

Crop Production

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Special Note

NASS reviewed planted and harvested acreage estimates in this report for barley, corn, cotton, dry edible beans, oats, peanuts, rice, sorghum, soybeans, sugarbeets, and wheat (winter, other spring, and Durum) using all available data, including the latest certified acreage from the Farm Service Agency (FSA). All States in the estimating program for these crops were subject to review and updating. Detailed estimates can be found on pages 6, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 22, 25, 26, 29, and 30.

Corn Production Down 1 Percent from 2023
Soybean Production Up 10 Percent from 2023
Cotton Production Up 25 Percent from 2023
Winter Wheat Production Up 1 Percent from July Forecast

Corn production for grain is forecast at 15.1 billion bushels, down 1 percent from 2023, which if realized would be the third highest production for grain on record for the United States. Based on conditions as of August 1, the yield is forecast at a record high 183.1 bushels per acre, up 5.8 bushels from last year's final estimate of 177.3 bushels. Total planted area, at 90.7 million acres, is down 1 percent from the previous estimate and down 4 percent from the previous year. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 82.7 million acres, down 1 percent from the previous forecast and down 4 percent from the previous year.

Soybean production for beans is forecast at a record high 4.59 billion bushels, up 10 percent from 2023. Based on conditions as of August 1, yields are expected to average a record high 53.2 bushels per acre, up 2.6 bushels from 2023. Area harvested for beans in the United States is forecast at 86.3 million acres, up 1 percent from the previous forecast and up 5 percent from 2023.

All cotton production is forecast at 15.1 million 480-pound bales, up 25 percent from 2023. Based on conditions as of August 1, yields are expected to average 840 pounds per harvested acre, down 59 pounds from 2023. Upland cotton production is forecast at 14.6 million 480-pound bales, up 24 percent from 2023. Pima cotton production is forecast at 553,000 bales, up 75 percent from 2023. All cotton area harvested is forecast at 8.63 million acres, up 34 percent from 2023. All cotton planted area totaled 11.2 million acres, down 4 percent from the previous forecast but up 9 percent from 2023.

All wheat production for grain is forecast at 1.98 billion bushels, down 1 percent from the previous forecast but up 9 percent from 2023. Based on August 1 conditions, yields are expected to average 52.2 bushels per harvested acre, up 0.4 bushel from the previous forecast and up 3.6 bushels from 2023. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 37.9 million acres, down 2 percent from the previous forecast but up 2 percent from 2023.

Winter wheat production is forecast at 1.36 billion bushels, up 1 percent from the July 1 forecast and up 9 percent from 2023. As of August 1, the United States yield is forecast at 53.2 bushels per acre, up 1.2 bushels from last month and up 2.6 bushels from last year's average yield of 50.6 bushels per acre. Area expected to be harvested for grain or seed totals 25.6 million acres, down 1 percent from the *Acreage* report released on June 28, 2024, but up 4 percent from 2023.

Hard Red Winter production, at 776 million bushels, is up 2 percent from last month. Soft Red Winter, at 342 million bushels, is down less than 1 percent from the July forecast. White Winter, at 243 million bushels, is up 4 percent from last month. Of the White Winter production, 19.3 million bushels are Hard White and 224 million bushels are Soft White.

Durum wheat production is forecast at 76.9 million bushels, down 14 percent from the previous forecast but up 30 percent from 2023. Based on August 1 conditions, yields are expected to average 38.1 bushels per harvested acre, down 4.6 bushels from the previous forecast but up 1.1 bushels from 2023. Area expected to be harvested for grain or seed totals 2.02 million acres, down 4 percent from the *Acreage* report but up 26 percent from 2023.

Other spring wheat production for grain is forecast at 544 million bushels, down 6 percent from the previous forecast but up 8 percent from last year. Based on August 1 conditions, yields are expected to average 52.6 bushels per harvested acre, down 0.5 bushel from the previous forecast but up 6.6 bushels from 2023. If realized, the United States yield would be a record high. Area harvested for grain or seed is expected to total 10.3 million acres, down 5 percent from the *Acreage* report released on June 28, 2024, and down 6 percent from 2023. Of the total production, 499 million bushels are Hard Red Spring wheat, up 7 percent from 2023.

This report was approved on August 12, 2024.

Secretary of Agriculture
Designate
Jason Hafemeister

Agricultural Statistics Board Chairperson Lance Honig

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Corn Area Planted for All Purposes and Harvested for Grain - States and United States: 2023 and 2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

Ctata	Area planted fo	r all purposes	Area harvested for grain		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
Alabama	330	280	320	270	
Arizona	105	70	38	18	
Arkansas	850	500	830	485	
California	400	440	40	65	
Colorado	1,330	1,460	1,015	1,175	
Connecticut ²	24	24	(NA)	(NA)	
Delaware	175	165	`172́	`162́	
Florida	90	85	62	48	
Georgia	485	375	440	340	
ldaho	360	380	115	125	
Illinois	11,200	10,800	11,050	10,650	
Indiana	5,450	5,200	5,310	5,060	
lowa	13,100	12,900	12,550	12,350	
Kansas	5,750	6,300	5,150	5,800	
Kentucky	1,600	1,370	1,500	1,280	
Louisiana	700	470	680	445	
Maine ²	28	30	(NA)	(NA)	
Maryland	480	440	440	405	
Massachusetts ²	14	14	(NA)	(NA)	
Michigan	2,400	2,250	2,060	1,900	
Minnesota	8,600	8,200	8,180	7,650	
Mississippi	790	490	770	475	
Missouri	3,850	3,450	3,670	3,260	
Montana	135	135	68	72	
Nebraska	9,950	10,100	9,500	9,700	
Nevada ²	13	20	(NA)	(NA)	
New Hampshire ²	13	12	(NA)	(NA)	
New Jersey	74	71	65	67	
New Mexico	125	105	47	_36	
New York	1,040	1,010	600	570	
North Carolina	950	890	900	840	
North Dakota	4,050	3,950	3,800	3,640	
Ohio	3,600	3,400	3,400	3,170	
Oklahoma	390	450	340	390	
Oregon	95	95	55	57	
Pennsylvania	1,040	990	680	675	
Rhode Island ²	2	2	(NA)	(NA)	
South Carolina	365	345	350	325	
South Dakota	6,300	5,900	5,620	5,260	
Tennessee	940	700	890	660	
Texas	2,500	2,200	2,100	1,780	
Utah	75	75	27	34	
Vermont ²	89	94	(NA)	(NA)	
Virginia	495	460	375	350	
Washington	160	170	75	89	
West Virginia	44	41	32	31	
Wyoming	4,000 85	3,750 90	3,140 57	2,940 61	
United States	94,641	90,748	86,513	82,710	
Office Otates	34,041	90,740	00,313	02,710	

(NA) Not available.

1 Forecasted.

² Area harvested for grain not estimated.

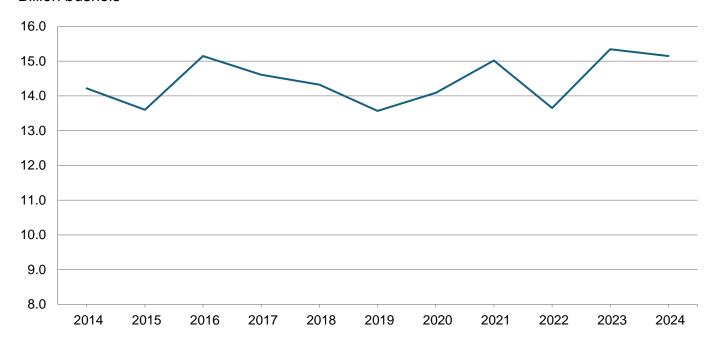
Corn for Grain Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Area ha	rvested	Yield pe	er acre	Production	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Alabama	320	270	164.0	117.0	52,480	31,590
Arkansas	830	485	183.0	186.0	151,890	90,210
Colorado	1,015	1,175	122.0	128.0	123,830	150,400
Delaware	172	162	189.0	153.0	32,508	24,786
Georgia	440	340	174.0	149.0	76,560	50,660
daho	115	125	203.0	220.0	23,345	27,500
Illinois	11,050	10,650	206.0	225.0	2,276,300	2,396,250
Indiana	5,310	5,060	203.0	207.0	1,077,930	1,047,420
lowa	12,550	12,350	201.0	209.0	2,522,550	2,581,150
Kansas	5,150	5,800	119.0	128.0	612,850	742,400
Kentucky	1,500	1,280	187.0	187.0	280,500	239,360
Louisiana	680	445	175.0	185.0	119,000	82,325
Maryland	440	405	165.0	137.0	72,600	55,485
Micȟigan	2,060	1,900	168.0	177.0	346,080	336,300
Minnesota	8,180	7,650	185.0	185.0	1,513,300	1,415,250
Mississippi	770	475	181.0	186.0	139,370	88,350
Missouri	3,670	3,260	153.0	181.0	561,510	590,060
Nebraska	9,500	9,700	182.0	194.0	1,729,000	1,881,800
New York	600	570	159.0	165.0	95,400	94,050
North Carolina	900	840	147.0	100.0	132,300	84,000
North Dakota	3,800	3,640	143.0	144.0	543,400	524,160
Ohio	3,400	3,170	198.0	188.0	673,200	595,960
Oklahoma	340	390	149.0	142.0	50,660	55,380
Pennsylvania	680	675	157.0	135.0	106,760	91,125
South Carolina	350	325	150.0	95.0	52,500	30,875
South Dakota	5,620	5,260	152.0	162.0	854,240	852,120
Tennessee	890	660	173.0	160.0	153,970	105,600
Texas	2,100	1,780	122.0	117.0	256,200	208,260
Virginia	375	350	157.0	100.0	58,875	35,000
Washington	75	89	240.0	250.0	18,000	22,250
Wisconsin	3,140	2,940	176.0	183.0	552,640	538,020
Other States ¹	491	489	166.7	160.5	81,847	78,494
United States	86,513	82,710	177.3	183.1	15,341,595	15,146,590

¹ Other States include Arizona, California, Florida, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, West Virginia, and Wyoming. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2024 Summary*.

Corn Production – United States

Billion bushels



Sorghum Area Planted for All Purpose and Harvested for Grain – States and United States: 2023 and 2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

Chaha	Area p	lanted	Area harvested		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
Colorado	510	520	460	430	
Kansas	3,600	3,000	3,250	2,700	
Nebraska	340	290	225	230	
Oklahoma	410	370	350	285	
South Dakota	335	420	280	280	
Texas	2,000	1,700	1,550	1,350	
United States	7,195	6,300	6,115	5,275	

¹ Forecasted.

