130	85	65
Washington	2,295	2,310	2,240	2,250
Wisconsin	265	300	220	250
Wyoming	110	110	91	95
United States	46,079	45,391	38,469	36,564

[1] Forecasted.

Winter Wheat Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024-2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	110	115	60	65
Arkansas	130	120	85	80
California	290	280	75	80
Colorado	2,100	2,100	1,840	1,850
Delaware	70	55	52	30
Georgia	145	170	60	65
Idaho	760	790	700	710
Illinois	770	780	700	680
Indiana	310	320	240	235
Kansas	7,600	7,300	7,150	6,700
Kentucky	560	500	390	355
Maryland	325	315	180	150
Michigan	400	540	375	490
Mississippi	60	65	35	40
Missouri	670	640	480	445
Montana	1,950	2,250	1,830	2,060
Nebraska	1,000	950	920	810
New Mexico	370	365	145	115
New York	135	150	120	120
North Carolina	410	360	330	260
North Dakota	125	100	120	85
Ohio	520	570	465	500
Oklahoma	4,350	4,150	2,850	2,750
Oregon	740	750	725	740
Pennsylvania	240	260	195	175
South Carolina	80	80	65	60
South Dakota	860	790	760	650
Tennessee	380	345	320	275
Texas	5,500	5,500	2,600	1,850
Utah	105	115	90	100
Virginia	150	130	85	65
Washington	1,800	1,850	1,750	1,800
Wisconsin	265	300	220	250
Wyoming	110	110	91	95
United States	33,390	33,215	26,103	24,735

[1] Forecasted.

Winter Wheat Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025		2024	2025
				July 1	August 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Arkansas	85	80	56.0	62.0	62.0	4,760	4,960
California	75	80	78.0	85.0	85.0	5,850	6,800
Colorado	1,840	1,850	35.0	40.0	40.0	64,400	74,000
Idaho	700	710	89.0	97.0	97.0	62,300	68,870
Illinois	700	680	86.0	87.0	87.0	60,200	59,160
Indiana	240	235	89.0	86.0	87.0	21,360	20,445
Kansas	7,150	6,700	43.0	50.0	51.0	307,450	341,700
Kentucky	390	355	75.0	83.0	82.0	29,250	29,110
Maryland	180	150	75.0	80.0	76.0	13,500	11,400
Michigan	375	490	87.0	89.0	91.0	32,625	44,590
Missouri	480	445	75.0	76.0	78.0	36,000	34,710
Montana	1,830	2,060	50.0	44.0	46.0	91,500	94,760
Nebraska	920	810	52.0	37.0	40.0	47,840	32,400
North Carolina	330	260	57.0	63.0	59.0	18,810	15,340
Ohio	465	500	85.0	83.0	86.0	39,525	43,000
Oklahoma	2,850	2,750	38.0	38.0	38.0	108,300	104,500
Oregon	725	740	70.0	75.0	74.0	50,750	54,760
Pennsylvania	195	175	75.0	72.0	73.0	14,625	12,775
South Dakota	760	650	63.0	48.0	46.0	47,880	29,900
Tennessee	320	275	75.0	73.0	73.0	24,000	20,075
Texas	2,600	1,850	31.0	32.0	37.0	80,600	68,450
Virginia	85	65	66.0	65.0	67.0	5,610	4,355
Washington	1,750	1,800	70.0	70.0	66.0	122,500	118,800
Wisconsin	220	250	82.0	76.0	78.0	18,040	19,500
Other States [1]	838	775	49.2	54.0	52.6	41,255	40,775
United States	26,103	24,735	51.7	54.2	54.8	1,348,930	1,355,135

[1] Other States include Alabama, Delaware, Georgia, Mississippi, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, South Carolina, Utah, and Wyoming. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Small Grains 2025 Summary*.

Durum Wheat Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024-2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Arizona	59	50	58	49
California	25	16	23	15
Montana	880	890	860	860
North Dakota	1,100	1,230	1,095	1,215
United States	2,064	2,186	2,036	2,139

[1] Forecasted.

Durum Wheat Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025		2024	2025
				July 1	August 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Arizona	58	49	109.0	114.0	114.0	6,322	5,586
California	23	15	108.0	100.0	100.0	2,484	1,500
Montana	860	860	23.0	21.0	27.0	19,780	23,220
North Dakota	1,095	1,215	47.0	47.0	47.0	51,465	57,105
United States	2,036	2,139	39.3	38.7	40.9	80,051	87,411

Other Spring Wheat Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024-2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Idaho	450	420	435	400
Minnesota	1,220	1,150	1,180	1,100
Montana	2,450	2,200	2,340	2,110
North Dakota	5,350	5,100	5,250	5,000
South Dakota	660	660	635	630
Washington	495	460	490	450
United States	10,625	9,990	10,330	9,690

[1] Forecasted.

Other Spring Wheat Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025		2024	2025
				July 1	August 1		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Idaho	435	400	89.0	79.0	84.0	38,715	33,600
Minnesota	1,180	1,100	68.5	69.0	68.0	80,830	74,800
Montana	2,340	2,110	26.0	24.0	25.0	60,840	52,750
North Dakota	5,250	5,000	59.0	59.0	55.0	309,750	275,000
South Dakota	635	630	49.0	47.0	46.0	31,115	28,980
Washington	490	450	43.0	47.0	43.0	21,070	19,350
United States	10,330	9,690	52.5	51.7	50.0	542,320	484,480

Wheat Production by Class – United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

[Wheat class estimates are based on the latest available data including both surveys and administrative data. The previous end-of-year season class percentages are used throughout the forecast season for States that do not have survey or administrative data available]

Crop	2024	2025
	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Winter		
Hard red	770,439	769,105
Soft red	342,439	339,406
Hard white	19,559	20,501
Soft white	216,493	226,123
Spring		
Hard red	502,867	449,420
Hard white	9,502	8,258
Soft white	29,951	26,802
Durum	80,051	87,411
Total	1,971,301	1,927,026

Rice Area Planted and Harvested by Class – States and United States: 2024 and 2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

Class and State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Long grain				
Arkansas	1,330	1,160	1,325	1,145
California	8	10	8	10
Louisiana	425	415	420	410
Mississippi	153	160	152	157
Missouri	214	210	210	205
Texas	145	140	141	135
United States	2,275	2,095	2,256	2,062
Medium grain				
Arkansas	117	100	106	83
California	430	490	427	487
Louisiana	48	61	39	57
Mississippi	2	5	2	3
Missouri	5	4	4	3
Texas	3	4	3	4
United States	605	664	581	637
Short grain [2]				
Arkansas	1	1	1	1
California	29	29	29	29
Texas	-	1	-	1
United States	30	31	30	31
All				
Arkansas	1,448	1,261	1,432	1,229
California	467	529	464	526
Louisiana	473	476	459	467
Mississippi	155	165	154	160
Missouri	219	214	214	208
Texas	148	145	144	140
United States	2,910	2,790	2,867	2,730

- Represents zero.
[1] Forecasted.
[2] Includes sweet rice.

Rice Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production [1]	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Arkansas	1,432	1,229	7,640	7,500	109,407	92,175
California	464	526	8,530	8,700	39,588	45,762
Louisiana	459	467	6,710	6,750	30,809	31,523
Mississippi	154	160	7,540	7,500	11,613	12,000
Missouri	214	208	8,430	7,800	18,040	16,224
Texas	144	140	8,800	7,700	12,676	10,780
United States	2,867	2,730	7,748	7,636	222,133	208,464

[1] Includes sweet rice production.

Rice Production by Class – United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

Year	Long grain	Medium grain	Short grain [1]	All
	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
2024	172,029	48,013	2,091	222,133
2025 [2]	154,468	51,314	2,682	208,464

[1] Sweet rice production included with short grain.
[2] The 2025 rice production by class forecasts are based on class harvested acreage estimates and the 5-year average class yield compared to the all rice yield.

Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures for Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Arizona	270	270	7.30	7.70	1,971	2,079
California	480	460	6.60	7.00	3,168	3,220
Colorado	675	550	3.70	3.90	2,498	2,145
Idaho	940	890	4.10	4.30	3,854	3,827
Illinois	260	210	3.75	4.20	975	882
Indiana	240	240	3.70	3.50	888	840
Iowa	720	730	3.80	4.30	2,736	3,139
Kansas	580	610	2.65	3.00	1,537	1,830
Kentucky	100	90	3.00	4.00	300	360
Michigan	550	550	2.60	3.00	1,430	1,650
Minnesota	680	650	3.75	3.80	2,550	2,470
Missouri	255	210	2.95	3.20	752	672
Montana	1,500	1,600	2.15	2.40	3,225	3,840
Nebraska	810	760	4.30	4.20	3,483	3,192
Nevada	220	220	4.50	4.50	990	990
New Mexico	150	125	5.00	5.90	750	738
New York	250	210	2.00	2.20	500	462
North Dakota	940	940	1.95	1.85	1,833	1,739
Ohio	290	320	3.40	3.50	986	1,120
Oklahoma	260	260	3.00	2.80	780	728
Oregon	330	350	4.40	4.00	1,452	1,400
Pennsylvania	270	240	3.10	2.90	837	696
South Dakota	1,450	1,350	2.40	2.30	3,480	3,105
Texas	110	105	4.00	4.90	440	515
Utah	520	500	4.00	3.60	2,080	1,800
Virginia	30	20	3.00	2.90	90	58
Washington	340	320	4.60	4.80	1,564	1,536
Wisconsin	830	760	3.65	3.90	3,030	2,964
Wyoming	440	530	2.90	2.60	1,276	1,378
Other States [1]	122	122	3.16	3.06	385	373
United States	14,612	14,192	3.41	3.51	49,840	49,748

[1] Other States include Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Vermont, and West Virginia. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2025 Summary*.

All Other Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Alabama [1]	690	690	2.70	2.40	1,863	1,656
Arkansas [1]	1,230	1,260	2.10	2.40	2,583	3,024
California	460	380	3.20	3.00	1,472	1,140
Colorado	620	600	1.50	1.60	930	960
Georgia [1]	480	470	3.00	3.00	1,440	1,410
Idaho	310	280	2.30	2.40	713	672
Illinois	185	200	2.70	2.90	500	580
Indiana	240	270	2.80	2.70	672	729
Iowa	280	290	2.70	2.90	756	841
Kansas	1,550	2,000	1.50	1.70	2,325	3,400
Kentucky	2,000	2,150	2.35	2.20	4,700	4,730
Louisiana [1]	370	380	2.80	2.60	1,036	988
Michigan	210	210	1.30	1.70	273	357
Minnesota	520	470	2.25	2.30	1,170	1,081
Mississippi [1]	600	600	2.30	2.50	1,380	1,500
Missouri	2,600	2,800	2.10	2.10	5,460	5,880
Montana	1,060	1,010	1.50	1.80	1,590	1,818
Nebraska	1,560	1,500	1.70	2.00	2,652	3,000
New York	890	940	2.00	1.70	1,780	1,598
North Carolina	580	580	2.20	2.30	1,276	1,334
North Dakota	990	1,210	1.60	1.80	1,584	2,178
Ohio	500	490	1.85	2.45	925	1,201
Oklahoma	3,100	2,900	1.65	1.70	5,115	4,930
Oregon	600	550	2.20	1.90	1,320	1,045
Pennsylvania	890	900	2.55	2.20	2,270	1,980
South Dakota	1,430	1,590	1.65	1.55	2,360	2,465
Tennessee	1,630	1,700	2.20	2.30	3,586	3,910
Texas	4,800	4,700	2.40	2.10	11,520	9,870
Virginia	940	1,000	2.20	2.30	2,068	2,300
Washington	280	300	3.30	3.00	924	900
West Virginia	600	570	1.50	1.50	900	855
Wisconsin	460	410	1.90	1.70	874	697
Wyoming	450	450	1.50	1.40	675	630
Other States [2]	1,673	1,683	2.35	2.43	3,930	4,093
United States	34,778	35,533	2.09	2.08	72,622	73,752

[1] Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures included in all other hay.
[2] Other States include Alaska, Arizona, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Utah, and Vermont. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2025 Summary*.

Soybeans for Beans Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024 and 2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	360	290	350	280
Arkansas	3,050	2,600	3,020	2,570
Delaware	155	145	153	143
Georgia	170	160	162	152
Illinois	10,800	10,300	10,750	10,250
Indiana	5,800	5,400	5,780	5,380
Iowa	10,050	9,400	9,960	9,330
Kansas	4,530	4,100	4,420	4,050
Kentucky	2,050	1,800	2,040	1,790
Louisiana	1,100	790	1,060	760
Maryland	495	465	485	455
Michigan	2,200	2,050	2,180	2,030
Minnesota	7,400	7,000	7,320	6,930
Mississippi	2,300	1,800	2,270	1,770
Missouri	5,900	5,600	5,840	5,540
Nebraska	5,300	4,800	5,240	4,750
New Jersey	105	100	103	98
New York	370	315	365	310
North Carolina	1,630	1,650	1,610	1,630
North Dakota	6,600	6,600	6,550	6,550
Ohio	5,050	4,900	5,030	4,880
Oklahoma	505	380	405	330
Pennsylvania	610	560	600	550
South Carolina	390	365	380	355
South Dakota	5,450	5,100	5,380	5,060
Tennessee	1,820	1,550	1,800	1,520
Texas	100	105	77	81
Virginia	610	600	600	590
Wisconsin	2,150	2,000	2,120	1,970
United States	87,050	80,925	86,050	80,104

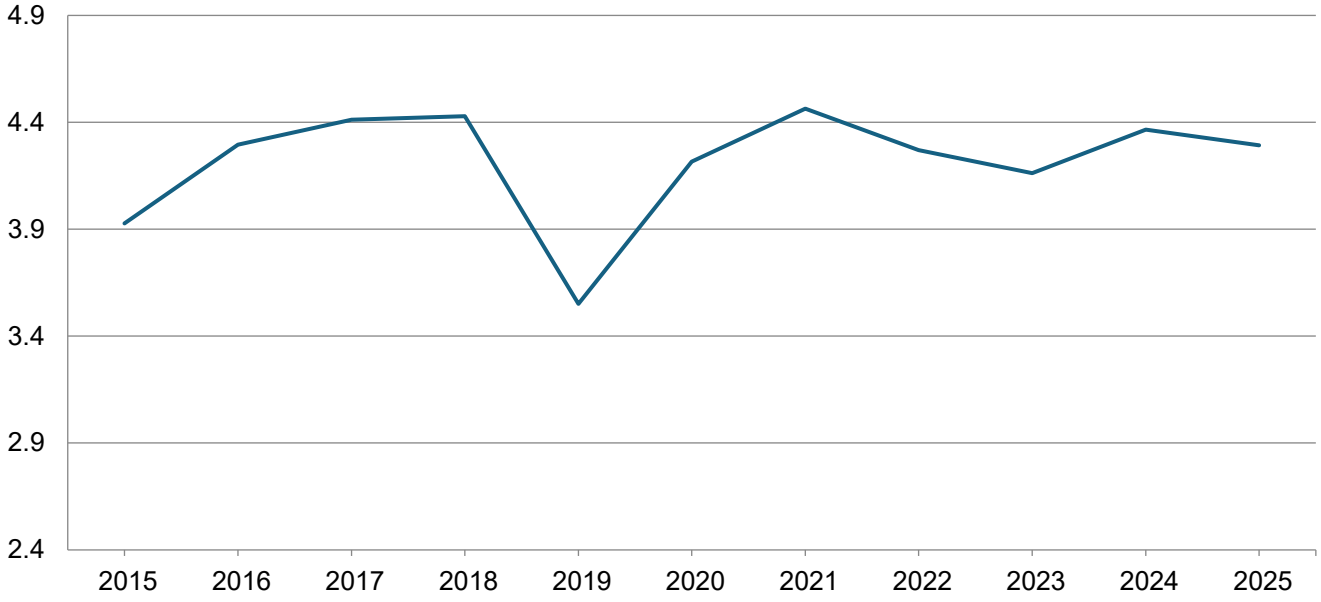
[1] Forecasted.

Soybeans for Beans Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	350	280	31.0	39.0	10,850	10,920
Arkansas	3,020	2,570	55.0	56.0	166,100	143,920
Delaware	153	143	45.0	53.0	6,885	7,579
Georgia	162	152	47.0	55.0	7,614	8,360
Illinois	10,750	10,250	64.0	65.0	688,000	666,250
Indiana	5,780	5,380	59.0	62.0	341,020	333,560
Iowa	9,960	9,330	60.0	63.0	597,600	587,790
Kansas	4,420	4,050	35.0	36.0	154,700	145,800
Kentucky	2,040	1,790	48.0	52.0	97,920	93,080
Louisiana	1,060	760	52.0	53.0	55,120	40,280
Maryland	485	455	44.0	49.0	21,340	22,295
Michigan	2,180	2,030	49.0	52.0	106,820	105,560
Minnesota	7,320	6,930	45.0	53.0	329,400	367,290
Mississippi	2,270	1,770	56.0	57.0	127,120	100,890
Missouri	5,840	5,540	49.0	53.0	286,160	293,620
Nebraska	5,240	4,750	57.5	57.0	301,300	270,750
New Jersey	103	98	43.0	42.0	4,429	4,116
New York	365	310	51.0	50.0	18,615	15,500
North Carolina	1,610	1,630	39.0	40.0	62,790	65,200
North Dakota	6,550	6,550	37.5	36.0	245,625	235,800
Ohio	5,030	4,880	50.0	57.0	251,500	278,160
Oklahoma	405	330	20.0	25.0	8,100	8,250
Pennsylvania	600	550	45.0	47.0	27,000	25,850
South Carolina	380	355	34.0	37.0	12,920	13,135
South Dakota	5,380	5,060	43.0	47.0	231,340	237,820
Tennessee	1,800	1,520	42.0	50.0	75,600	76,000
Texas	77	81	32.0	21.0	2,464	1,701
Virginia	600	590	44.0	48.0	26,400	28,320
Wisconsin	2,120	1,970	48.0	53.0	101,760	104,410
United States	86,050	80,104	50.7	53.6	4,366,492	4,292,206

Soybean Production – United States

Billion bushels



Peanut Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024 and 2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	190.0	195.0	188.0	192.0
Arkansas	45.0	47.0	44.0	46.0
Florida	165.0	175.0	157.0	167.0
Georgia	850.0	915.0	845.0	910.0
Mississippi	26.0	21.0	25.0	20.0
Missouri	24.0	25.0	23.0	24.0
North Carolina	130.0	140.0	129.0	139.0
Oklahoma	19.0	20.0	18.0	19.0
South Carolina	82.0	90.0	79.0	86.0
Texas	240.0	280.0	220.0	252.0
Virginia	30.0	33.0	30.0	33.0
United States	1,801.0	1,941.0	1,758.0	1,888.0

[1] Forecasted.

Peanut Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Alabama	188.0	192.0	3,000	3,100	564,000	595,200
Arkansas	44.0	46.0	5,500	5,000	242,000	230,000
Florida	157.0	167.0	3,500	3,800	549,500	634,600
Georgia	845.0	910.0	3,800	4,000	3,211,000	3,640,000
Mississippi	25.0	20.0	3,700	4,000	92,500	80,000
Missouri	23.0	24.0	5,440	5,000	125,120	120,000
North Carolina	129.0	139.0	4,400	4,200	567,600	583,800
Oklahoma	18.0	19.0	4,200	4,300	75,600	81,700
South Carolina	79.0	86.0	3,800	4,000	300,200	344,000
Texas	220.0	252.0	2,600	3,100	572,000	781,200
Virginia	30.0	33.0	4,950	4,700	148,500	155,100
United States	1,758.0	1,888.0	3,668	3,838	6,448,020	7,245,600

Cotton Area Planted and Harvested by Type – States and United States: 2024 and 2025

[Includes updates to planted area previously published]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Upland				
Alabama	400.0	290.0	396.0	285.0
Arizona	96.0	90.0	95.0	89.0
Arkansas	650.0	520.0	640.0	515.0
California	21.0	18.0	20.7	17.7
Florida	85.0	62.0	82.0	60.0
Georgia	1,100.0	840.0	1,080.0	830.0
Kansas	131.0	105.0	124.0	90.0
Louisiana	155.0	90.0	148.0	84.0
Mississippi	520.0	330.0	515.0	325.0
Missouri	400.0	350.0	380.0	335.0
New Mexico	42.0	28.0	28.0	19.0
North Carolina	410.0	280.0	400.0	270.0
Oklahoma	435.0	385.0	185.0	270.0
South Carolina	225.0	170.0	221.0	167.0
Tennessee	265.0	205.0	250.0	190.0
Texas	5,950.0	5,300.0	2,950.0	3,600.0
Virginia	91.0	73.0	90.0	72.0
United States	10,976.0	9,136.0	7,604.7	7,218.7
American Pima				
Arizona	14.0	16.0	14.0	15.5
California	145.0	90.0	142.0	89.0
New Mexico	15.0	13.0	14.5	12.7
Texas	33.0	22.0	30.0	20.0
United States	207.0	141.0	200.5	137.2
All				
Alabama	400.0	290.0	396.0	285.0
Arizona	110.0	106.0	109.0	104.5
Arkansas	650.0	520.0	640.0	515.0
California	166.0	108.0	162.7	106.7
Florida	85.0	62.0	82.0	60.0
Georgia	1,100.0	840.0	1,080.0	830.0
Kansas	131.0	105.0	124.0	90.0
Louisiana	155.0	90.0	148.0	84.0
Mississippi	520.0	330.0	515.0	325.0
Missouri	400.0	350.0	380.0	335.0
New Mexico	57.0	41.0	42.5	31.7
North Carolina	410.0	280.0	400.0	270.0
Oklahoma	435.0	385.0	185.0	270.0
South Carolina	225.0	170.0	221.0	167.0
Tennessee	265.0	205.0	250.0	190.0
Texas	5,983.0	5,322.0	2,980.0	3,620.0
Virginia	91.0	73.0	90.0	72.0
United States	11,183.0	9,277.0	7,805.2	7,355.9

[1] Forecasted.