Sorghum for Grain Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Area ha	rvested	Yield p	er acre	Production	
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Colorado Kansas Nebraska Oklahoma South Dakota Texas	460 3,250 225 350 280 1,550	430 2,700 230 285 280 1,350	32.0 52.0 73.0 47.0 90.0 49.0	30.0 50.0 71.0 42.0 82.0 59.0	14,720 169,000 16,425 16,450 25,200 75,950	12,900 135,000 16,330 11,970 22,960 79,650
United States	6,115	5,275	52.0	52.9	317,745	278,810

Oat Area Planted and Harvested - States and United States: 2023-2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

Chata	Area p	lanted	Area harvested		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
Arkansas ²	8	(NA)	5	(NA)	
California ²	90	(NA)	5	(NA)	
Georgia	55	65	15	21	
Idaho	45	40	12	10	
Illinois	55	55	17	14	
lowa	190	210	95	120	
Kansas	185	165	30	33	
Maine	22	24	21	22	
Michigan		55	25	33	
Minnesota	165	210	87	130	
Missouri ²	32	(NA)	9	(NA)	
Montana	65	` 7Ó	22	` 29́	
Nebraska	155	125	24	26	
New York	61	60	44	38	
North Carolina	37	34	14	12	
North Dakota		285	105	130	
Ohio	40	50	15	15	
Oklahoma ²	140	(NA)	13	(NA)	
Oregon	20	20	12	12	
Pennsylvania	70	65	47	43	
South Dakota	265	270	69	89	
Texas	390	400	70	48	
Wisconsin	135	145	75	75	
United States	2,555	2,348	831	900	

⁽NA) Not available.

¹ Forecasted.

² Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Oat Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

	Area h	arvested		Yield per acre			Production	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024		2023	2024	
	2023	2024	2023	July 1	August 1	2023	2024	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	
Arkansas ¹	5	(NA)	62.0	(NA)	(NA)	310	(NA)	
California ¹	5	(NA)	75.0	(NA)	(NA)	375	(NA)	
Georgia	15	21	61.0	52.0	50.0	915	1,050	
Idaho	12	10	91.0	80.0	88.0	1,092	880	
Illinois	17	14	90.0	93.0	90.0	1,530	1,260	
lowa	95	120	80.0	82.0	86.0	7,600	10,320	
Kansas	30	33	66.0	40.0	43.0	1,980	1,419	
Maine	21	22	62.0	71.0	71.0	1,302	1,562	
Michigan	25	33	66.0	66.0	63.0	1,650	2,079	
Minnesota	87	130	77.0	67.0	82.0	6,699	10,660	
Missouri 1	9	(NA)	68.0	(NA)	(NA)	612	(NA)	
Montana	22	` 29	37.0	`43.Ó	5 0.Ó	814	1,45Ó	
Nebraska	24	26	53.0	60.0	65.0	1,272	1,690	
New York	44	38	60.0	64.0	64.0	2,640	2,432	
North Carolina	14	12	77.0	78.0	76.0	1,078	912	
North Dakota	105	130	76.0	87.0	90.0	7,980	11,700	
Ohio	15	15	76.0	65.0	77.0	1,140	1,155	
Oklahoma ¹	13	(NA)	60.0	(NA)	(NA)	780	(NA)	
Oregon	12	· 12	79.0	100.0	90.0	948	1,080	
Pennsylvania	47	43	61.0	63.0	59.0	2,867	2,537	
South Dakota	69	89	74.0	88.0	93.0	5,106	8,277	
Texas	70	48	54.0	40.0	44.0	3,780	2,112	
Wisconsin	75	75	61.0	66.0	67.0	4,575	5,025	
United States	831	900	68.6	70.9	75.1	57,045	67,600	

⁽NA) Not available.

1 Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Barley Area Planted and Harvested - States and United States: 2023-2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

Chata	Area p	planted	Area harvested		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
Alaska	7	8	6	7	
Arizona	17	14	15	11	
California	40	45	19	23	
Colorado	54	52	51	45	
Delaware	21	21	12	14	
Idaho	570	530	540	490	
Kansas	16	18	5	6	
Maine	11	12	9	11	
Maryland	31	31	13	17	
Michigan	7	8	6	5	
Minnesota	60	40	54	25	
Montana	1,190	920	1,015	710	
New York	9	8	5	5	
North Carolina	16	16	10	10	
North Dakota	690	360	570	300	
Oregon	41	36	24	19	
Pennsylvania	47	40	28	26	
South Dakota	38	33	9	12	
Utah	16	14	14	9	
Virginia	30	24	6	6	
Washington	95	80	84	68	
Wisconsin	12	20	2	7	
Wyoming	83	75	58	56	
United States	3,101	2,405	2,555	1,882	

¹ Forecasted.

Barley Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

	Area harvested			Yield per acre	Production		
State	2022	2024	2022	2024		0000	2224
	2023	2024	2023	July 1	August 1	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Colorado	51	45	131.0	140.0	137.0	6,681	6,165
Idaho	540	490	112.0	100.0	115.0	60,480	56,350
Minnesota		25	74.0	55.0	65.0	3,996	1,625
Montana	1,015	710	49.0	53.0	50.0	49,735	35,500
North Dakota	570	300	71.0	74.0	81.0	40,470	24,300
Washington	84	68	53.0	83.0	75.0	4,452	5,100
Wyoming	58	56	104.0	98.0	103.0	6,032	5,768
Other States ¹	183	188	72.1	65.9	74.5	13,190	13,997
United States	2,555	1,882	72.4	74.2	79.1	185,036	148,805

¹ Other States include: Alaska, Arizona, California, Delaware, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, New York, North Carolina, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Virginia, and Wisconsin. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Small Grains 2024 Summary*.

All Wheat Area Planted and Harvested - States and United States: 2023-2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area pla	anted	Area harvested		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
Alabama	205	110	145	70	
Arizona	38	60	37	59	
Arkansas	230	130	165	90	
California	338	305	97	98	
Colorado	2,300	2,100	1,820	1,830	
Delaware	80	70	69	48	
Georgia	195	145	85	70	
Idaho	1,170	1,220	1,035	1,140	
Illinois	840	770	780	700	
Indiana	405	320	335	250	
Kansas	8,100	7,700	5,750	7,150	
Kentucky	610	560	460	410	
Maryland	340	325	195	175	
Michigan	600	410	560	365	
Minnesota	1,300	1,220	1,260	1,180	
Mississippi	120	70	95	40	
Missouri	780	670	600	510	
Montana	5,255	5,280	5,025	5,080	
Nebraska	1,130	1,000	880	900	
New Jersey ²	34	(NA)	32	(NA)	
New Mexico	405	380	85	95	
New York	150	135	120	100	
North Carolina	480	410	400	320	
North Dakota	6,610	6,640	6,530	6,455	
Ohio	650	530	590	460	
Oklahoma	4,550	4,350	2,450	2,700	
Oregon	740	740	725	725	
Pennsylvania	280	240	230	160	
South Carolina	110	85	95	75	
South Dakota	1,660	1,540	1,350	1,400	
Tennessee	470	380	390	310	
Texas	6,400	5,400	2,100	2,250	
Utah	105	105	87	90	
Virginia	200	150	135	85	
Washington	2,300	2,345	2,240	2,280	
Wisconsin	280	265	230	190	
Wyoming	115	110	90	80	
United States	49,575	46,270	37,272	37,940	

(NA) Not available.

1 Forecasted.

² Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Winter Wheat Area Planted and Harvested - States and United States: 2023-2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area pl	anted	Area harvested			
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)		
Alabama	205	110	145	70		
Arkansas	230	130	165	90		
California	320	280	80	75		
Colorado	2,300	2,100	1,820	1,830		
Delaware	80	70	69	48		
Georgia	195	145	85	70		
Idaho	750	760	630	700		
Illinois	840	770	780	700		
Indiana	405	320	335	250		
Kansas	8,100	7,700	5,750	7,150		
Kentucky	610	560	460	410		
Maryland	340	325	195	175		
Michigan	600	410	560	365		
Mississippi	120	70	95	40		
Missouri	780	670	600	510		
Montana	1,850	1,950	1,680	1,900		
Nebraska	1,130	1,000	880	900		
New Jersey ²	34	(NA)	32	(NA)		
New Mexico	405	380	85	95		
New York	150	135	120	100		
North Carolina	480	410	400	320		
North Dakota	155	120	145	110		
Ohio	650	530	590	460		
Oklahoma	4,550	4,350	2,450	2,700		
Oregon	740	740	725	725		
Pennsylvania	280	240	230	160		
South Carolina	110	85	95	75		
South Dakota	920	860	700	770		
Tennessee	470	380	390	310		
Texas	6,400	5,400	2,100	2,250		
Utah	105	105	87	90		
Virginia	200	150	135	85		
Washington	1,800	1,850	1,750	1,790		
Wisconsin	280	265	230	190		
Wyoming	115	110	90	80		
United States	36,699	33,480	24,683	25,593		

⁽NA) Not available.

¹ Forecasted.

² Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Winter Wheat Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

	Area ha	rvested		Yield per acre		Produ	ıction
State	2022	2024	2023	202	24	2022	2024
	2023	2024	2023	July 1	August 1	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Arkansas	165	90	57.0	50.0	50.0	9,405	4,500
California	80	75	80.0	82.0	82.0	6,400	6,150
Colorado	1,820	1,830	41.0	39.0	39.0	74,620	71,370
Idaho	630	700	89.0	85.0	85.0	56,070	59,500
Illinois	780	700	87.0	83.0	83.0	67,860	58,100
Indiana	335	250	92.0	87.0	88.0	30,820	22,000
Kansas	5,750	7,150	35.0	43.0	44.0	201,250	314,600
Kentucky	460	410	88.0	77.0	78.0	40,480	31,980
Maryland	195	175	85.0	71.0	73.0	16,575	12,775
Michigan	560	365	83.0	89.0	89.0	46,480	32,485
Missouri	600	510	70.0	70.0	69.0	42.000	35,190
Montana	1,680	1,900	51.0	48.0	51.0	85,680	96,900
Nebraska	880	900	42.0	54.0	54.0	36,960	48,600
North Carolina	400	320	70.0	58.0	58.0	28,000	18,560
Ohio	590	460	90.0	89.0	89.0	53,100	40,940
Oklahoma	2,450	2,700	28.0	39.0	39.0	68,600	105,300
Oregon	725	725	56.0	71.0	77.0	40.600	55.825
Pennsylvania	230	160	76.0	77.0	73.0	17,480	11,680
South Dakota	700	770	47.0	57.0	62.0	32,900	47,740
Tennessee	390	310	80.0	76.0	76.0	31,200	23,560
Texas	2,100	2,250	37.0	32.0	33.0	77,700	74,250
Virginia		85	78.0	66.0	69.0	10,530	5,865
Washington	1,750	1.790	54.0	68.0	70.0	94,500	125,300
Wisconsin	230	190	76.0	79.0	80.0	17,480	15,200
Other States ¹	1,048	778	58.3	55.0	54.7	61,058	42,552
United States	24,683	25,593	50.6	52.0	53.2	1,247,748	1,360,922

Durum Wheat Area Planted and Harvested - States and United States: 2023-2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area p	lanted	Area harvested		
State	2023 2024		2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
Arizona California Idaho ² Montana North Dakota	38 18 10 705 905	60 25 (NA) 880 1,120	37 17 10 675 865	59 23 (NA) 850 1,085	
United States	1,676	2,085	1,604	2,017	

(NA) Not available.