Cotton Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

Type and State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production [1]	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 bales) [2]	(1,000 bales) [2]
Upland						
Alabama	396.0	285.0	816	783	673.0	465.0
Arizona	95.0	89.0	1,299	1,294	257.0	240.0
Arkansas	640.0	515.0	1,341	1,305	1,788.0	1,400.0
California	20.7	17.7	1,739	1,492	75.0	55.0
Florida	82.0	60.0	697	480	119.0	60.0
Georgia	1,080.0	830.0	858	867	1,930.0	1,500.0
Kansas	124.0	90.0	778	747	201.0	140.0
Louisiana	148.0	84.0	1,070	914	330.0	160.0
Mississippi	515.0	325.0	1,157	1,255	1,241.0	850.0
Missouri	380.0	335.0	1,320	1,333	1,045.0	930.0
New Mexico	28.0	19.0	703	758	41.0	30.0
North Carolina	400.0	270.0	942	1,084	785.0	610.0
Oklahoma	185.0	270.0	701	836	270.0	470.0
South Carolina	221.0	167.0	860	790	396.0	275.0
Tennessee	250.0	190.0	1,052	1,061	548.0	420.0
Texas	2,950.0	3,600.0	656	680	4,030.0	5,100.0
Virginia	90.0	72.0	1,136	967	213.0	145.0
United States	7,604.7	7,218.7	880	854	13,942.0	12,850.0
American Pima						
Arizona	14.0	15.5	1,029	1,053	30.0	34.0
California	142.0	89.0	1,237	1,456	366.0	270.0
New Mexico	14.5	12.7	794	756	24.0	20.0
Texas	30.0	20.0	816	960	51.0	40.0
United States	200.5	137.2	1,128	1,273	471.0	364.0
All						
Alabama	396.0	285.0	816	783	673.0	465.0
Arizona	109.0	104.5	1,264	1,259	287.0	274.0
Arkansas	640.0	515.0	1,341	1,305	1,788.0	1,400.0
California	162.7	106.7	1,301	1,462	441.0	325.0
Florida	82.0	60.0	697	480	119.0	60.0
Georgia	1,080.0	830.0	858	867	1,930.0	1,500.0
Kansas	124.0	90.0	778	747	201.0	140.0
Louisiana	148.0	84.0	1,070	914	330.0	160.0
Mississippi	515.0	325.0	1,157	1,255	1,241.0	850.0
Missouri	380.0	335.0	1,320	1,333	1,045.0	930.0
New Mexico	42.5	31.7	734	757	65.0	50.0
North Carolina	400.0	270.0	942	1,084	785.0	610.0
Oklahoma	185.0	270.0	701	836	270.0	470.0
South Carolina	221.0	167.0	860	790	396.0	275.0
Tennessee	250.0	190.0	1,052	1,061	548.0	420.0
Texas	2,980.0	3,620.0	657	682	4,081.0	5,140.0
Virginia	90.0	72.0	1,136	967	213.0	145.0
United States	7,805.2	7,355.9	886	862	14,413.0	13,214.0

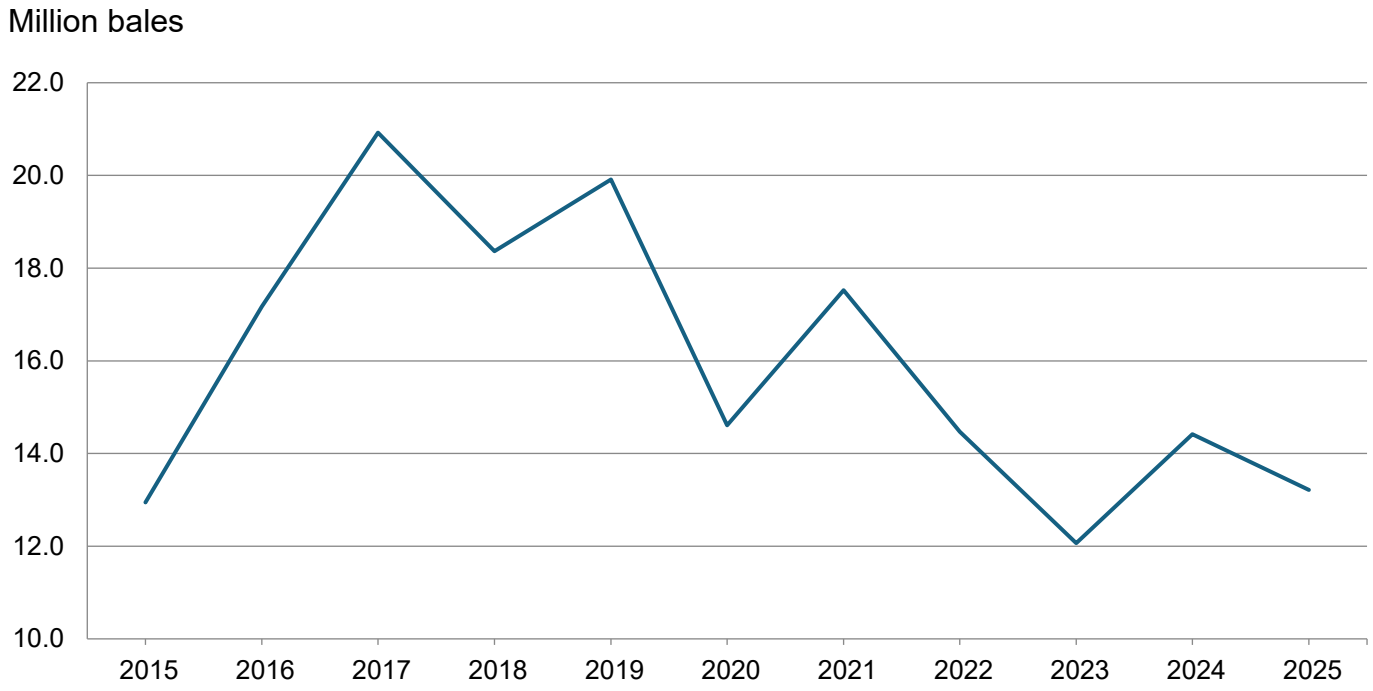
[1] Production ginned and to be ginned.
[2] 480-pound net weight bales.

Cottonseed Production – United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Production	
	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
United States	4,262.0	3,999.0

[1] Based on a 3-year average lint-seed ratio.

Cotton Production - United States



Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024 and 2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Excludes beans grown for garden seed and chickpeas]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Colorado	52.0	39.0	48.0	37.3
Idaho	45.0	40.0	44.7	39.6
Michigan	250.0	250.0	248.0	248.0
Minnesota	280.0	300.0	274.4	295.0
Nebraska	130.0	110.0	122.8	105.0
North Dakota	730.0	600.0	720.0	590.0
Washington	46.0	50.0	45.7	49.6
United States	1,533.0	1,389.0	1,503.6	1,364.5

[1] Forecasted.

Dry Edible Bean Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

[Excludes beans grown for garden seed and chickpeas]

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre [1]		Production [1]	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Colorado	48.0	37.3	1,940	1,720	929	642
Idaho	44.7	39.6	2,650	2,350	1,186	931
Michigan	248.0	248.0	2,430	2,550	6,024	6,324
Minnesota	274.4	295.0	2,140	2,070	5,880	6,107
Nebraska	122.8	105.0	2,260	2,750	2,779	2,888
North Dakota	720.0	590.0	1,830	2,000	13,208	11,800
Washington	45.7	49.6	2,810	2,750	1,283	1,364
United States	1,503.6	1,364.5	2,081	2,203	31,289	30,056

[1] Clean basis.

Sugarbeet Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2024 and 2025

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

State	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025 [1]
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
California	28.3	-	28.0	-
Colorado	24.8	24.0	23.5	22.5
Idaho	173.2	169.0	173.1	167.0
Michigan	135.2	134.0	134.3	133.0
Minnesota	411.0	423.0	400.6	417.0
Montana	24.6	24.0	24.3	23.9
Nebraska	47.3	48.0	46.7	46.0
North Dakota	215.8	213.0	211.9	212.0
Oregon	10.5	10.0	10.4	9.9
Washington	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0
Wyoming	31.7	32.0	30.8	31.3
United States	1,104.3	1,079.0	1,085.5	1,064.6

- Represents zero.
[1] Forecasted.

Sugarbeet Area Harvested, Yield, and Production — States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

[Relates to year of intended harvest in all States except California]

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California [1]	28.0	-	47.2	(X)	1,322	-
Colorado	23.5	22.5	32.1	31.2	754	702
Idaho	173.1	167.0	40.0	41.2	6,924	6,880
Michigan	134.3	133.0	30.6	33.6	4,110	4,469
Minnesota	400.6	417.0	29.5	30.4	11,818	12,677
Montana	24.3	23.9	32.3	36.2	785	865
Nebraska	46.7	46.0	30.5	29.5	1,424	1,357
North Dakota	211.9	212.0	31.5	31.1	6,675	6,593
Oregon	10.4	9.9	41.0	41.5	426	411
Washington	1.9	2.0	49.5	48.7	94	97
Wyoming	30.8	31.3	30.7	31.1	946	973
United States	1,085.5	1,064.6	32.5	32.9	35,278	35,024

- Represents zero.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Relates to year of planting for overwintered beets in southern California.

Sugarcane for Sugar and Seed Area Harvested, Yield, and Production - States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre [1]		Production [1]	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Florida	396.7	404.0	45.4	42.4	18,020	17,130
Louisiana	523.3	525.0	31.3	32.0	16,361	16,800
United States	920.0	929.0	37.4	36.5	34,381	33,930

[1] Net tons.

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Kentucky	32,800	29,800	2,298	2,268	75,365	67,600
North Carolina	114,000	119,000	1,800	2,100	205,200	249,900
Tennessee	8,250	7,500	2,332	2,413	19,235	18,100
Virginia	12,400	13,400	2,050	2,300	25,420	30,820
United States	167,450	169,700	1,942	2,159	325,220	366,420

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class and Type – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

Class, type, and State	Area harvested		Yield per acre			Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025		2024	2025
				July 1	August 1		
	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Class 1, Flue-cured (11-14)							
North Carolina	114,000	119,000	1,800	2,250	2,100	205,200	249,900
Virginia	12,400	13,400	2,050	2,400	2,300	25,420	30,820
United States	126,400	132,400	1,825	2,264	2,120	230,620	280,720
Class 2, Fire-cured (21-23)							
Kentucky	4,700	3,200	3,350	(NA)	3,100	15,745	9,920
Tennessee	3,700	3,000	3,000	(NA)	3,200	11,100	9,600
United States	8,400	6,200	3,196	(NA)	3,148	26,845	19,520
Class 3A, Light air-cured							
Type 31, Burley							
Kentucky	25,000	24,000	2,050	(NA)	2,100	51,250	50,400
Tennessee	3,600	3,700	1,600	(NA)	1,800	5,760	6,660
United States	28,600	27,700	1,993	(NA)	2,060	57,010	57,060
Class 3B, Dark air-cured (35-37)							
Kentucky	3,100	2,600	2,700	(NA)	2,800	8,370	7,280
Tennessee	950	800	2,500	(NA)	2,300	2,375	1,840
United States	4,050	3,400	2,653	(NA)	2,682	10,745	9,120
All tobacco							
United States	167,450	169,700	1,942	(NA)	2,159	325,220	366,420

(NA) Not available.

Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Idaho	5,797	5,084	2,273	2,100	13,178.8	10,676.4
Oregon	5,635	5,514	1,732	1,700	9,759.3	9,373.8
Washington	33,361	31,340	1,922	1,980	64,134.1	62,053.2
United States	44,793	41,938	1,944	1,958	87,072.2	82,103.4

Commercial Apple Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Total production	
	2024	2025
	(million pounds)	(million pounds)
California	157.0	160.0
Michigan	1,145.0	1,100.0
New York	1,290.0	1,450.0
Oregon	120.0	165.0
Pennsylvania	431.0	430.0
Virginia	230.0	165.0
Washington	7,480.0	8,000.0
United States	10,853.0	11,470.0

Cranberry Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

[A barrel weighs 100 lbs]

State	Total production	
	2024	2025
	(barrels)	(barrels)
Massachusetts	2,245,000	1,750,000
New Jersey	588,000	520,000
Oregon	623,000	560,000
Wisconsin	5,490,000	5,300,000
United States	8,946,000	8,130,000

Grape Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Total production	
	2024	2025
	(tons)	(tons)
California	4,880,000	4,980,000
Raisin [1]	1,010,000	1,000,000
Table [1]	980,000	980,000
Wine	2,890,000	3,000,000
New York	136,000	220,000
Oregon	84,800	110,000
Washington	303,000	280,000
Juice	151,500	160,000
Wine	151,500	120,000
United States	5,403,800	5,590,000

[1] Fresh basis.

Peach Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Total production	
	2024	2025
	(tons)	(tons)
California	529,000	520,000
Clingstone	231,000	230,000
Freestone	298,000	290,000
Colorado	12,000	12,500
Georgia	37,200	30,000
Michigan	9,900	8,500
New Jersey	14,700	11,000
Pennsylvania	14,800	15,500
South Carolina	91,600	85,000
United States	709,200	682,500

Pear Production – States and United States: 2024 and Forecasted August 1, 2025

State	Total production	
	2024	2025
	(tons)	(tons)
California	118,500	135,000
Oregon	200,000	210,000
Washington	192,000	280,000
United States	510,500	625,000

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2024 and 2025

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Grains and hay				
Barley	2,373	2,281	1,875	1,812
Corn for grain [1]	90,594	97,254	82,896	88,691
Corn for silage	(NA)		6,100	
Hay, all	(NA)	(NA)	49,390	49,725
Alfalfa	(NA)	(NA)	14,612	14,192
All other	(NA)	(NA)	34,778	35,533
Oats	2,213	2,343	886	843
Proso millet	481	410	427	
Rice	2,910	2,790	2,867	2,730
Rye	2,206	2,415	402	385
Sorghum for grain [1]	6,300	6,605	5,605	5,675
Sorghum for silage	(NA)		306	
Wheat, all	46,079	45,391	38,469	36,564
Winter	33,390	33,215	26,103	24,735
Durum	2,064	2,186	2,036	2,139
Other spring	10,625	9,990	10,330	9,690
Oilseeds				
Canola	2,751.5	2,388.0	2,710.0	2,349.0
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Flaxseed	148	375	140	348
Mustard seed	185.0	165.0	176.9	155.8
Peanuts	1,801.0	1,941.0	1,758.0	1,888.0
Rapeseed	17.5	20.1	15.7	18.0
Safflower	116.6	130.0	108.0	122.0
Soybeans for beans	87,050	80,925	86,050	80,104
Sunflower	720.8	998.0	686.1	957.7
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all	11,183.0	9,277.0	7,805.2	7,355.9
Upland	10,976.0	9,136.0	7,604.7	7,218.7
American Pima	207.0	141.0	200.5	137.2
Sugarbeets	1,104.3	1,079.0	1,085.5	1,064.6
Sugarcane	(NA)	(NA)	920.0	929.0
Tobacco	(NA)	(NA)	167.5	169.7
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	502.0	540.0	492.4	522.8
Dry edible beans	1,533.0	1,389.0	1,503.6	1,364.5
Dry edible peas	976.0	1,070.0	939.9	1,024.0
Lentils	936.0	1,010.0	903.0	964.0
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	(NA)	(NA)	44.8	41.9
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mushrooms	(NA)		(NA)	
Peppermint oil	(NA)		23.2	
Potatoes	930.0	912.0	925.4	905.9
Spearmint oil	(NA)		10.3	

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2024 and 2025 (continued)

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop		Yield per acre		Production	
		2024	2025	2024	2025
				(1,000)	(1,000)
Grains and hay					
Barley	bushels	76.7	77.9	143,836	141,171
Corn for grain	bushels	179.3	188.8	14,866,744	16,741,644
Corn for silage	tons	20.2		123,093	
Hay, all	tons	2.48	2.48	122,462	123,500
Alfalfa	tons	3.41	3.51	49,840	49,748
All other	tons	2.09	2.08	72,622	73,752
Oats	bushels	76.5	76.2	67,793	64,264
Proso millet	bushels	32.9		14,061	
Rice [2]	cwt	7,748	7,636	222,133	208,464
Rye	bushels	36.6		14,729	
Sorghum for grain	bushels	61.3	69.0	343,850	391,495
Sorghum for silage	tons	13.3		4,062	
Wheat, all	bushels	51.2	52.7	1,971,301	1,927,026
Winter	bushels	51.7	54.8	1,348,930	1,355,135
Durum	bushels	39.3	40.9	80,051	87,411
Other spring	bushels	52.5	50.0	542,320	484,480
Oilseeds					
Canola	pounds	1,784		4,834,030	
Cottonseed	tons	(X)	(X)	4,262.0	3,999.0
Flaxseed	bushels	17.3		2,420	
Mustard seed	pounds	577		102,015	
Peanuts	pounds	3,668	3,838	6,448,020	7,245,600
Rapeseed	pounds	2,019		31,705	
Safflower	pounds	1,200		129,585	
Soybeans for beans	bushels	50.7	53.6	4,366,492	4,292,206
Sunflower	pounds	1,670		1,145,605	
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops					
Cotton, all [2]	bales	886	862	14,413.0	13,214.0
Upland [2]	bales	880	854	13,942.0	12,850.0
American Pima [2]	bales	1,128	1,273	471.0	364.0
Sugarbeets	tons	32.5	32.9	35,278	35,024
Sugarcane	tons	37.4	36.5	34,381	33,930
Tobacco	pounds	1,942	2,159	325,220	366,420
Dry beans, peas, and lentils					
Chickpeas [2]	cwt	1,144		5,632	
Dry edible beans [2]	cwt	2,081	2,203	31,289	30,056
Dry edible peas [2]	cwt	1,775		16,679	
Lentils [2]	cwt	1,002		9,049	
Potatoes and miscellaneous					
Hops	pounds	1,944	1,958	87,072.2	82,103.4
Maple syrup	gallons	(NA)	(NA)	5,860	5,771
Mushrooms	pounds	(NA)		658,739	
Peppermint oil	pounds	103		2,391	
Potatoes	cwt	454		420,242	
Spearmint oil	pounds	132		1,357	

(NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Area planted for all purposes.
[2] Yield in pounds.

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units – United States: 2024 and 2025

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Area planted		Area harvested	
	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(hectares)	(hectares)	(hectares)	(hectares)
Grains and hay				
Barley	960,330	923,100	758,790	733,300
Corn for grain [1]	36,662,490	39,357,720	33,547,180	35,892,360
Corn for silage	(NA)		2,468,610	
Hay, all [2]	(NA)	(NA)	19,987,640	20,123,210
Alfalfa	(NA)	(NA)	5,913,330	5,743,360
All other	(NA)	(NA)	14,074,310	14,379,850
Oats	895,580	948,190	358,560	341,150
Proso millet	194,660	165,920	172,800	
Rice	1,177,650	1,129,090	1,160,250	1,104,800
Rye	892,750	977,330	162,690	155,810
Sorghum for grain [1]	2,549,550	2,672,980	2,268,290	2,296,620
Sorghum for silage	(NA)		123,840	
Wheat, all [2]	18,647,710	18,369,280	15,568,020	14,797,090
Winter	13,512,600	13,441,780	10,563,620	10,010,010
Durum	835,280	884,650	823,950	865,630
Other spring	4,299,830	4,042,850	4,180,450	3,921,450
Oilseeds				
Canola	1,113,500	966,400	1,096,710	950,620
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Flaxseed	59,890	151,760	56,660	140,830
Mustard seed	74,870	66,770	71,590	63,050
Peanuts	728,850	785,500	711,450	764,050
Rapeseed	7,080	8,130	6,350	7,280
Safflower	47,190	52,610	43,710	49,370
Soybeans for beans	35,228,260	32,749,540	34,823,570	32,417,290
Sunflower	291,700	403,880	277,660	387,570
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all [2]	4,525,650	3,754,310	3,158,690	2,976,860
Upland	4,441,880	3,697,250	3,077,550	2,921,340
American Pima	83,770	57,060	81,140	55,520
Sugarbeets	446,900	436,660	439,290	430,830
Sugarcane	(NA)	(NA)	372,310	375,960
Tobacco	(NA)	(NA)	67,770	68,680
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	203,150	218,530	199,270	211,570
Dry edible beans	620,390	562,110	608,490	552,200
Dry edible peas	394,980	433,020	380,370	414,400
Lentils	378,790	408,740	365,440	390,120
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	(NA)	(NA)	18,130	16,970
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mushrooms	(NA)		(NA)	
Peppermint oil	(NA)		9,390	
Potatoes	376,360	369,080	374,500	366,610
Spearmint oil	(NA)		4,170	

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units – United States: 2024 and 2025 (continued)

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Yield per hectare		Production	
	2024	2025	2024	2025
	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	(metric tons)
Grains and hay				
Barley	4.13	4.19	3,131,660	3,073,640
Corn for grain	11.26	11.85	377,632,690	425,257,350
Corn for silage	45.24		111,668,090	
Hay, all [2]	5.56	5.57	111,095,660	112,037,320
Alfalfa	7.65	7.86	45,214,090	45,130,630
All other	4.68	4.65	65,881,570	66,906,690
Oats	2.74	2.73	984,010	932,790
Proso millet	1.85		318,900	
Rice	8.68	8.56	10,075,780	9,455,770
Rye	2.30		374,130	
Sorghum for grain	3.85	4.33	8,734,190	9,944,430
Sorghum for silage	29.76		3,684,980	
Wheat, all [2]	3.45	3.54	53,650,020	52,445,050
Winter	3.48	3.68	36,711,860	36,880,730
Durum	2.64	2.75	2,178,630	2,378,940
Other spring	3.53	3.36	14,759,530	13,185,380
Oilseeds				
Canola	2.00		2,192,680	
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	3,866,420	3,627,830
Flaxseed	1.08		61,470	
Mustard seed	0.65		46,270	
Peanuts	4.11	4.30	2,924,770	3,286,550
Rapeseed	2.26		14,380	
Safflower	1.34		58,780	
Soybeans for beans	3.41	3.60	118,836,440	116,814,700
Sunflower	1.87		519,640	
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all [2]	0.99	0.97	3,138,060	2,877,010
Upland	0.99	0.96	3,035,510	2,797,760
American Pima	1.26	1.43	102,550	79,250
Sugarbeets	72.85	73.75	32,003,660	31,773,240
Sugarcane	83.77	81.87	31,189,920	30,780,780
Tobacco	2.18	2.42	147,520	166,210
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	1.28		255,460	
Dry edible beans	2.33	2.47	1,419,250	1,363,320
Dry edible peas	1.99		756,550	
Lentils	1.12		410,460	
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
Hops	2.18	2.19	39,500	37,240
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	29,300	28,860
Mushrooms	(NA)		298,800	
Peppermint oil	0.12		1,080	
Potatoes	50.90		19,061,860	
Spearmint oil	0.15		620	

(NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.
[1] Area planted for all purposes.
[2] Total may not add due to rounding.