1 Forecasted.

Durum Wheat Area Harvested, Yield, and Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

	Area harvested			Yield per acre	Production			
State	2022	0004	2022	2024		2022	2024	
	2023	2024	2023	July 1	August 1	2023	2024	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	
Arizona	37 17 10 675	59 23 (NA) 850	103.0 114.0 65.0 31.0	107.0 105.0 (NA) 32.0	107.0 105.0 (NA) 24.0	3,811 1,938 650 20,925	6,313 2,415 (NA) 20,400	
North Dakota	865	1,085	37.0	46.0	44.0	32,005	47,740	
United States	1,604	2,017	37.0	42.7	38.1	59,329	76,868	

⁽NA) Not available.

² Estimates discontinued in 2024.

¹ Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Other Spring Wheat Area Planted and Harvested - States and United States: 2023-2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Includes area planted in preceding fall]

State	Area pl	anted	Area harvested		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 1	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
Idaho	410 1,300 2,700 5,550 740 500	460 1,220 2,450 5,400 680 495	395 1,260 2,670 5,520 650 490	440 1,180 2,330 5,260 630 490	
United States	11,200	10,705	10,985	10,330	

¹ Forecasted.

Other Spring Wheat Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

	Area ha	arvested		Yield per acre	Prod	Production	
State	2023	2024	2023	20	2024		2024
	2023	2024	2023	July 1	August 1	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Idaho	395	440	82.0	87.0	87.0	32,390	38,280
Minnesota	1,260	1,180	62.0	63.0	67.0	78,120	79,060
Montana	2,670	2,330	30.0	35.0	33.0	80,100	76,890
North Dakota	5,520	5,260	48.5	56.0	56.0	267,720	294,560
South Dakota	650	630	43.0	50.0	50.0	27,950	31,500
Washington	490	490	38.0	50.0	48.0	18,620	23,520
United States	10,985	10,330	46.0	53.1	52.6	504,900	543,810

Wheat Production by Class - United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

[Wheat class estimates are based on the latest available data including both surveys and administrative data. The previous end-of-year season class percentages are used throughout the forecast season for States that do not have survey or administrative data available]

Crop	2023	2024
	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)
Winter Hard red Soft red Hard white Soft white	601,017 449,017 14,142 183,572	775,671 342,188 19,258 223,805
Spring Hard red Hard white Soft white Durum	468,068 8,745 28,087 59,329	499,023 10,336 34,451 76,868
Total	1,811,977	1,981,600

Rice Area Planted and Harvested by Class – States and United States: 2023 and 2024 [Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

Olegan and Otate	Area plan	ited	Area harvested			
Class and State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹		
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)		
Long grain						
Arkansas	1,220	1,330	1,215	1,320		
California	10	8	10	8		
Louisiana	390	425	387	420		
Mississippi	121	155	120	154		
Missouri	197	215	193	210		
Texas	125	145	120	140		
United States	2,063	2,278	2,045	2,252		
Medium grain						
Arkansas	215	120	201	110		
California	490	460	487	457		
Louisiana	78	50	75	46		
Mississippi	-	2	-	2		
Missouri	8	5	7	4		
Texas	24	4	23	4		
United States	815	641	793	623		
Short grain ²						
Arkansas	1	1	1	1		
California	15	20	15	20		
United States	16	21	16	21		
All						
Arkansas	1,436	1,451	1,417	1,431		
California	515	488	512	485		
Louisiana	468	475	462	466		
Mississippi	121	157	120	156		
Missouri	205	220	200	214		
Texas	149	149	143	144		
United States	2,894	2,940	2,854	2,896		

⁻ Represents zero.

¹ Forecasted.

² Includes sweet rice.

Rice Area Harvested, Yield, and Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Area harvested		Yield p	er acre	Production ¹	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
Arkansas	1,417 512 462 120 200 143	1,431 485 466 156 214	7,550 8,590 6,800 7,470 7,990 7,670	7,600 8,800 6,650 7,500 7,400 7,500	106,968 43,971 31,431 8,964 15,985 10,972	108,756 42,680 30,989 11,700 15,836 10,800
United States	2,854	2,896	7,649	7,623	218,291	220,761

¹ Includes sweet rice production.

Rice Production by Class - United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

V	I am m musim	Ma divers annin	Short grain ¹	All	
Year	Long grain	ong grain Medium grain		All	
	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)	
2023	153,871	63,217	1,203	218,291	
2024 ²	167,196	52,038	1,527	220,761	

¹ Sweet rice production included with short grain.
² The 2024 rice production by class forecasts are based on class harvested acreage estimates and the 5-year average class yield compared to the all rice yield.

Alfalfa and Alfalfa Mixtures for Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Area hai	rvested	Yie	ld	Produ	ction
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Arizona	280	300	8.30	8.40	2,324	2,520
California	480	480	6.50	7.40	3,120	3,552
Colorado	650	700	3.40	3.10	2,210	2,170
Idaho	1,000	970	4.50	4.20	4,500	4,074
Illinois	180	220	3.80	4.00	684	880
Indiana	270	260	2.50	3.30	675	858
lowa	750	720	3.20	3.90	2,400	2,808
Kansas	735	610	3.05	2.70	2,242	1,647
Kentucky	90	80	3.00	3.40	270	272
Michigan	550	550	2.50	3.30	1,375	1,815
Minnesota	660	680	2.55	3.40	1,683	2,312
Missouri	205	230	2.20	3.30	451	759
Montana	1,650	1,830	2.10	1.90	3,465	3,477
Nebraska	850	930	3.40	3.90	2,890	3,627
Nevada	240	220	4.80	4.20	1,152	924
New Mexico	155	130	4.80	4.50	744	585
New York	200	200	2.30	2.40	460	480
North Dakota	1,530	1,200	1.70	1.90	2,601	2,280
Ohio	290	290	3.90	3.70	1,131	1,073
Oklahoma	175	200	3.90	3.30	683	660
Oregon	320	350	4.70	4.80	1,504	1,680
Pennsylvania	270	270	3.00	2.80	810	756
South Dakota	1,690	1,650	2.35	2.40	3,972	3,960
Texas	85	90	5.50	5.50	468	495
Utah	490	515	4.00	3.70	1,960	1,906
Virginia	35	35	3.20	2.40	112	84
Washington	440	440	4.90	5.20	2,156	2,288
Wisconsin	640	800	2.70	3.10	1,728	2,480
Wyoming	590	555	3.00	2.90	1,770	1,610
Other States ¹	134	122	2.81	2.76	376	337
United States	15,634	15,627	3.19	3.35	49,916	52,369

¹ For 2023, Other States include Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Vermont, and West Virginia. For 2024, Other States include Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Vermont, and West Virginia. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2024 Summary*.

All Other Hay Area Harvested, Yield, and Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

Stata	Area ha	rvested	Yield per	r acre	Produ	ction
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Alabama ¹	680	690	2.60	3.00	1,768	2,070
Arkansas	1,160	1,220	1.90	2.20	2,204	2,684
California	350	430	3.30	3.60	1,155	1,548
Colorado	570	600	1.60	1.45	912	870
Georgia ¹	510	550	3.10	2.40	1,581	1,320
Idaho	300	320	2.50	2.40	750	768
Illinois	230	260	2.10	2.50	483	650
Indiana	260	270	2.30	2.30	598	621
lowa	260	320	2.10	2.40	546	768
Kansas	2,060	1,730	1.35	1.75	2,781	3,028
Kentucky	1,980	2,030	2.10	2.20	4,158	4,466
Louisiana 1	390	430	2.10	2.70	819	1,161
Michigan	230	230	1.70	2.40	391	552
Minnesota	410	490	1.40	2.30	574	1,127
Mississippi 1	580	580	1.90	2.20	1,102	1,276
Missouri	3,650	2,700	1.20	2.15	4,380	5,805
Montana	1,050	1,100	1.75	1.60	1,838	1,760
Nebraska	1,435	1,640	1.70	1.70	2,440	2,788
New York	920	940	1.35	1.90	1,242	1,786
North Carolina	650	640	2.10	2.00	1,365	1,280
North Dakota	1,260	1,000	1.45	1.70	1,827	1.700
Ohio	520	520	2.50	2.60	1,300	1,352
Oklahoma	3,900	3,100	1.70	1.70	6,630	5,270
Oregon	580	610	2.20	2.30	1,276	1,403
Pennsylvania	930	950	2.60	2.45	2,418	2,328
South Dakota	1,265	1,300	1.70	1.75	2,151	2,275
Tennessee	1,700	1,680	2.20	2.00	3,740	3,360
Texas	4,600	4,900	1.80	2.20	8,280	10,780
Virginia	1,120	1,100	2.10	1.90	2,352	2,090
Washington	400	330	3.00	3.00	1,200	990
West Virginia	600	590	1.70	1.80	1,020	1,062
Wisconsin	390	410	1.30	2.00	507	820
Wyoming	500	520	1.55	1.50	775	780
Other States ²	1,747	1,724	2.46	2.27	4,290	3,912
United States	37,187	35,904	1.85	2.07	68,853	74,450

Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures included in all other hay.
 Other States include Alaska, Arizona, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Utah, and Vermont. Individual State level estimates will be published in the *Crop Production 2024* Summary.

Soybeans for Beans Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2023 and 2024 [Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

Chaha	Area plan	ted	Area har	vested
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Alabama	350	360	345	355
Arkansas	2,980	3,050	2,950	3,020
Delaware	150	155	148	153
Georgia	160	170	155	165
Illinois	10,350	10,800	10,300	10,750
Indiana	5,500	5,800	5,480	5,780
lowa	9,950	10,050	9,880	9,970
Kansas	4,430	4,530	4,030	4,480
Kentucky	1,830	2,050	1,820	2,040
Louisiana	1,030	1,100	980	1,060
Maryland	470	495	460	485
Michigan	2,040	2,190	2,030	2,180
Minnesota	7,350	7,400	7,280	7,330
Mississippi	2,180	2,300	2,130	2,270
Missouri	5,600	5,900	5,520	5,830
Nebraska	5,250	5,300	5,180	5,250
New Jersey	100	105	98	103
New York	350	370	340	365
North Carolina	1,640	1,630	1,630	1,620
North Dakota	6,200	6,650	6,160	6,600
Ohio	4,750	5,050	4,730	5,030
Oklahoma	460	505	410	455
Pennsylvania	570	610	560	600
South Carolina	395	390	385	380
South Dakota	5,100	5,450	5,070	5,400
Tennessee	1,600	1,830	1,570	1,800
Texas	125	100	85	80
Virginia	580	610	570	600
Wisconsin	2,110	2,150	2,060	2,120
United States	83,600	87,100	82,356	86,271

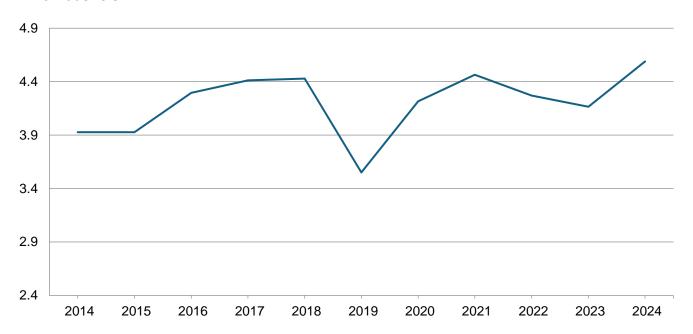
¹ Forecasted.

Soybeans for Beans Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Area ha	rvested	Yield pe	er acre	Produ	Production	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(bushels)	(bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	(1,000 bushels)	
Alabama	345	355	43.0	37.0	14,835	13,135	
Arkansas	2,950	3,020	54.0	57.0	159,300	172,140	
Delaware	148	153	46.0	41.0	6,808	6,273	
Georgia	155	165	43.0	43.0	6,665	7,095	
Illinois	10,300	10,750	63.0	66.0	648,900	709,500	
Indiana	5,480	5,780	61.0	62.0	334,280	358,360	
lowa	9,880	9,970	58.0	61.0	573,040	608,170	
Kansas	4,030	4,480	26.0	38.0	104,780	170,240	
Kentucky	1,820	2,040	55.0	55.0	100,100	112,200	
Louisiana	980	1,060	40.0	49.0	39,200	51,940	
Maryland	460	485	47.0	46.0	21,620	22,310	
Michigan	2,030	2,180	46.0	49.0	93,380	106,820	
Minnesota	7,280	7,330	48.0	49.0	349,440	359,170	
Mississippi	2,130	2,270	56.0	58.0	119,280	131,660	
Missouri	5,520	5,830	48.0	51.0	264,960	297,330	
Nebraska	5,180	5,250	51.5	59.0	266,770	309,750	
New Jersey	98	103	43.0	34.0	4,214	3,502	
New York	340	365	51.0	51.0	17,340	18,615	
North Carolina	1,630	1,620	38.5	36.0	62,755	58,320	
North Dakota	6,160	6,600	35.5	36.0	218,680	237,600	
Ohio	4,730	5,030	58.0	59.0	274,340	296,770	
Oklahoma	410	455	26.0	30.0	10.660	13.650	
Pennsylvania	560	600	47.0	45.0	26,320	27,000	
South Carolina	385	380	39.0	38.0	15,015	14,440	
South Dakota	5,070	5,400	44.0	47.0	223,080	253,800	
Tennessee	1,570	1,800	51.0	49.0	80,070	88,200	
Texas	85	80	25.0	38.0	2,125	3,040	
Virginia	570	600	38.0	43.0	21,660	25,800	
Wisconsin	2,060	2,120	51.0	53.0	105,060	112,360	
United States	82,356	86,271	50.6	53.2	4,164,677	4,589,190	

Soybean Production – United States

Billion bushels



Peanut Area Planted and Harvested - States and United States: 2023 and 2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

Ctata	Area p	lanted	Area harvested		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
Alabama	175.0	190.0	171.0	186.0	
Arkansas	35.0	45.0	34.0	44.0	
Florida	160.0	170.0	152.0	161.0	
Georgia	775.0	850.0	770.0	845.0	
Mississippi	18.0	26.0	16.0	25.0	
Missouri ²	(NA)	23.0	(NA)	22.0	
New Mexico ³	11.0	(NA)	10.0	(NA)	
North Carolina	124.0	130.0	123.0	129.0	
Oklahoma	16.0	18.0	15.0	17.0	
South Carolina	77.0	83.0	74.0	80.0	
Texas	225.0	235.0	180.0	205.0	
Virginia	29.0	30.0	29.0	30.0	
United States	1,645.0	1,800.0	1,574.0	1,744.0	

(NA) Not available.

Peanut Area Harvested, Yield, and Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

Chaha	Area ha	rvested	Yield p	er acre	Production	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Alabama	171.0	186.0	2,810	3,300	480,510	613,800
Arkansas	34.0	44.0	5,800	5,300	197,200	233,200
Florida	152.0	161.0	3,320	3,700	504,640	595,700
Georgia	770.0	845.0	4,070	4,100	3,133,900	3,464,500
Mississippi	16.0	25.0	3,600	3,800	57,600	95,000
Missouri 1	(NA)	22.0	(NA)	5,000	(NA)	110,000
New Mexico ²	10.0	(NA)	2,100	(NA)	21,000	(NA)
North Carolina	123.0	129.0	4,300	4,400	528,900	567,600
Oklahoma	15.0	17.0	3,900	4,100	58,500	69,700
South Carolina	74.0	80.0	4,050	4,000	299,700	320,000
Texas	180.0	205.0	2,600	2,800	468,000	574,000
Virginia	29.0	30.0	4,830	4,700	140,070	141,000
United States	1,574.0	1,744.0	3,742	3,890	5,890,020	6,784,500

(NA) Not available.

¹ Forecasted. ² Estimates began in 2024.

³ Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Estimates began in 2024.

² Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Cotton Area Planted and Harvested by Type – States and United States: 2023 and 2024 [Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

State	Area plan	ted	Area harv	Area harvested			
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹			
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)			
Upland							
Alabama	380.0	400.0	374.0	395.0			
Arizona	76.0	95.0	75.0	94.0			
Arkansas	510.0	650.0	505.0	640.0			
California	13.0	22.0	12.8	21.6			
Florida	89.0	86.0	87.0	84.0			
Georgia	1,110.0	1,100.0	1.100.0	1.090.0			
Kansas	112.0	130.0	94.0	120.0			
Louisiana	120.0	155.0	115.0	150.0			
Mississippi	400.0	520.0	395.0	515.0			
Missouri	335.0	400.0	330.0	380.0			
Wilder	303.0	400.0	330.0	000.0			
New Mexico	32.0	40.0	17.0	27.0			
North Carolina	380.0	410.0	370.0	400.0			
Oklahoma	420.0	435.0	180.0	315.0			
South Carolina	210.0	225.0	207.0	220.0			
Tennessee	265.0	265.0	260.0	250.0			
Texas	5,550.0	5,950.0	2,100.0	3,650.0			
Virginia	81.0	91.0	80.0	90.0			
United States	10,083.0	10,974.0	6,301.8	8,441.6			
American Pima							
Arizona	16.0	14.0	16.0	14.0			
California	85.0	137.0	82.0	135.0			
New Mexico	17.0	15.0	16.8	14.0			
Texas	29.0	33.0	23.0	29.0			
United States	147.0	199.0	137.8	192.0			
All							
Alabama	380.0	400.0	374.0	395.0			
Arizona	92.0	109.0	91.0	108.0			
Arkansas	510.0	650.0	505.0	640.0			
California	98.0	159.0	94.8	156.6			
Florida	89.0	86.0	87.0	84.0			
Georgia	1,110.0	1,100.0	1,100.0	1,090.0			
Kansas	112.0	130.0	94.0	120.0			
Louisiana	120.0	155.0	115.0	150.0			
Mississippi	400.0	520.0	395.0	515.0			
Missouri	335.0	400.0	330.0	380.0			
New Mexico	49.0	55.0	33.8	41.0			
North Carolina	380.0	410.0	370.0	400.0			
_	420.0	435.0	180.0	315.0			
Oklahoma							
South Carolina	210.0	225.0	207.0	220.0			
Tennessee	265.0	265.0	260.0	250.0			
Texas	5,579.0	5,983.0	2,123.0	3,679.0			
Virginia	81.0	91.0	80.0	90.0			
	10,230.0	11,173.0	6,439.6	8,633.6			

¹ Forecasted.

Cotton Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Type - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

Type and State	Area hai	vested	Yield pe	er acre	Produ	ction 1
Type and State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 bales) ²	(1,000 bales) ²
Upland						
Alabama	374.0	395.0	937	881	730.0	725.0
Arizona	75.0	94.0	1,331	1,557	208.0	305.0
Arkansas	505.0	640.0	1,295	1,238	1,362.0	1,650.0
California	12.8	21.6	2,025	2,000	54.0	90.0
Florida	87.0	84.0	612	657	111.0	115.0
	1,100.0	1,090.0	949	947	2.175.0	2,150.0
Georgia	,	,		-	,	,
Kansas	94.0	120.0	761	760	149.0	190.0
_ouisiana	115.0	150.0	872	1,008	209.0	315.0
Mississippi	395.0	515.0	1,083	1,118	891.0	1,200.0
Missouri	330.0	380.0	1,361	1,213	936.0	960.0
New Mexico	17.0	27.0	649	889	23.0	50.0
North Carolina	370.0	400.0	933	912	719.0	760.0
Oklahoma	180.0	315.0	560	655	210.0	430.0
South Carolina	207.0	220.0	937	829	404.0	380.0
Tennessee	260.0	250.0	1,250	1,056	677.0	550.0
Texas	2,100.0	3,650.0	618	592	2,705.0	4,500.0
Virginia	80.0	90.0	1,122	987	187.0	185.0
United States	6,301.8	8,441.6	895	828	11,750.0	14,555.0
American Pima						
Arizona	16.0	14.0	900	891	30.0	26.0
California	82.0	135.0	1,346	1,582	230.0	445.0
			,	,	28.0	22.0
New Mexico	16.8	14.0	800	754		
Texas	23.0	29.0	584	993	28.0	60.0
United States	137.8	192.0	1,101	1,383	316.0	553.0
All						
Alabama	374.0	395.0	937	881	730.0	725.0
Arizona	91.0	108.0	1,255	1,471	238.0	331.0
Arkansas	505.0	640.0	1,295	1,238	1,362.0	1,650.0
California	94.8	156.6	1,438	1,640	284.0	535.0
Florida	87.0	84.0	612	657	111.0	115.0
Georgia	1,100.0	1,090.0	949	947	2,175.0	2,150.0
Kansas	94.0	120.0	761	760	149.0	190.0
_ouisiana	115.0	150.0	872	1,008	209.0	315.0
Mississippi	395.0	515.0	1,083	1,118	891.0	1,200.0
Missouri	330.0	380.0	1,361	1,213	936.0	960.0
New Mexico	33.8	41.0	724	843	51.0	72.0
North Carolina	0-0.0	400.0	000	0.40	- 400	760.0
Oklahoma	370.0 180.0	315.0	933 560	912 655	719.0 210.0	430.0
			937	829	404.0	380.0 380.0
South Carolina	207.0	220.0				
Tennessee	260.0	250.0	1,250	1,056	677.0	550.0
Гехаs	2,123.0	3,679.0	618	595	2,733.0	4,560.0
Virginia	80.0	90.0	1,122	987	187.0	185.0
United States	6,439.6	8,633.6	899	840	12,066.0	15,108.0

¹ Production ginned and to be ginned. ² 480-pound net weight bales.