Fruits and Nuts Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2024 and 2025

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year, except citrus which is for the 2024-2025 season. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop		Production	
		2024	2025
Citrus [1]			
Grapefruit	1,000 tons	328	307
Lemons	1,000 tons	1,018	1,155
Oranges	1,000 tons	2,679	2,544
Tangerines and mandarins	1,000 tons	1,109	1,139
Noncitrus			
Apples, commercial	million pounds	10,853.0	11,470.0
Apricots	tons	34,300	30,700
Avocados	tons	197,070	
Blueberries, Cultivated	1,000 pounds	795,300	
Blueberries, Wild (Maine)	1,000 pounds	90,900	
Cherries, Sweet	tons	367,200	383,000
Cherries, Tart	million pounds	214.8	138.5
Coffee (Hawaii)	1,000 pounds	25,270	
Cranberries	barrel	8,946,000	8,130,000
Dates	tons	62,450	
Grapes	tons	5,403,800	5,590,000
Kiwifruit (California)	tons	35,400	
Nectarines (California)	tons	128,500	
Olives (California)	tons	162,500	
Papayas (Hawaii)	1,000 pounds	11,000	
Peaches	tons	709,200	682,500
Pears	tons	510,500	625,000
Plums (California)	tons	91,300	
Prunes (California)	tons	234,300	
Raspberries	1,000 pounds	180,960	
Strawberries	1,000 cwt	32,320.0	
Nuts and miscellaneous			
Almonds, shelled (California)	1,000 pounds	2,730,000	3,000,000
Hazelnuts, in-shell (Oregon)	tons	96,800	
Macadamias (Hawaii)	1,000 pounds	35,900	
Pecans, in-shell	1,000 pounds	264,980	
Pistachios (California)	1,000 pounds	1,100,000	
Walnuts, in-shell (California)	tons	603,000	

[1] Production years are 2023-2024 and 2024-2025.

Fruits and Nuts Production in Metric Units – United States: 2024 and 2025

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2025 crop year, except citrus which is for the 2024-2025 season. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Production	
	2024	2025
	(metric tons)	(metric tons)
Citrus [1]		
Grapefruit	297,560	278,510
Lemons	923,510	1,047,800
Oranges	2,430,350	2,307,880
Tangerines and mandarins	1,006,070	1,033,280
Noncitrus		
Apples, commercial	4,922,840	5,202,700
Apricots	31,120	27,850
Avocados	178,780	
Blueberries, Cultivated	360,740	
Blueberries, Wild (Maine)	41,230	
Cherries, Sweet	333,120	347,450
Cherries, Tart	97,430	62,820
Coffee (Hawaii)	11,460	
Cranberries	405,780	368,770
Dates	56,650	
Grapes	4,902,240	5,071,160
Kiwifruit (California)	32,110	
Nectarines (California)	116,570	
Olives (California)	147,420	
Papayas (Hawaii)	4,990	
Peaches	643,380	619,150
Pears	463,120	566,990
Plums (California)	82,830	
Prunes (California)	212,550	
Raspberries	82,080	
Strawberries	1,466,010	
Nuts and miscellaneous		
Almonds, shelled (California)	1,238,310	1,360,780
Hazelnuts, in-shell (Oregon)	87,820	
Macadamias (Hawaii)	16,280	
Pecans, in-shell	120,190	
Pistachios (California)	498,950	
Walnuts, in-shell (California)	547,030	

[1] Production years are 2023-2024 and 2024-2025.

Winter Wheat for Grain Objective Yield Data

The National Agricultural Statistics Service is conducting objective yield surveys in 10 winter wheat-producing States during 2025. Randomly selected plots in winter wheat for grain fields are visited monthly from May through harvest to obtain specific counts and measurements. Data in these tables are based on counts from this survey.

Winter Wheat Objective Yield Percent of Samples Processed in the Lab – United States: 2021-2025

Year	June	July	August
	Mature [1]	Mature [1]	Mature [1]
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
2021	7	64	97
2022	14	64	91
2023	9	52	94
2024	21	70	93
2025	8	58	94

[1] Includes winter wheat in the hard dough stage or beyond and are considered mature or almost mature.

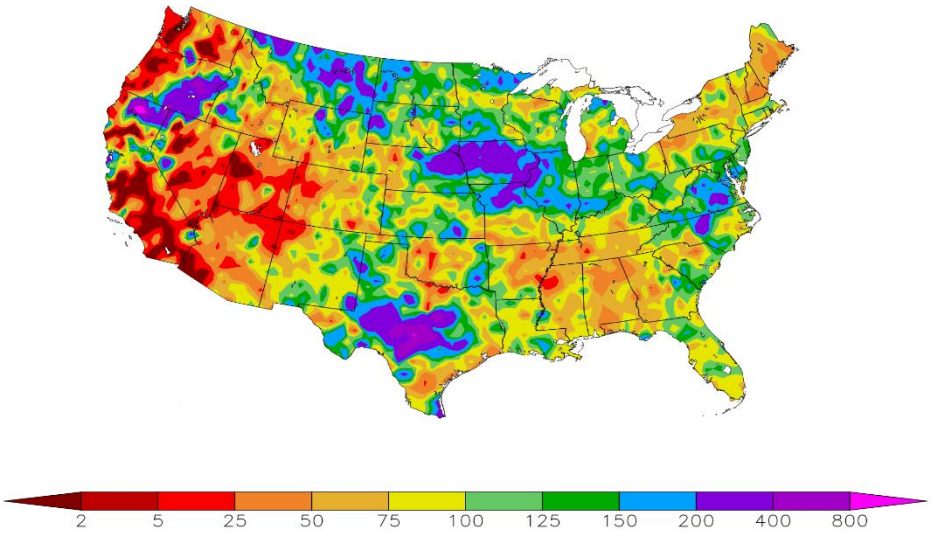
Winter Wheat Heads per Square Foot – Selected States: 2021-2025

[Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

State	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 [1]
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Colorado					
July	49.9	40.8	41.5	39.8	51.7
August	46.8	39.7	48.4	40.9	49.8
Final	46.8	39.7	48.4	40.9	
Illinois					
July	63.3	63.1	58.3	63.1	63.4
August	63.4	62.9	58.3	61.0	63.4
Final	63.4	62.9	58.3	61.0	
Kansas					
July	51.4	40.7	37.3	42.1	51.3
August	51.4	40.7	38.5	41.1	51.2
Final	51.4	40.7	38.5	41.1	
Missouri					
July	55.4	55.5	48.1	57.0	57.7
August	55.4	55.5	48.1	56.9	57.7
Final	55.4	55.5	48.1	56.6	
Montana					
July	40.2	36.0	44.3	47.2	46.5
August	38.9	38.2	44.8	47.2	47.1
Final	38.9	38.3	44.8	47.2	
Nebraska					
July	47.7	45.1	45.7	61.3	51.7
August	47.0	45.4	43.2	60.6	52.1
Final	47.0	45.4	43.2	60.6	
Ohio					
July	66.7	55.1	57.9	61.5	58.7
August	66.5	55.0	57.7	60.6	58.7
Final	66.5	55.0	57.7	60.6	
Oklahoma					
July	38.2	35.2	40.2	36.3	37.8
August	38.2	35.3	40.2	35.1	37.8
Final	38.2	35.3	40.2	35.1	
Texas					
July	32.1	29.0	31.2	30.8	35.2
August	31.3	28.8	31.3	31.2	34.8
Final	31.3	28.9	31.7	31.2	
Washington					
July	33.3	40.3	31.7	39.0	37.8
August	33.4	41.0	31.9	38.0	36.8
Final	33.4	41.1	31.9	37.9	
10 State					
July	45.5	40.6	39.7	42.3	46.9
August	45.0	40.8	40.7	41.8	46.6
Final	45.0	40.8	40.8	41.8	

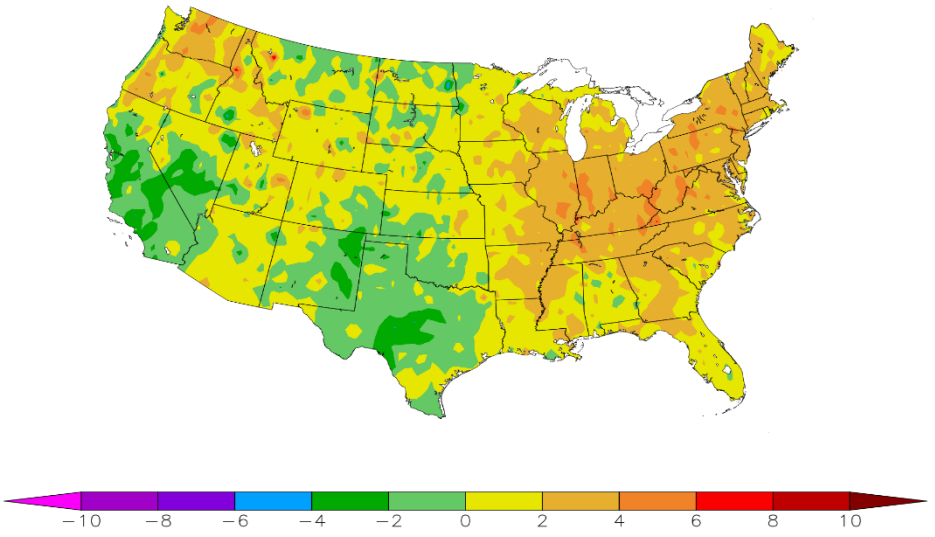
[1] Final head counts will be published in the *Small Grains 2025 Summary*.

Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



ACIS Web Services

Departure from Normal Temperature (F)
7/1/2025 – 7/31/2025



ACIS Web Services

July Weather Summary

Highlights: Horrific and deadly flooding along the Guadalupe River and its tributaries struck on July 4, amid complex atmospheric interplay over central Texas between the remnants of Atlantic Basin Tropical Storm Barry and a disturbance laced with tropical moisture originating over the eastern Pacific Basin. Downpours and resultant flash flooding in the Hill Country of Texas developed as Independence Day activities were well underway, leaving flood-prone waterways lined with visitors and campers. Flooding resulted in approximately 135 fatalities, of which at least 117 occurred in Kerr County, Texas. Following the initial blast of heavy rain on July 3-4, another deluge struck a little farther north in central Texas on July 4-5, with several locations in Bertram County and environs receiving more than 10 inches of rain in less than 24 hours. Soon after, Tropical Storm Chantal made landfall on July 6 near Litchfield Beach, South Carolina. Some of Chantal's heaviest rain, locally 6 to 10 inches or more, fell in north-central North Carolina on July 6-7, leading to locally significant flooding.