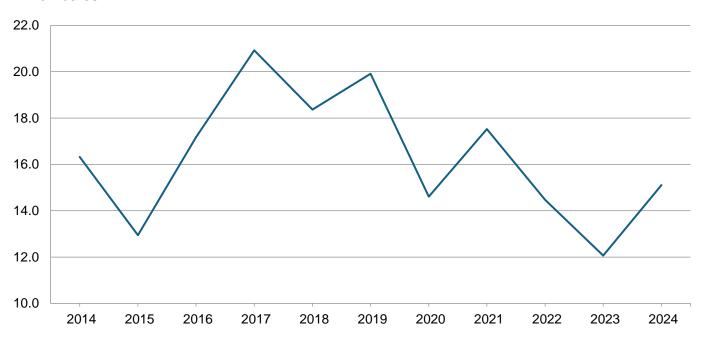
Cottonseed Production - United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Production				
	2023	2024 1			
	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)			
United States	3,644.0	4,605.0			

¹ Based on a 3-year average lint-seed ratio.

Cotton Production - United States

Million bales



Dry Edible Bean Area Planted and Harvested - States and United States: 2023 and 2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published. Excludes beans grown for garden seed and chickpeas]

Chaha	Area p	lanted	Area harvested		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
California ²	16.0	(NA)	15.6	(NA)	
Colorado	33.0	52.0	29.7	49.0	
Idaho	35.0	45.0	34.7	44.0	
Michigan	210.0	250.0	208.0	248.0	
Minnesota	210.0	280.0	207.0	272.0	
Nebraska	100.0	130.0	92.0	121.0	
North Dakota	530.0	730.0	525.0	710.0	
Washington	32.0	45.0	31.6	44.5	
Wyoming ²	14.0	(NA)	13.3	(NA)	
United States	1,180.0	1,532.0	1,156.9	1,488.5	

⁽NA) Not available.

1 Forecasted.

Dry Edible Bean Area Harvested, Yield, and Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

[Excludes beans grown for garden seed and chickpeas]

Ctata	Area har	vested	Yield per	acre 1	Production ¹	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 cwt)	(1,000 cwt)
California ²	15.6	(NA)	2,150	(NA)	336	(NA)
Colorado	29.7	49.0	1,830	1,990	543	975
Idaho	34.7	44.0	2,470	2,250	858	990
Michigan	208.0	248.0	2,440	2,550	5,066	6,324
Minnesota	207.0	272.0	2,430	2,200	5,030	5,984
Nebraska	92.0	121.0	2,140	2,250	1,966	2,723
North Dakota	525.0	710.0	1,700	1,740	8,939	12,354
Washington	31.6	44.5	2,760	2,810	873	1,250
Wyoming ²	13.3	(NA)	2,250	(NA)	299	(NA)
United States	1,156.9	1,488.5	2,067	2,056	23,910	30,600

⁽NA) Not available.

1 Clean basis.

² Estimates discontinued in 2024.

² Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Sugarbeet Area Planted and Harvested – States and United States: 2023 and 2024

[Includes updates to planted and harvested area previously published]

State	Area p	lanted	Area harvested		
State	2023	2024	2023	2024 ¹	
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	
California	23.0	23.0	22.6	22.6	
Colorado	23.2	25.0	21.3	23.5	
Idaho	175.0	174.0	174.0	169.0	
Michigan	133.0	135.0	132.0	134.0	
Minnesota	442.0	415.0	438.0	408.0	
Montana	23.7	25.0	23.3	24.0	
Nebraska	46.7	48.0	46.6	47.0	
North Dakota	229.0	216.0	228.0	213.0	
Oregon	10.8	11.0	10.7	10.9	
Washington	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Wyoming	29.0	33.0	28.8	32.0	
United States	1,137.4	1,107.0	1,127.3	1,086.0	

¹ Forecasted.

Sugarbeet Area Harvested, Yield, and Production — States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

[Relates to year of intended harvest in all States except California]

Ctata	Area ha	rvested	Yield p	er acre	Production	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
California 1	22.6	22.6	48.8	48.8	1,103	1,103
Colorado	21.3	23.5	28.3	31.6	603	743
Idaho	174.0	169.0	40.0	39.2	6,960	6,625
Michigan	132.0	134.0	33.9	36.5	4,475	4,891
Minnesota	438.0	408.0	28.7	30.0	12,571	12,240
Montana	23.3	24.0	31.6	30.5	736	732
Nebraska	46.6	47.0	28.6	30.2	1,333	1,419
North Dakota	228.0	213.0	26.8	30.4	6,110	6,475
Oregon	10.7	10.9	36.4	38.5	389	420
Washington	2.0	2.0	49.7	48.4	99	97
Wyoming	28.8	32.0	29.4	30.1	847	963
United States	1,127.3	1,086.0	31.2	32.9	35,226	35,708

¹ Relates to year of planting for overwintered beets in southern California.

Sugarcane for Sugar and Seed Area Harvested, Yield, and Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre ¹		Production ¹	
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(tons)	(tons)	(1,000 tons)	(1,000 tons)
Florida Louisiana Texas ²	407.6 505.5 16.5	401.0 520.0 (NA)	44.6 30.1 22.5	45.6 30.4 (NA)	18,187 15,208 371	18,286 15,808 (NA)
United States	929.6	921.0	36.3	37.0	33,766	34,094

⁽NA) Not available.

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Georgia ¹	6,300	(NA)	2,150	(NA)	13,545	(NA)
Kentucky	36,800	32,700	2,327	2,112	85,645	69,060
North Carolina	113,120	117,000	2,299	2,200	260,098	257,400
Pennsylvania ¹	3,140	(NA)	2,494	(NA)	7,830	(NA)
South Carolina ¹	5,900	(NA)	1,950	(NA)	11,505	(NA)
Tennessee	9,300	8,300	2,495	2,276	23,205	18,890
Virginia	13,070	13,100	2,343	2,200	30,624	28,820
United States	187,630	171,100	2,305	2,187	432,452	374,170

¹ Net tons.

² Estimates discontinued in 2024.

⁽NA) Not available.

¹ Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Tobacco Area Harvested, Yield, and Production by Class and Type – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

	Area ha	rvested		Yield per acre		Produ	ıction
Class, type, and State	2023 202	2024	2022	2024		2022	2024
	2023	2024	2023	July 1	August 1	2023	2024
	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Class 1, Flue-cured (11-14)						, ,	, ,
Georgia ¹	6,300	(NA)	2,150	(NA)	(NA)	13,545	(NA)
North Carolina	113,000	117,000	2,300	2,000	2,200	259,900	257,400
South Carolina ¹	5,900	(NA)	1,950	(NA)	(NA)	11,505	(NA)
Virginia	12,800	13,100	2,350	2,200	2,200	30,080	28,820
United States	138,000	130,100	2,283	2,019	2,200	315,030	286,220
Class 2, Fire-cured (21-23)							
Kentucky	6,300	4,600	3,150	(NA)	2,800	19,845	12,880
Tennessee	5,100	3,700	3,050	(NA)	2,900	15,555	10,730
Virginia ¹	100	(NA)	1,950	(NA)	(NA)	195	(NA)
United States	11,500	8,300	3,095	(NA)	2,845	35,595	23,610
Class 3A, Light air-cured Type 31, Burley							
Kentucky	27,000	25.000	2.100	(NA)	1,900	56.700	47.500
North Carolina ¹	120	(NA)	1,650	(NA)	(NA)	198	(NA)
Pennsylvania ¹	1,100	(NA)	2,500	(NA)	(NA)	2,750	(NA)
Tennessee	3,000	3,600	1,550	(NA) (NA)	1,600	4,650	5,760
Virginia ¹	170	(NA)	2,050	(NA)	(NA)	349	(NA)
United States	31,390	28,600	2,059	(NA)	1,862	64,647	53,260
Type 32, Southern Maryland Belt ¹							
Pennsylvania	40	(NA)	2,000	(NA)	(NA)	80	(NA)
United States	40	(NA)	2,000	(NA)	(NA)	80	(NA)
Total light air-cured (31-32)	31,430	28,600	2,059	(NA)	1,862	64,727	53,260
Class 3B, Dark air-cured (35-37)							
Kentucky	3,500	3,100	2,600	(NA)	2,800	9,100	8,680
Tennessee	1,200	1,000	2,500	(NA)	2,400	3,000	2,400
United States	4,700	4,100	2,574	(NA)	2,702	12,100	11,080
Class 4, Cigar filler ¹							
Type 41, Pennsylvania Seedleaf							
Pennsylvania	2,000	(NA)	2,500	(NA)	(NA)	5,000	(NA)
United States	2,000	(NA)	2,500	(NA)	(NA)	5,000	(NA)
All tobacco United States	187,630	171,100	2,305	(NA)	2,187	432,452	374,170
United States	101,030	17 1, 100	2,303	(INA)	۷, ۱۵/	402,402	314,110

⁽NA) Not available.

1 Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Hop Area Harvested, Yield, and Production – States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Area harvested		Yield per acre		Production	
State	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(acres)	(acres)	(pounds)	(pounds)	(1,000 pounds)	(1,000 pounds)
Idaho Oregon Washington	8,645 6,822 38,851	5,833 5,726 33,265	1,949 1,558 1,971	2,080 1,630 2,000	16,853.0 10,629.7 76,559.8	12,132.6 9,333.4 66,530.0
United States	54,318	44,824	1,915	1,963	104,042.5	87,996.0

Commercial Apple Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

Chata	Total production				
State	2023	2024			
	(million pounds)	(million pounds)			
California Michigan New York Oregon Pennsylvania Virginia Washington	240.0 1,340.0 1,245.0 158.5 553.0 211.0 7,610.0	230.0 1,200.0 1,300.0 150.0 510.0 220.0 7,500.0			
United States	11,357.5	11,110.0			

Cranberry Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

[A barrel weighs 100 lbs]

Chaha	Total production				
State	2023	2024			
	(barrels)	(barrels)			
Massachusetts	1,970,000 580,000 550,000 5,010,000	2,200,000 580,000 560,000 4,900,000			
United States	8,110,000	8,240,000			

Grape Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Total production			
State	2023	2024		
	(tons)	(tons)		
California	5,570,000	5,800,000		
Raisin ¹	940,000	1,050,000		
Table ¹	940,000	1,150,000		
Wine	3,690,000	3,600,000		
New York ²	(NA)	165,000		
Oregon ²	(NA)	95,000		
Washington	339,500	305,000		
Juice	180,000	150,000		
Wine	159,500	155,000		
United States	5,909,500	6,365,000		

(NA) Not available.

1 Fresh basis.

² Estimates began in 2024.

Peach Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

Chaha	Total production				
State	2023	2024			
	(tons)	(tons)			
California	480,000	530,000			
Freestone	259,000	300,000			
Clingstone	221,000	230,000			
Colorado	15,600	12,000			
Georgia	4,930	37,000			
Michigan	11,250	7,500			
New Jersey	14,200	11,500			
Pennsylvania	17,500	16,000			
South Carolina	38,800	105,000			
Washington ¹	6,260	(NA)			
United States	588,540	719,000			

Pear Production - States and United States: 2023 and Forecasted August 1, 2024

State	Total production			
State	2023	2024		
	(tons)	(tons)		
California Oregon Washington	162,500 236,000 267,000	135,000 200,000 185,000		
United States	665,500	520,000		

⁽NA) Not available.