More broadly, most areas east of the Rockies received abundant rainfall for the second month in a row, maintaining mostly favorable growing conditions for a variety of summer crops. By August-3, nearly three-quarters (73 percent) of the Nation's corn and 69 percent of the soybeans were rated in good to excellent condition, with both crops mostly progressing through the reproductive to filling stage of development. On that date, 42 percent of the Nation's corn was in the dough stage or beyond, while 58 percent of the soybeans had set pods. Generally favorable crop conditions on August 3 were also noted across the Plains and South, with good to excellent ratings reported for 78 percent of the rice, 73 percent of the peanuts, 66 percent of the sorghum, and 55 percent of the cotton. Farther north and west, however, lower crop conditions were mostly related to lingering drought impacts on the northern High Plains and emerging impacts in the Northwest. By August 3, less than one-half of the barley (42 percent) and spring wheat (48 percent) was rated in good to excellent condition. Washington led the Nation on August 3 with 50 percent of its barley rated very poor to poor, along with 48 percent of its spring wheat. Trailing closely for spring wheat rated in very poor to poor condition was Montana, with 47 percent of its crop in those two categories.

Western drought concerns included not only stress on rangeland, pastures, and dryland crops, but also heavy irrigation demands and an elevated wildfire threat. The Nation's largest wildfire during the first 7 months of 2025 was the 132,000-acre Dragon Bravo Fire, sparked by lightning in northern Arizona on July 4. More than 110 structures, including the historic Grand Canyon Lodge, were destroyed by the Dragon Bravo Fire. In north-central Oregon, the Cram Fire burned more than 95,000 acres in less than 2 weeks, after being started on July 13. Meanwhile, 26 percent of the Nation's rangeland and pastures were reported to be in very poor to poor condition on August 3, with higher statewide values confined to South Carolina and nine Western States (all but California and Colorado). Among states with a large agricultural footprint, some of the lowest rangeland and pasture conditions on August 3 were observed in Montana (50 percent very poor to poor), Oregon (41 percent) and Washington (41 percent).

According to the *U.S. Drought Monitor*, drought coverage across the Lower 48 States decreased from 32.39 to 31.02 percent during the 4-week period ending July 29. However, improving conditions across parts of the Plains, peninsular Florida, and the upper Midwest were partially offset by developing or expanding drought across the Northwest and Intermountain West. Near the end of July, some Extreme to Exceptional Drought (D3 to D4) was noted in 10 of 11 Western States, led by Arizona (37 percent coverage), New Mexico (32 percent), Idaho (17 percent), and Washington (14 percent). Meanwhile, patchy dryness developed during July across the interior Southeast, amid hot weather and less consistent rainfall.

Monthly temperatures averaged at least 2 to 4°F above normal in many locations from the mid-South and lower Midwest to the Atlantic Coast. For some locations in the central Appalachians and neighboring regions, it was the hottest July and month on record—not because of extreme heat, but rather due to consistent warmth and elevated overnight temperatures. Some locations, including Huntington, West Virginia, experienced warmer-than-normal weather—based on daily average temperatures—every day during July. Overarching warmth also prevailed in the Northwest, but cooler-than-normal July weather was observed in several areas, including much of Montana and North Dakota, as well as southern sections of the Rockies and Plains.

Tornado activity seasonally waned, although nearly 100 twisters were spotted during July. For the first time since January, there were no tornado-related fatalities in the United States during the month, following 68 such deaths during the first

half of 2025. Through July, the year-to-date preliminary tally of nearly 1,400 tornadoes was approaching the 2004 annual record of 1,817. More than 1,500 tornadoes were reported in only three other years: 2008, 2011, and 2019. Despite fewer July tornadoes, thunderstorms remained active, as there were more than 3,000 reports of wind damage, many of them across the Plains, Midwest, and East.

July Agricultural Summary

July brought mixed conditions across key agricultural regions in the United States. Temperatures remained near normal in the northern and central Great Plains, while portions of the southern Great Plains experienced below-normal temperatures. Much of the eastern United States recorded temperatures ranging from 2˚F to 6˚F above normal for the month. The Southwest recorded near-normal temperatures, while parts of the Pacific Northwest were warmer than normal. Drier conditions prevailed across most of the Southwest, as well as parts of the Lower Mississippi Valley and northern Atlantic Coast States. In contrast, western and central parts of the Corn Belt, central Texas, northern Rockies, and Cascades received precipitation, with some locations recording up to 400 percent of normal for the month.

Eighteen percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the silking stage by July 6, four percentage points behind last year but 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Three percent of the corn crop was at the dough stage by July 6, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By July 20, fifty-six percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the silking stage, 2 percentage points behind both last year and the 5-year average. Fourteen percent of the Nation's corn crop was at the dough stage by July 20, two percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 3, eighty-eight percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the silking stage, 2 percentage points ahead of last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Forty-two percent of the Nation's corn crop was at the dough stage by August 3, two percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Six percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the dented stage by August 3, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. On August 3, seventy-three percent of the Nation's corn was rated in good to excellent condition, 6 percentage points above the same time last year.

By July 6, ninety-six percent of the soybean crop had emerged, 2 percentage points behind both last year and the 5-year average. Thirty-two percent of the Nation's soybean crop had reached the blooming stage by July 6, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Eight percent of the soybean crop had begun setting pods by July 6, equal to last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 20, sixty-two percent of the Nation's soybean crop had reached the blooming stage, 1 percentage point behind both last year and the 5-year average. Twenty-six percent of the soybean crop had begun setting pods by July 20, one percentage point behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 3, eighty-five percent of the Nation's soybean crop had reached the blooming stage, equal to last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Fifty-eight percent of the soybean crop had begun setting pods by August 3, one percentage point ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. On August 3, sixty-nine percent of the Nation's soybean crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 1 percentage point above the same time last year.

Fifty-three percent of the 2025 winter wheat acreage had been harvested by July 6, nine percent points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. By July 20, seventy-three percent of the Nation's winter wheat acreage had been harvested, 2 percentage points behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Eighty-six percent of the Nation's winter wheat acreage had been harvested by August 3, one percentage point behind both last year and the 5-year average. The 2025 winter wheat crop was at or beyond 95 percent harvested in 11 of the 18 estimating States by August 3.

By July 6, forty-eight percent of the Nation's cotton crop had reached the squaring stage, 3 percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Fourteen percent of the Nation's cotton crop was setting bolls by July 6, four percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. By July 20, seventy-one percent of the Nation's cotton crop had reached the squaring stage, 8 percentage points behind last year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Thirty-three percent of the Nation's cotton crop was setting bolls by July 20, seven percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 3, eighty-seven percent of the Nation's cotton crop had reached the squaring stage, 3 percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Fifty-five percent of the Nation's cotton crop was setting bolls by August 3, four percentage points

behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Five percent of the Nation's cotton had bolls opening by August 3, two percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. On August 3, fifty-five percent of the 2025 cotton crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 10 percentage points above the same time last year.

Ninety-six percent of the sorghum crop was planted by July 6, two percent points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Twenty-two percent of the Nation's sorghum had reached the headed stage by July 6, equal to last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Thirteen percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage had reached the coloring stage by July 6, equal to last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. By July 20, twenty-eight percent of the Nation's sorghum had reached the headed stage, 5 percentage points behind last year and 6 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Seventeen percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage had reached the coloring stage by July 20, two percentage points behind both last year and the 5-year average. By August 3, fifty-one percent of the Nation's sorghum had reached the headed stage, 10 percentage points behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Twenty-three percent of the Nation's sorghum crop had reached the coloring stage by August 3, two percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. On August 3, sixty-six percent of the Nation's sorghum crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 19 percentage points above the same time last year.

By July 6, twenty-five percent of the Nation's rice had reached the headed stage, 4 percentage points behind last year but 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Forty-six percent of the Nation's rice had reached the headed stage by July 20, ten percentage points behind last year but 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 3, seventy-five percent of the Nation's rice had reached the headed stage, 4 percentage points behind last year but 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Six percent of the Nation's rice acreage had been harvested by August 3, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. On August 3, seventy-eight percent of the Nation's rice crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 2 percentage points below the same time last year.

Eighty-five percent of the Nation's oat crop had headed by July 6, three percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By July 20, ninety-six percent of the Nation's oat crop had headed, 2 percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Twenty percent of the Nation's oat crop had been harvested by July 20, one percentage point behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 3, forty-one percent of the Nation's oat crop had been harvested, 4 percentage points behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. On August 3, fifty-eight percent of the Nation's oat crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 9 percentage points below the same time last year.

By July 6, fifty-four percent of the Nation's barley crop had headed, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Seventy-six percent of the Nation's barley crop had headed by July 20, seven percentage points behind last year and 11 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By August 3, ninety percent of the Nation's barley crop had headed, 6 percentage points behind last year and 8 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Five percent of the barley acreage had been harvested by August 3, one percentage point behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. On August 3, forty-two percent of the Nation's barley crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 30 percentage points below the same time last year.

Sixty-one percent of the Nation's spring wheat crop was headed by July 6, five percentage points ahead of last year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 20, eighty-seven percent of the Nation's spring wheat crop was headed, equal to last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. By August 3, ninety-five percent of the Nation's spring wheat crop was headed, 2 percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Five percent of the Nation's spring wheat acreage had been harvested by August 3, equal to last year but 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. On August 3, forty-eight percent of the Nation's spring wheat crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 26 percentage points below the same time last year.

By July 6, fifty-five percent of the 2025 Nation's peanut crop had reached the pegging stage, 1 percentage point behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Eighty percent of the Nation's peanut crop had reached the pegging stage by July 20, one percentage point ahead of last year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 3, ninety-two percent of the Nation's peanut crop had reached the pegging stage, 1 percentage point ahead of last

year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On August 3, seventy-three percent of the Nation's peanuts crop was rated in good to excellent condition, 2 percentage points above the same time last year.

Crop Comments

Corn: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 97.3 million acres, is up 2 percent from the previous estimate and up 7 percent from 2024. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 88.7 million acres, up 2 percent from the previous forecast and up 7 percent from last year.

Production for grain is forecast at 16.7 billion bushels, which if realized would be the highest production for grain on record for the United States. Based on conditions as of August 1, the yield is forecast at a record high 188.8 bushels per acre, up 9.5 bushels from last year's final estimate of 179.3 bushels per acre. Record high yields are forecast in Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Virginia, and Wisconsin.

By June 1, ninety-three percent of this year's corn crop had been planted, 3 percentage points ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. Nationally, 78 percent of the corn crop had emerged by June 1, six percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By June 8, ninety-seven percent of this year's corn crop had been planted, 3 percentage points ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. Nationally, 87 percent of the corn crop had emerged by June 8, four percentage points ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. By June 15, ninety-four percent of this year's corn crop had emerged, 2 percentage points ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. By June 22, ninety-seven percent of this year's corn crop had emerged, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Four percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the silking stage by June 22, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Eight percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the silking stage by June 29, two percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

Eighteen percent of the Nation's corn had reached the silking stage by July 6, four percentage points behind last year but 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Three percent of the corn was at the dough stage by July 6, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Thirty-four percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the silking stage by July 13, five percentage points behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Seven percent of the corn was at the dough stage by July 13, equal to last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Fifty-six percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the silking stage by July 20, two percentage points behind both last year and the 5-year average. Fourteen percent of the corn was at the dough stage by July 20, two percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Seventy-six percent of the Nation's corn crop had reached the silking stage by July 27, one percentage point ahead of last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Twenty-six percent of the corn was at the dough stage by July 27, two percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On July 27, seventy-three percent of the corn was rated in good to excellent condition.

Eighty-eight percent of the Nation's corn had reached the silking stage by August 3, two percentage points ahead of last year but 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. Forty-two percent of the corn was at the dough stage by August 3, two percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Six percent of the corn had reached the dented stage by August 3, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. On August 3, seventy-three percent of the Nation's corn was rated in good to excellent condition.

Sorghum: Acreage updates were made in several States following a thorough review of all available data. Planted area, at 6.61 million acres, is up 7 percent from the previous estimate and up 5 percent from last year. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 5.68 million acres, up 6 percent from the previous forecast and up 1 percent from 2024. Production is forecast at 391 million bushels, up 14 percent from last year. Based on August 1 conditions, yield is forecast at 69.0 bushels per acre, 7.7 bushels above the 2024 yield of 61.3 bushels per acre.

By August 3, fifty-one percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage had reached the headed stage, 10 percentage points behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Twenty-three percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was at or beyond the coloring stage by August 3, two percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the

5-year average. Sixty-six percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was rated in good to excellent condition on August 3, even with the previous week but 19 percentage points above the previous year.

Oats: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Planted area, at 2.34 million acres, is up 2 percent from the previous estimate and up 6 percent from last year. Growers expect to harvest 843,000 acres for grain, up 2 percent from the previous forecast but down 5 percent from 2024. Production is forecast at 64.3 million bushels, up 3 percent from the previous forecast but down 5 percent from the 2024 crop. Based on conditions as of August 1, the United States yield is forecast at 76.2 bushels per acre, up 0.7 bushel from last month but down 0.3 bushel from the 2024 crop. The yield forecast for the Nation will be the second highest on record, if realized.

Planted area is estimated at a record low level for Idaho, Maine, New York, Oregon, and Texas. If realized, the area harvested for grain will be a record low for Maine, New York, and Wisconsin. A record high yield is forecast in Illinois, Michigan, and Texas.

As of August 4, forty-one percent of the Nation's oat acreage was harvested, 4 percentage points behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. At that time, 58 percent of the oat crop was rated in good to excellent condition compared to 67 percent at the same time last year.

Barley: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at a record low 2.28 million acres, is down 6 percent from the *Acreage* report and down 4 percent from 2024. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 1.81 million acres, down 5 percent from the *Acreage* report and down 3 percent from last year. If realized, area harvested for the Nation will be the lowest since 1875.

Production is forecast at 141 million bushels, down 2 percent from 2024. Based on conditions as of August 1, the average yield for the United States is forecast at 77.9 bushels per acre, up 1.2 bushels from last year.

Planted area is estimated at a record low level for California, Colorado, Oregon, Washington, and Wisconsin. Planted area is estimated at a record high level in Alaska. Harvested area for New York will be a record low, if realized.

Ninety percent of the Nation's barley acreage had reached the headed stage by August 3, six percentage points behind the previous year and 8 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By August 3, barley producers harvested 5 percent of the Nation's barley crop, 1 percentage point behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. On August 3, eighty-one percent of the Nation's barley acreage was rated in fair to good condition, 7 percentage points below the same time last year.

Winter wheat: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 33.2 million acres, is down less than 1 percent from the *Acreage* report, and down 1 percent from 2024. Area expected to be harvested for grain or seed totals 24.7 million acres, down less than 1 percent from the *Acreage* report and down 5 percent from last year.

Production is forecast at 1.36 billion bushels, up 1 percent from the previous forecast and up less than 1 percent from 2024. Based on August 1 conditions, the United States yield is forecast at 54.8 bushels per acre, up 0.6 bushel from last month and up 3.1 bushels from last year. Record high yields are forecast in Illinois, Michigan, Missouri and Texas for 2025.

Forecasted head counts from the objective yield survey in the six Hard Red Winter States (Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Texas) are above last year's levels in Colorado, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas, but below last year's level in Montana and Nebraska. As of August 3, harvest progress was 30 percent complete in Montana, 10 percentage points behind the 5-year pace. In South Dakota, 79 percent of the acreage was harvested, 7 percentage points behind the 5-year pace. Harvest progress was complete or nearly complete in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Forecasted head counts from the objective yield survey in the three Soft Red Winter States (Illinois, Missouri, and Ohio) are above last year's levels in Illinois and Missouri, but below last year's level in Ohio. As of August 3, harvest progress

in Michigan was at 89 percent, equal to the 5-year pace. Harvest progress in the Soft Red Winter (SRW) growing area was complete in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, North Carolina, and Ohio.

Forecasted head counts from the objective yield survey in Washington are below last year. As of August 3, harvest progress was at 33 percent in Idaho, 68 percent in Oregon, and 54 percent in Washington.

Durum wheat: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 2.19 million acres, is up 4 percent from the *Acreage* report, and up 6 percent from 2024. Area expected to be harvested for grain or seed totals 2.14 million acres, up 4 percent from the *Acreage* report and up 5 percent from 2024.

Production is forecast at 87.4 million bushels, up 10 percent from the previous forecast, and up 9 percent from 2024. The United States yield is forecast at 40.9 bushels per acre, up 2.2 bushels from the previous forecast, and up 1.6 bushels from last year. A record high yield is forecast in North Dakota for 2024.

Montana and North Dakota are the two largest Durum-producing States. As of August 3, one percent of the acreage in Montana and 59 percent of the acreage in North Dakota were rated in good to excellent condition. As of August 3, Montana Durum wheat progress was 46 percent turning color, 15 percentage points behind the 5-year average. In North Dakota, Durum wheat turning color progress was 63 percent as of August 3, three percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

Other spring wheat: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 9.99 million acres, is down 1 percent from the *Acreage* report released on June 30, 2025, and down 6 percent from 2024. The area expected to be harvested for grain or seed is expected to total 9.69 million acres, down 1 percent from the *Acreage* report and down 6 percent from 2024.

Production is forecast at 484 million bushels, down 4 percent from the previous forecast and down 11 percent from 2024. The United States yield is forecast at 50.0 bushels per acre, down 1.7 bushel from the previous forecast and down 2.5 bushels from a year ago.

In the six major producing States, 48 percent of the other spring wheat acreage was rated in good to excellent condition compared to 74 percent at the same time in 2024.

Rice: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Planted area, at 2.79 million acres, is up 4 percent from the previous estimate but down 4 percent from the previous year. Area for harvest is expected to total 2.73 million acres, up 3 percent from the previous estimate but down 5 percent from last year.

Production is forecast at 208 million cwt, down 6 percent from 2024. Based on conditions as of August 1, the average United States yield is forecast at 7,636 pounds per acre, down 112 pounds per acre from 2024. Compared with the previous year, production increases are expected in California, Louisiana, and Mississippi.

Seventy-five percent of the Nation’s rice had reached the headed stage by August 3, four percentage points behind last year but 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Six percent of the rice had been harvested by August 3, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Seventy-eight percent of the Nation’s rice was rated in good to excellent condition as of August 3.

Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures: Production of alfalfa and alfalfa mixture dry hay for 2025 is forecast at 49.7 million tons, down less than 1 percent from 2024. Based on August 1 conditions, yields are expected to average a record high 3.51 tons per acre, up 0.10 ton from last year. Harvested area is forecast at 14.2 million acres, unchanged from the *Acreage* report but down 3 percent from 2024.

If realized, the forecasted yield will be a record high for Iowa, Kentucky, New Mexico, and Wisconsin. Record low harvested acres are expected in California, Colorado, and Virginia.

Other hay: Production of other hay is forecast at 73.8 million tons, up 2 percent from 2024. Based on August 1 conditions, the United States yield is expected to average 2.08 tons per acre, down 0.01 ton from last year. Harvested area is forecast at 35.5 million acres, unchanged from the *Acreage* report but up 2 percent from 2024.

If realized, the forecasted yield will be a record high for Illinois, Iowa, and Nebraska. Record low harvested acres are expected in Ohio.

Soybeans: Acreage updates were made in several States based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 80.9 million acres, is down 3 percent from the previous estimate and down 7 percent from the previous year. Acreage harvested for beans is forecast at 80.1 million acres, down 3 percent from the previous forecast and down 7 percent from last year.

Production is forecast at 4.29 billion bushels, down 2 percent from 2024. The forecasted yield, at 53.6 bushels per acre, is up 2.9 bushels from last year's final estimate of 50.7 bushels per acre. If realized, this would be the highest yield on record for the Nation.

Planting was underway by the end of April in all 18 major soybean-producing States. Eighteen percent of the acreage was planted by April 27, one percentage point ahead of last year and 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Eighty-four percent of the soybean acreage was planted by June 1, seven percentage points ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Nationally, 75 percent of the soybean acreage had emerged by June 8, seven percentage points ahead of last year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. At that time, soybean emergence was ahead of the 5-year average in 12 of the 18 major soybean-producing States. By June 29, seventeen percent of the soybean acreage was blooming, 1 percentage point behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By August 3, fifty-eight percent of the soybean acreage was setting pods, 1 percentage point ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average.

As of August 3, sixty-nine percent of the soybean acreage was rated in good to excellent condition compared with 68 percent on August 4, 2024. Soybean acreage was rated in better condition than last year in 12 of the 18 major soybean-producing States, with Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, North Carolina, and Wisconsin improving more than 10 percentage points compared to last year.

If realized, the forecasted yield will be a record high in Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, and Virginia.

Peanuts: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 1.94 million acres, is up 2 percent from the previous estimate and up 8 percent from 2024. Area harvested is expected to total 1.89 million acres, up 2 percent from the previous forecast and up 7 percent from 2024. Record high harvested acres are expected in Arkansas.

United States peanut production is forecast to reach a record high of 7.25 billion pounds, up 12 percent from 2024, with record high production in Georgia and North Carolina. Based on conditions as of August 1, the average yield for the United States is forecast at 3,838 pounds per acre, up 170 pounds per acre from 2024.

As of August 3, ninety-two percent of the Nation's peanut crop had reached the pegging state, 1 percentage point ahead of the previous year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. At that time, seventy-three percent of the peanut acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 5 percentage points above the previous week and 2 percentage points above the same time last year.

Cotton: Acreage updates were made in several States based on a thorough review of all available data. Area planted to Upland cotton is estimated at 9.14 million acres, down 8 percent from the previous estimate and down 17 percent from 2024. Upland harvested area for the Nation is expected to total 7.22 million acres, down 5 percent from last year. Pima cotton planted area is estimated at 141,000 acres, down 18 percent from the previous forecast and down 32 percent from 2024. Pima harvested area is expected at 137,200 acres is down 32 percent from last year.

Eighty-seven percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had reached the squaring stage by August 3, three percentage points behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Fifty-five percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had begun setting bolls by August 3, four percentage points behind last year and 3 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Five percent of the Nation's cotton had open bolls at that time, 2 percentage points behind last year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. On August 3, fifty-five percent of the 2024 cotton acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, even with the previous week but 10 percentage points above the previous year.