¹ Estimates discontinued in 2024.

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2023 and 2024

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2024 crop year. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

0	Area planted		Area harvested	
Crop	2023	2024	2023	2024
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Grains and hay				
Barley	3,101	2,405	2,555	1,882
Corn for grain ¹	94,641	90,748	86,513	82,710
Corn for silage	(NA)		6,471	
Hay, all	(NA)	(NA)	52,821	51,531
Alfalfa	(NA)	(NA)	15.634	15.627
All other	(NA)	(NA)	37,187	35,904
Oats	2,555	2,348	831	900
Proso millet	619	450	572	000
Rice	2,894	2,940	2,854	2,896
Rye	2,293	2,204	322	378
Sorghum for grain ¹	7,195	6,300	6,115	5,275
	(NA)	0,300	384	5,275
Sorghum for silage	49,575	46,270		37,940
Wheat, all	,	*	37,272	,
Winter	36,699	33,480	24,683	25,593
Durum	1,676	2,085	1,604	2,017
Other spring	11,200	10,705	10,985	10,330
Oilseeds				
Canola	2,344.5	2,662.5	2,319.2	2,616.0
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Flaxseed	178	140	160	125
Mustard seed	245.0	218.0	238.1	203.5
Peanuts	1,645.0	1,800.0	1,574.0	1,744.0
Rapeseed	13.2	20.2	10.1	18.3
Safflower	129.5	127.0	126.0	117.0
Soybeans for beans	83,600	87,100	82,356	86,271
Sunflower	1,315.0	898.5	1,267.5	862.6
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops				
Cotton, all	10,230.0	11,173.0	6,439.6	8,633.6
Upland	10,083.0	10,974.0	6,301.8	8,441.6
American Pima	147.0	199.0	137.8	192.0
Sugarbeets	1,137.4	1,107.0	1,127.3	1,086.0
Sugarcane	(NA)	(NA)	929.6	921.0
Tobacco	(NA)	(NA)	187.6	171.1
Dry beans, peas, and lentils				
Chickpeas	372.4	502.0	359.2	485.9
Dry edible beans	1,180.0	1,532.0	1.156.9	1,488.5
Dry edible peas	966.0	1,033.0	941.0	988.0
Lentils	546.0	836.0	523.0	790.0
Potatoes and miscellaneous				
	(NA)	(NA)	54.3	44.8
Hops	\ /	` '		
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mushrooms	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Peppermint oil	(NA)		31.3	
Potatoes	965.0	941.0	960.2	934.2
Spearmint oil	(NA)		12.2	

See footnote(s) at end of table.

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Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Domestic Units – United States: 2023 and 2024 (continued)

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2024 crop year. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Yield per a	acre	Production		
Сюр	2023	2024	2023	2024	
			(1,000)	(1,000)	
Grains and hay					
Barleybushels	72.4	79.1	185,036	148,805	
Corn for grain bushels	177.3	183.1	15,341,595	15,146,590	
Corn for silagetons	20.1		129.994	-, -,	
Hay, alltons	2.25	2.46	118,769	126,819	
Alfalfatons	3.19	3.35	49,916	52,369	
All other tons	1.85	2.07	68,853	74,450	
Oatsbushels	68.6	75.1	57,045	67,600	
Proso millet bushels	34.2	73.1	19,572	07,000	
		7 622		220.761	
Rice ² cwt	7,649	7,623	218,291	220,761	
Ryebushels	32.2	50.0	10,375	070.040	
Sorghum for grainbushels	52.0	52.9	317,745	278,810	
Sorghum for silagetons	13.0		4,981	4 00 4 000	
Wheat, allbushels	48.6	52.2	1,811,977	1,981,600	
Winterbushels	50.6	53.2	1,247,748	1,360,922	
Durumbushels	37.0	38.1	59,329	76,868	
Other springbushels	46.0	52.6	504,900	543,810	
Oilseeds					
Canolapounds	1,793		4,157,420		
Cottonseedtons	(X)	(X)	3,644.0	4,605.0	
Flaxseed bushels	18.5	, ,	2,961		
Mustard seedpounds	627		149,305		
Peanutspounds	3,742	3,890	5,890,020	6,784,500	
Rapeseedpounds	2,003	-,	20,230	., . ,	
Safflowerpounds	1,036		130,570		
Soybeans for beansbushels	50.6	53.2	4,164,677	4,589,190	
Sunflowerpounds	1,786	00.2	2,263,520	4,000,100	
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops					
Cotton, all ² bales	899	840	12.066.0	15.108.0	
Upland ² bales	895	828	11,750.0	14,555.0	
American Pima ² bales	1,101	1,383	316.0	553.0	
	31.2	32.9	35,226	35.708	
Sugarbeetstons	36.3	37.0		34,094	
Sugarcanetons Tobaccopounds	2,305	2,187	33,766 432,452	374,170	
Davidson and leadile					
Dry beans, peas, and lentils	4 045		4 700		
Chickpeas ²	1,315	0.050	4,722	00.000	
Dry edible beans ² cwt	2,067	2,056	23,910	30,600	
Dry edible peas ²	1,922		18,086		
Lentils ² cwt	1,098		5,742		
Potatoes and miscellaneous					
Hopspounds	1,915	1,963	104,042.5	87,996.0	
Maple syrupgallons	(NA)	(NA)	4,843	5,860	
Mushroomspounds	(NA)	(NA)	666,647		
Peppermint oilpounds	` 9Ó	` '	2,811		
Potatoescwt	459		440,750		
Spearmint oilpounds	126		1,541		

⁽NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.

¹ Area planted for all purposes.

² Yield in pounds.

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units – United States: 2023 and 2024

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2024 crop year.

Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet be	Area pl	anted	Area harvested		
Crop	2023 2024		2023	2024	
	(hectares)	(hectares)	(hectares)	(hectares)	
Grains and hay					
Barley	1,254,940	973,280	1.033.980	761,630	
Corn for grain ¹	38,300,270	36,724,810	35,010,950	33,471,910	
Corn for silage	(NA)	,,	2.618.750	,,	
Hay, all ²	(NA)	(NA)	21,376,130	20,854,080	
Alfalfa	(NA)	(NA)	6,326,920	6,324,090	
All other	(NA)	(NA)	15,049,210	14,529,990	
	\ /	` '	336.300	, ,	
Oats	1,033,980	950,210	/	364,220	
Proso millet	250,500	182,110	231,480	4 474 000	
Rice	1,171,170	1,189,790	1,154,990	1,171,980	
Rye	927,950	891,940	130,310	152,970	
Sorghum for grain ¹	2,911,740	2,549,550	2,474,680	2,134,740	
Sorghum for silage	(NA)		155,400		
Wheat, all ²	20,062,510	18,725,010	15,083,610	15,353,940	
Winter	14,851,720	13,549,020	9,988,960	10,357,230	
Durum	678,260	843,780	649,120	816,260	
Other spring	4,532,530	4,332,210	4,445,520	4,180,450	
Oilseeds					
Canola	948,800	1,077,490	938,560	1,058,670	
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Flaxseed	72,030	56,660	64,750	50,590	
Mustard seed	99.150	88,220	96.360	82.350	
Peanuts	665.720	728.440	636,980	705.780	
	, -	-, -		,	
Rapeseed	5,340	8,170	4,090	7,410	
Safflower	52,410	51,400	50,990	47,350	
Soybeans for beans	33,832,080	35,248,500	33,328,650	34,913,010	
Sunflower	532,170	363,610	512,940	349,090	
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops					
Cotton, all ²	4,139,980	4,521,600	2,606,040	3,493,930	
Upland	4,080,490	4,441,070	2,550,280	3,416,230	
American Pima	59,490	80,530	55,770	77,700	
Sugarbeets	460,290	447,990	456,210	439,490	
Sugarcane	(NA)	(NA)	376,200	372,720	
Tobacco	(NA)	(NA)	75,930	69,240	
Dry beans, peas, and lentils					
Chickpeas	150,710	203,150	145,360	196,640	
Dry edible beans	477,530	619,990	468,190	602,380	
Dry edible peas	390,930	418,040	380,810	399,830	
Lentils	220,960	338,320	211,650	319,710	
Potetogo and missellaneous					
Potatoes and miscellaneous	(ALA)	/A1A)	04.000	40.000	
Hops	(NA)	(NA)	21,980	18,030	
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Mushrooms	(NA)		(NA)		
Peppermint oil	(NA)		12,670		
Potatoes	390,530	380,810	388,580	378,060	
Spearmint oil	(NA)		4,940		

See footnote(s) at end of table.

--continued

Crop Area Planted and Harvested, Yield, and Production in Metric Units - United States: 2023 and 2024 (continued)

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2024 crop year. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Crop	Yield per	hectare	Production		
Сгор	2023	2024	2023	2024	
	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	(metric tons)	
Grains and hay					
Barley	3.90	4.25	4,028,680	3,239,850	
Corn for grain	11.13	11.49	389,694,460	384,741,110	
Corn for silage	45.03		117,928,570	, , ,	
Hay, all ²	5.04	5.52	107,745,420	115,048,260	
Alfalfa	7.16	7.51	45,283,030	47,508,360	
All other	4.15	4.65	62,462,390	67,539,900	
Oats	2.46	2.69	828,010	981,210	
Proso millet	1.92	2.09	443,890	301,210	
	8.57	8.54	,	10,013,550	
Rice		0.54	9,901,510	10,013,330	
Rye	2.02	0.00	263,540	7 000 400	
Sorghum for grain	3.26	3.32	8,071,090	7,082,100	
Sorghum for silage	29.08	6 = 1	4,518,690	E0 000 0 10	
Wheat, all ²	3.27	3.51	49,313,930	53,930,310	
Winter	3.40	3.58	33,958,140	37,038,230	
Durum	2.49	2.56	1,614,670	2,092,000	
Other spring	3.09	3.54	13,741,130	14,800,080	
Oilseeds					
Canola	2.01		1,885,770		
Cottonseed	(X)	(X)	3,305,780	4,177,590	
Flaxseed	1.16	` '	75,210	, ,	
Mustard seed	0.70		67,720		
Peanuts	4.19	4.36	2,671,670	3,077,400	
Rapeseed	2.25		9,180	0,0,.00	
Safflower	1.16		59,230		
Soybeans for beans	3.40	3.58	113,343,930	124,897,280	
Sunflower	2.00	0.00	1,026,720	124,007,200	
Cotton, tobacco, and sugar crops					
Cotton, all ²	1.01	0.94	2,627,060	3,289,380	
· ·	-				
Upland	1.00	0.93	2,558,260	3,168,980	
American Pima	1.23	1.55	68,800	120,400	
Sugarbeets	70.05	73.71	31,956,490	32,393,750	
Sugarcane	81.42	82.98	30,632,000	30,929,560	
Tobacco	2.58	2.45	196,160	169,720	
Dry beans, peas, and lentils					
Chickpeas	1.47		214,190		
Dry edible beans	2.32	2.30	1,084,540	1,387,990	
Dry edible peas	2.15		820,370		
Lentils	1.23		260,450		
Potatoes and miscellaneous					
Hops	2.15	2.20	47,190	39,910	
Maple syrup	(NA)	(NA)	24,220	29,300	
Mushrooms	(NA)	(NA)	302,390	_5,000	
Peppermint oil	0.10	(14/7)	1,280		
Potatoes	51.45		19,992,090		
Spearmint oil	0.14		700		
ореанник он	0.14		700		

⁽NA) Not available.
(X) Not applicable.