Dry beans: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Area planted is estimated at 1.39 million acres, down 13 percent from the *Acreage* report and down 9 percent from 2024. Area harvested is forecast at 1.36 million acres, down 13 percent from the *Acreage* report and down 9 percent from 2024. Production of dry edible beans is forecast at 30.1 million cwt, down 4 percent from 2024. The yield is forecast at 2,203 pounds per acre, an increase of 122 pounds from last season.

Sugarbeets: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 1.08 million acres, is down 1 percent from the previous estimate and down 2 percent from 2024. Producers expect to harvest 1.06 million acres, down 2 percent from last year. Production of sugarbeets for the 2025 crop year is forecast at 35.0 million tons, down 1 percent from last year. Yield is forecast at 32.9 tons per acre, up 0.4 ton from last year.

Sugarcane: Production of sugarcane for sugar and seed is forecast at 33.9 million tons, down 1 percent from 2024. Producers intend to harvest 929,000 acres for sugar and seed during the 2024 crop year, up 1 percent from 2024. Yields for sugar and seed are expected to average 36.5 tons per acre, down 0.9 ton from 2024. Record high sugarcane for sugar and seed production is expected in Louisiana.

Tobacco: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Area harvested for tobacco is expected to total 169,700 acres for the Nation, up 2 percent from the *Acreage* report and up 1 percent from 2024. The 2025 United States all tobacco production is forecast at 366 million pounds, up 13 percent from 2024. Yield for the 2025 tobacco crop year is forecast at 2,159 pounds per acre, 217 pounds above last year's average.

Hops: Production of hops is forecast at 82.1 million pounds for 2025, down 6 percent from last year. Area harvested is forecast at 41,938 acres, down 6 percent from 2024. Yield is forecast at 1,958 pounds per acre, 14 pounds higher than the 2024 yield.

Apples, commercial: United States apple total production for the 2025 crop year is forecast at 11.5 billion pounds, up 6 percent from the previous year. In Washington, the largest growing State, production is expected to be a record high, up 7 percent from the previous year.

Cranberries: United States cranberry total production for the 2025 season is forecast at 8.13 million barrels, down 9 percent from the 2024 crop year. In Wisconsin, the largest growing State, production is forecast at 5.30 million barrels, down 3 percent from last year. Production in Massachusetts, forecast at 1.75 million barrels, is down 22 percent from last year.

Grapes: United States grape production is forecast at 5.59 million tons, up 3 percent from last season. In California, the largest producing State, wine type grape production is forecast at 3.00 million tons, up 4 percent from last season, and represents 60 percent of California's total grape production. California's table grape production is forecast at 980,000 tons, unchanged from last season, and represents 20 percent of California's total crop production. California raisin type grape production is forecast at 1.00 million tons, down 1 percent from last season and represents 20 percent of California total grape production.

Peaches: United States peach total production for the 2025 season is forecast at 682,500 tons, down 4 percent from 2024. In California, the largest growing State, production is forecast at 520,000 tons, down 5 percent from the previous forecast and down 2 percent from 2024. California Clingstone production is forecast at 230,000 tons, unchanged from the previous forecast but down less than 1 percent from 2024. California Freestone production is forecast at 290,000 tons, down 9 percent from the previous forecast and down 3 percent from 2024. South Carolina production is forecast at 85,000 tons, down 7 percent from last year. Georgia production is forecast at 30,000 tons, down 19 percent from last year.

Pears: Total production for 2025 is forecast at 625,000 tons, up 22 percent from last year. California production is rebounding from a low production season in 2024.

Statistical Methodology

Survey procedures: Objective yield and farm operator surveys were conducted between July 25 and August 6 to gather information on expected yields as of August 1. The objective yield survey for winter wheat was conducted in 10 States that account for 71 percent of the 2024 winter wheat production. Farm operators selected for the objective yield survey were interviewed to update previously reported acreage data and seek permission to randomly locate two sample plots in selected fields for the objective yield survey. The counts made within each sample plot depend on the crop and the maturity of that crop. In all cases, the number of plants is recorded along with other measurements that provide information to forecast the number of heads and their weight. The counts are used with similar data from previous years to develop a projected biological yield. The average harvesting loss is subtracted to obtain a net yield. The plots are revisited each month until crop maturity when the fruit are harvested and weighed. After the farm operator has harvested the sample field, another plot is sampled to obtain current year harvesting loss. The objective yield survey will be conducted for corn and soybeans beginning in September.

The farm operator survey was conducted primarily by telephone with some use of mail, internet, and personal interviews. Approximately 14,900 producers were interviewed during the survey period and asked questions about probable yield. These growers will continue to be surveyed throughout the growing season to provide indications of average yields.

Estimating procedures: National and State level objective yield and grower reported data were reviewed for reasonableness and consistency with historical estimates. The survey data were also reviewed considering weather patterns and crop progress compared with previous months and previous years. Each Regional Field Office submits their analysis of the current situation to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB). The ASB uses the survey data and the State analyses to prepare the published August 1 forecasts.

Revision policy: The August 1 production forecast will not be revised; instead, a new forecast will be made each month throughout the growing season. End-of-season estimates are made after harvest. At the end of the marketing season, a balance sheet is calculated using carryover stocks, production, imports, exports, millings, feeding, and ending stocks. Revisions are then made if the balance sheet relationships or other administrative data warrant changes. Estimates of acres for barley, corn, cotton, dry edible beans, oats, peanuts, rice, sorghum, soybeans, sugarbeets, and wheat are subject to revision in the August *Crop Production* report. Acres for chickpeas, corn, cotton, dry edible peas, lentils, peanuts, rice, sorghum, soybeans, and sugarbeets are subject to revision in the September *Crop Production* report each year. Barley, oats, rye, and wheat end-of-season estimates are published in the *Small Grains Annual Summary* report at the end of September. Canola, dry edible beans, and sunflower acres are subject to revision in the October *Crop Production* report. Potato acres are subject to revision in the November *Crop Production* report. End-of-season estimates for all other row crops are published in the *Annual Crop Production Summary* in January. Revisions to planted acres will only be made when either special survey data, administrative data, such as Farm Service Agency certified acreage data, or remote sensing data are available. Harvested acres may be revised any time a production forecast is made if there is sufficient data indicating that the intended harvested area has changed since the last forecast.

Reliability: To assist users in evaluating the reliability of the August 1 production forecast, the “Root Mean Square Error," a statistical measure based on past performance, is computed. The deviation between the August 1 production forecast and the final estimate is expressed as a percentage of the final estimate. The average of the squared percentage deviations for the latest 20-year period is computed. The square root of the average becomes statistically the “Root Mean Square Error.” Probability statements can be made concerning expected differences in the current forecast relative to the final end-of-season estimate, assuming that factors affecting this year's forecast are not different from those influencing recent years. For example, the "Root Mean Square Error" for the August 1 corn for grain production forecast is 3.8 percent. This means that chances are 2 out of 3 that the current production forecast will not be above or below the final estimate by more than 3.8 percent. Chances are 9 out of 10 (90 percent confidence level) that the difference will not exceed 6.5 percent.

Also, shown in the following table is a 20-year record for selected crops of the differences between the August 1 forecast and the final estimate. Using corn again as an example, changes between the August 1 forecast and the final estimate during the last 20 years have averaged 370 million bushels, ranging from 5 million bushels to 1.19 billion bushels. The August 1 forecast has been below the final estimate 7 times and above 13 times. This does not imply that the August 1 corn forecast this year is likely to understate or overstate final production.

Reliability of August 1 Crop Production Forecasts

[Based on data for the past twenty years]

Crop	Root mean square error	90 percent confidence interval	Difference between forecast and final estimate				
			Production			Years	
			Average	Smallest	Largest	Below final	Above final
	(percent)	(percent)	(millions)	(millions)	(millions)	(number)	(number)
Barley ..... bushels	6.3	10.8	9	(Z)	25	9	11
Corn for grain ..... bushels	3.8	6.5	370	5	1,192	7	13
Hay							
Alfalfa ..... tons	4.3	7.4	2	(Z)	5	5	15
Other ..... tons	3.6	6.1	2	(Z)	5	3	17
Oats ..... bushels	10.7	18.6	6	(Z)	14	6	14
Peanuts ..... pounds	8.2	14.1	356	47	1,461	10	10
Rice ..... cwt	5.3	9.1	9	1	20	8	12
Sorghum for grain ..... bushels	14.9	25.7	28	(Z)	98	12	8
Soybeans for beans ..... bushels	5.0	8.6	145	6	350	12	8
Sugarbeets ..... tons	6.9	11.9	2	(Z)	6	10	10
Sugarcane ..... tons	6.4	11.0	2	(Z)	4	11	9
Upland cotton [1] ..... bales	9.7	16.7	1,229	195	3,464	7	13
Wheat							
Winter wheat ..... bushels	2.9	5.0	28	(Z)	95	5	15
Durum wheat ..... bushels	9.2	15.9	6	1	12	10	10
Other spring ..... bushels	6.5	11.2	28	1	69	9	11

(Z) Less than half of the unit shown.
[1] Quantity is in thousands of units.

USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service Information Contacts

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Natasha Bruton – Cotton System Consumption and Stocks, Grain Crushings,
Fats and Oils, Flour Milling Products, Broccoli, Cauliflower, Plums, Prunes..... (202) 690-1042
Noemi Guindin – Crop Progress and Condition, Kiwifruit..... (202) 720-2127
Michelle Harder – Hay, Kale, Peanuts, Raspberries ..... (202) 690-8533
Deonne Holiday – Almonds, Carrots, Coffee, Cranberries, Garlic, Onions
Proso Millet, Rye, Tobacco..... (202) 720-4288
Bret Holliman – Apricots, Barley, Chickpeas, Nectarines, Peaches,
Snap Beans, Tomatoes ..... (202) 720-7235
James Johanson – Dry Edible Beans, Lettuce, Macadamias, Wheat ..... (202) 720-8068
Greg Lemmons – Beets, Corn, Flaxseed, Pears, Rice, Sweet Corn ..... (202) 720-9526
Krishna Rizal – Artichokes, Celery, Grapefruit, Lemons, Mandarins and tangerines,
Mint, Mushrooms, Olives, Oranges, Pistachios ..... (202) 720-5412
Chris Singh – Apples, Cucumbers, Hazelnuts, Potatoes, Pumpkins,
Squash, Sugarbeets, Sugarcane, Sweet Potatoes..... (202) 720-4285
Becky Sommer – Cabbage, Cotton, Cotton Ginnings, Sorghum, Walnuts, Strawberries..... (202) 720-5944
Travis Thorson – Blueberries, Canola, Mustard Seed, Rapeseed, Safflower,
Spinach, Sunflower ..... (202) 720-7369
Antonio Torres – Cantaloupes, Dry Edible Peas, Grapes, Green Peas,
Honeydews, Lentils, Oats, Sweet Cherries, Tart Cherries, Watermelons..... (202) 720-2157
Chris Wallace – Avocados, Bell Peppers, Chile Peppers, Dates, Floriculture,
Hops, Papayas, Pecans ..... (202) 720-4215

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For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

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