¹ Area planted for all purposes.

² Total may not add due to rounding.

Fruits and Nuts Production in Domestic Units - United States: 2023 and 2024

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2024 crop year, except citrus which is for the 2023-2024 season. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Cons	Production			
Crop	2023	2024		
Citrus ¹				
Grapefruit1,000 tons	339	340		
Lemons	1,096	1,078		
Oranges	2,548	2,758		
Tangerines and mandarins	965	981		
Noncitrus				
Apples, commercialmillion pounds	11,357.5	11,110.0		
Apricots tons	35,820	36,000		
Avocados tons	128,850			
Blueberries, Cultivated	648,000			
Blueberries, Wild (Maine)1,000 pounds	87,600			
Cherries, Sweettons	354,300	355,000		
Cherries, Tartmillion pounds	200.2	222.0		
Coffee (Hawaii)1,000 pounds	23,310			
Cranberriesbarrel	8,110,000	8,240,000		
Datestons	49,050			
Grapes tons	5,909,500	6,365,000		
Kiwifruit (California)tons	27,400			
Nectarines (California)tons	145,500			
Olives (California) tons	121,500			
Papayas (Hawaii)	10,250			
Peaches tons	588,540	719,000		
Pears tons	665,500	520,000		
Plums (California)tons	89,600			
Prunes (California) tons	287,400			
Raspberries1,000 pounds	138,100			
Strawberries	27,560.0			
Nuts and miscellaneous				
Almonds, shelled (California)	2,470,000	2,800,000		
Hazelnuts, in-shell (Oregon)tons	94,200	,		
Macadamias (Hawaii)	36,800			
Pecans, in-shell	306,750			
Pistachios (California)	1,490,000			
Walnuts, in-shell (California)tons	824,000			

¹ Production years are 2022-2023 and 2023-2024.

Fruits and Nuts Production in Metric Units - United States: 2023 and 2024

[Data are the latest estimates available, either from the current report or from previous reports. Current year estimates are for the full 2024 crop year, except citrus which is for the 2023-2024 season. Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

Cours	Production			
Crop	2023	2024		
	(metric tons)	(metric tons)		
Citrus ¹ Grapefruit Lemons Oranges Tangerines and mandarins	307,540 994,270 2,311,510 875,430	308,440 977,950 2,502,020 889,950		
Noncitrus Apples, commercial Apricots Avocados Blueberries, Cultivated Blueberries, Wild (Maine)	5,151,680 32,500 116,890 293,930 39,730	5,039,410 32,660		
Cherries, Sweet	321,420 90,810 10,570 367,860	322,050 100,700		
Cranberries Dates Grapes Kiwifruit (California) Nectarines (California) Olives (California)	44,500 5,361,010 24,860 132,000 110,220	373,760 5,774,230		
Papayas (Hawaii) Peaches Pears Plums (California) Prunes (California) Raspberries Strawberries	4,650 533,910 603,730 81,280 260,720 62,640 1,250,100	652,270 471,740		
Nuts and miscellaneous Almonds, shelled (California) Hazelnuts, in-shell (Oregon) Macadamias (Hawaii) Pecans, in-shell Pistachios (California) Walnuts, in-shell (California)	1,120,370 85,460 16,690 139,140 675,850 747,520	1,270,060		

¹ Production years are 2022-2023 and 2023-2024.

Winter Wheat for Grain Objective Yield Data

The National Agricultural Statistics Service is conducting objective yield surveys in 10 winter wheat-producing States during 2024. Randomly selected plots in winter wheat for grain fields are visited monthly from May through harvest to obtain specific counts and measurements. Data in these tables are based on counts from this survey.

Winter Wheat Objective Yield Percent of Samples Processed in the Lab - United States: 2020-2024

Year	June	July	August
<u> </u>	Mature ¹	Mature ¹	Mature ¹
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
2020	14	64	92
2021	7	64	97
2022	14	64	91
2023	9	52	94
2024	21	70	93

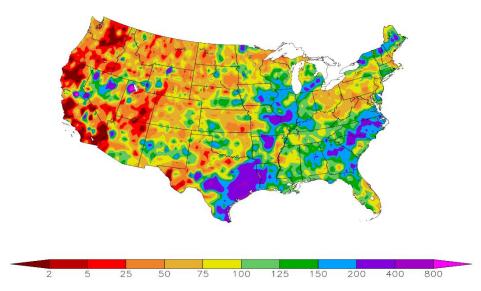
¹ Includes winter wheat in the hard dough stage or beyond and are considered mature or almost mature.

Winter Wheat Heads per Square Foot – Selected States: 2020-2024 [Blank data cells indicate estimation period has not yet begun]

State	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 ¹
	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)
Colorado July August Final	43.0 42.7 42.7	49.9 46.8 46.8	40.8 39.7 39.7	41.5 48.4 48.4	39.8 40.9
Illinois July August Final	52.5 52.4 52.4	63.3 63.4 63.4	63.1 62.9 62.9	58.3 58.3 58.3	63.1 61.0
Kansas July August Final	45.3 45.4 45.4	51.4 51.4 51.4	40.7 40.7 40.7	37.3 38.5 38.5	42.1 41.1
Missouri July August Final	52.5 52.5 52.5	55.4 55.4 55.4	55.5 55.5 55.5	48.1 48.1 48.1	57.0 56.9
Montana July August Final	37.4 38.8 38.6	40.2 38.9 38.9	36.0 38.2 38.3	44.3 44.8 44.8	47.2 47.2
Nebraska July August Final	45.8 45.7 45.7	47.7 47.0 47.0	45.1 45.4 45.4	45.7 43.2 43.2	61.3 60.6
Ohio July August Final	64.1 63.9 63.9	66.7 66.5 66.5	55.1 55.0 55.0	57.9 57.7 57.7	61.5 60.6
Oklahoma July August Final	38.2 38.3 38.3	38.2 38.2 38.2	35.2 35.3 35.3	40.2 40.2 40.2	36.3 35.1
Texas July August Final	32.7 32.7 32.7	32.1 31.3 31.3	29.0 28.8 28.9	31.2 31.3 31.7	30.8 31.2
Washington July	37.7 38.3 38.2	33.3 33.4 33.4	40.3 41.0 41.1	31.7 31.9 31.9	39.0 38.0
10 State July August Final	42.1 42.3 42.3	45.5 45.0 45.0	40.6 40.8 40.8	39.7 40.7 40.8	42.3 41.8

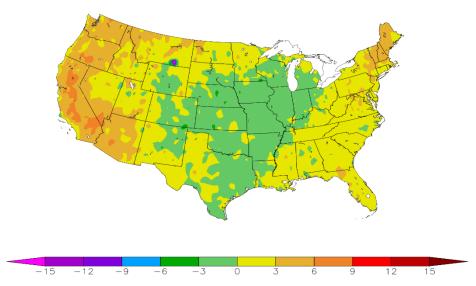
¹ Final head counts will be published in the Small Grains 2024 Summary.

Percent of Normal Precipitation (%) 7/1/2024 - 7/31/2024



NOAA Regional Climate Centers

Departure from Normal Temperature (F) 7/1/2024 - 7/31/2024



NOAA Regional Climate Centers

July Weather Summary

A sudden Southeastern pattern change delivered cooler, wetter weather late in the month, following a scorching hot spell that halted pasture growth and severely stressed earlier-planted summer crops, such as corn. By July 14, more than 40 percent of the pastures were rated in very poor to poor condition in West Virginia and each Atlantic Coast State from Georgia to Maryland. In North Carolina, corn rated very poor to poor peaked at 73 percent on July 7 and 14, before slightly recovering. Farther north, however, much of the Midwest received plenty of rain during a critical month for crops, despite a late-July drying trend. In fact, parts of the upper Midwest remained too wet, following the previous month's flooding. Perhaps more importantly, Midwestern temperatures stayed below stressful levels for corn and soybeans, allowing crops to generally flourish. By July 21, more than two-thirds of both corn (67 percent) and soybeans (68 percent) were rated in good to excellent condition—the best ratings for this time of year since 2020. In the South, condition ratings for rice (83 percent good to excellent on June 16 and 23, along with July 21 and 28) were the best of the 21st century. Elsewhere, beneficial, late-July rainfall and cooler conditions in the Southeast allowed the Nation's peanut crop to rebound from 53 to 68 percent good to excellent between June 30 and July 28.

Meanwhile, Beryl spent about 10 days prowling the Atlantic Basin, becoming the earliest-ever Category 5 hurricane (previously, Emily on July 16, 2005). Beryl attained Category 5 status late July 1 and reached peak intensity, with sustained winds near 165 mph, on July 2. Six days later—after making landfall near Tulum, Mexico (early July 5, with sustained winds near 110 mph)—Beryl arrived near Matagorda, Texas, as a Category 1 hurricane, with sustained winds only near 80 mph. However, Beryl was responsible for flash flooding and coastal flooding, along with a loss of electricity for more than 2.7 million customers in eastern Texas due to widespread wind gusts of 80 to 90 mph. For some, power outages persisted for a week or more, complicating recovery efforts during a post-storm spell of hot, humid weather. The remnants of Beryl curved northeastward, delivering a narrow band of briefly heavy but mostly beneficial rain across the mid-South and lower Midwest.

Tropical rainfall and showers associated with several cold fronts largely bypassed the central Appalachians and neighboring areas in the Ohio Valley and mid-Atlantic. By July 28, topsoil moisture was rated 94 percent very short to short in West Virginia, along with 62 percent in Ohio and Maryland, and 49 percent in Virginia. Meanwhile, a drying trend across much of the Plains and Rockies left topsoil moisture rated more than one-third very short to short by July 28, except in the Dakotas, led by Wyoming (79 percent), New Mexico (69 percent), Colorado (68 percent), Montana (59 percent), and Texas (51 percent). Among reporting states, Colorado led the Nation on that date with 33 percent of its sorghum rated in very poor to poor condition, while Texas led with 31 percent of its cotton rated very poor to poor. Additionally, 39 percent of the rangeland and pastures in Texas were rated very poor to poor on July 28, with only seven states reporting higher values: West Virginia (65 percent), Virginia (64 percent), Washington (59 percent), Wyoming (57 percent), New Mexico (50 percent), Oregon (49 percent), and Maryland (43 percent).

The first half of the month featured a record-setting Western heat wave that helped to dry out the landscape and led to heavy irrigation demands and declining pasture conditions. Following two wet Western winters and last year's limited wildfire activity (only 2.7 million acres of vegetation burned, nationally, in 2023), an abundance of fine fuels—including brush and grass—were cured by this summer's heat. Additionally, many Western forests remain ripe for wildfire activity due to chronically hot, dry conditions during the 21st century that have left millions of dead or dying trees. During July, dozens of large wildfires, sparked by lightning strikes or human activity, flared across the West, resulting in reduced air quality and threats to several communities. By month's end, year-to-date wildfires had nationally burned nearly 4.5 million acres, above the 10-year average of 3.6 million acres but well below the annual record of 10.1 million acres, set in 2015 and nearly tied in 2017 and 2020. July's largest blaze, the 402,000-acre, arson-induced Park Fire near Chico, California, destroyed more than 600 structures and became the state's fourth-largest modern fire on record within a week of its July 24 start. Oregon was also hit hard, with five individual wildfires consuming more than 100,000 acres of vegetation during July.

Drought coverage in the Lower 48 States was nearly steady during July, ranging from 19 to 21 percent, according to the *Drought Monitor*. Nevertheless, those numbers marked a substantial increase from the 2024 drought coverage minimum of 11.77 percent, which occurred on June 11. In addition, there was considerable regional variability, with drought improvement noted between July 2 and 30 in the Southeast, along with the southern Corn Belt and southern sections of the Rockies and High Plains. In contrast, developing or worsening drought conditions were observed during July across

portions of the central Plains, as well as an area stretching from the middle Ohio Valley into the mid-Atlantic. Worsening conditions were also observed in parts of the Northwest, extending as far east as the northern High Plains.

July Agricultural Summary

July was warmer than normal for the eastern and western thirds of the Nation. Parts of the Pacific Northwest and Southwest recorded temperatures 6°F or more above normal for the month. In contrast, much of the Midwest, Mississippi Valley, and Great Plains, as well as parts of the Rockies, were moderately cooler than normal. Much of the mid-Atlantic, Ohio Valley, and West remained drier than normal for the month. In contrast, large parts of Texas, as well as parts of the Great Basin, Great Lakes, Mississippi Valley, New England, and Southeast, recorded at least twice the normal amount of precipitation. Parts of the Texas Gulf Coast recorded 18 inches or more of rain for the month.

By July 7, twenty-four percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 6 percentage points ahead of last year and 10 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 7, three percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By July 21, sixty-one percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 1 percentage point behind last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 21, seventeen percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, eighty-eight percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 2 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 4, forty-six percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, seven percent of this year's corn acreage was denting, equal to last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On August 4, sixty-seven percent of the Nation's corn acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 10 percentage points above the same time last year. In Iowa, the largest corn producing State, 77 percent of the corn crop was rated in good to excellent condition on August 4.

By July 7, thirty-four percent of the Nation's soybean acreage had reached the blooming stage, 1 percentage point behind last year but 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 7, nine percent of the Nation's soybean acreage had begun setting pods, 1 percentage point ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 21, sixty-five percent of the Nation's soybean acreage had reached the blooming stage, 1 percentage point behind last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 21, twenty-nine percent of the Nation's soybean acreage had begun setting pods, 2 percentage points behind last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, eighty-six percent of the Nation's soybean acreage had reached the blooming stage, 2 percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, fifty-nine percent of the Nation's soybean acreage had begun setting pods, 2 percentage points behind last year but 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On August 4, sixty-eight percent of the Nation's soybean acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 14 percentage points above the same time last year.

Sixty-three percent of the 2024 winter wheat acreage had been harvested by July 7, twenty percentage points ahead of last year and 11 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Seventy-six percent of the 2024 winter wheat acreage had been harvested by July 21, eleven percentage points ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Eighty-eight percent of the 2024 winter wheat acreage had been harvested by August 4, three percentage points ahead of last year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Winter wheat harvest progress continued with advances of 20 percentage points or better reported in Montana, Oregon, and South Dakota for the week ending August 4.

Fifty-two percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had reached the squaring stage by July 7, one percentage point ahead of last year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 7, nineteen percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had begun setting bolls, 4 percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Eighty-one percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had reached the squaring stage by July 21, seven percentage points ahead of last year and 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 21, forty-two percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had begun setting bolls, 8 percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Ninety-one percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had reached the squaring stage by August 4, one percentage point ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 4, sixty percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had begun setting bolls, 2 percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, eight percent of the Nation's cotton had open

bolls, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. On August 4, forty-five percent of the 2024 cotton acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 4 percentage points above the same time last year.

Ninety-six percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was planted by June 30, six percentage points ahead of last year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 7, twenty-three percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage had reached the headed stage, 1 percentage point behind both last year and the 5-year average. Thirteen percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was at or beyond the coloring stage by July 7, one percentage point behind both last year and the 5-year average. By July 21, thirty-four percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage had reached the headed stage, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Nineteen percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was at or beyond the coloring stage by July 21, one percentage point behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, sixty-three percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage had reached the headed stage, 8 percentage points ahead of last year and 9 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Twenty-five percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was at or beyond the coloring stage by August 4, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Forty-seven percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was rated in good to excellent condition on August 4, ten percentage points below the same time last year.

By July 7, thirty-one percent of the Nation's rice acreage had reached the headed stage, 4 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 11 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 21, fifty-eight percent of the Nation's rice acreage had reached the headed stage, 14 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 22 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, eighty percent of the Nation's rice acreage had reached the headed stage, 9 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 16 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Nationally, 7 percent of the rice acreage was harvested by August 4, one percentage point behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On August 4, eighty percent of the Nation's rice acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 9 percentage points above the same time last year.

Eighty-three percent of the Nation's oat acreage had headed by July 7, one percentage point behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Ninety-five percent of the Nation's oat acreage had headed by July 21, equal to both last year and the 5-year average. Twenty-two percent of the Nation's oat acreage had been harvested by July 21, four percentage points ahead of last year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Forty-seven percent of the Nation's oat acreage had been harvested by August 4, two percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. Oat harvest progress continued with advances of 18 percentage points or more reported in Iowa, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin. On August 4, sixty-seven percent of the Nation's oat acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 23 percentage points above the same time last year.

Fifty-six percent of the Nation's barley acreage had reached the headed stage by July 7, equal to last year but three percentage points behind the 5-year average. Eighty-four percent of the Nation's barley acreage had reached the headed stage by July 21, three percentage points behind last year and 5 percentage points behind the 5-year average. Ninety-seven percent of the Nation's barley acreage had reached the headed stage by August 4, one percentage point behind last year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By August 4, barley producers had harvested 7 percent of the Nation's barley crop, 6 percentage points behind last year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. On August 4, seventy-two percent of the Nation's barley acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 22 percentage points above the same time last year.

By July 7, fifty-nine percent of the Nation's spring wheat crop had reached the headed stage, 7 percentage points behind the previous year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. By July 21, eighty-nine percent of the Nation's spring wheat crop had reached the headed stage, 3 percentage points behind the previous year and 1 percentage point behind the 5-year average. By August 4, ninety-seven percent of the Nation's spring wheat crop had reached the headed stage, 1 percentage point behind the previous year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By August 4, six percent of the Nation's spring wheat had been harvested, 2 percentage points behind the previous year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. On August 4, seventy-four percent of the Nation's spring wheat was rated in good to excellent condition, 33 percentage points above the same time last year.

By July 7, fifty-eight percent of the Nation's peanut crop had reached the pegging stage, eight percentage points ahead of the previous year and 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 21, eighty percent of the Nation's peanut

crop had reached the pegging stage, 3 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, ninety-two percent of the Nation's peanut crop had reached the pegging stage, 1 percentage point ahead of both the previous year and the 5-year average. On August 4, seventy-one percent of the Nation's peanut acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points below the same time last year.

Ninety-seven percent of the Nation's intended 2024 sunflower acreage was planted by June 30, one percentage point behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average.

Crop Comments

Corn: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 90.7 million acres, is down 1 percent from the previous estimate and down 4 percent from 2023. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 82.7 million acres, down 1 percent from the previous forecast and down 4 percent from last year.

Production for grain is forecast at 15.1 billion bushels, which if realized would be the third highest production for grain on record for the United States. Based on conditions as of August 1, the yield is forecast at a record high 183.1 bushels per acre, up 5.8 bushels from last year's final estimate of 177.3 bushels. Record high yields are forecast in Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Nebraska, South Dakota, Washington, and Wisconsin.

By June 2, producers had planted 91 percent of the Nation's corn crop, 4 percentage points behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Seventy-four percent of the Nation's corn acreage had emerged by June 2, seven percentage points behind the previous year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By June 9, producers had planted 95 percent of the Nation's corn crop, 3 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. Eighty-five percent of the Nation's corn acreage had emerged by June 9, six percentage points behind the previous year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Ninety-three percent of the Nation's corn acreage had emerged by June 16, two percentage points behind the previous year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Ninety-seven percent of the Nation's corn acreage had emerged by June 23, one percentage point behind the previous year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By June 23, four percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By June 30, eleven percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On June 30, sixty-seven percent of the Nation's corn acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 16 percentage points above the previous year.

By July 7, twenty-four percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 6 percentage points ahead of last year and 10 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Three percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. By July 14, forty-one percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 1 percentage point ahead of last year and 9 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 14, eight percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 2 percentage points ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 21, sixty-one percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 1 percentage point behind last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On July 21, seventeen percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 28, seventy-seven percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 2 percentage points behind last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. By July 28, thirty percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 5 percentage points ahead of last year and 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On July 28, sixty-eight percent of the Nation's corn acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 13 percentage points above the previous year.

By August 4, eighty-eight percent of the Nation's corn acreage had reached the silking stage, 2 percentage points behind last year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 4, forty-six percent of the corn acreage was at or beyond the dough stage, 4 percentage points ahead of last year and 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, seven percent of this year's corn acreage was denting, equal to last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On August 4, sixty-seven percent of the Nation's corn acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 10 percentage points above the previous year.

Sorghum: Production is forecast at 279 million bushels, down 12 percent from last year. Acreage updates were made following a thorough review of all available data. Planted area, at 6.30 million acres, is down 2 percent from previous estimate and down 12 percent from last year. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 5.28 million acres, down 2 percent from the previous forecast and down 14 percent from 2023. Based on August 1 conditions, yield is forecast at 52.9 bushels per acre, 0.9 bushel above the 2023 yield of 52.0 bushels per acre.

By August 4, sixty-three percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage had reached the headed stage, 8 percentage points ahead of last year and 9 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Sorghum headed progress advanced by 22 percentage points or more in Kansas, Nebraska, and South Dakota. Twenty-five percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was at or beyond the coloring stage by August 4, equal to last year but 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Forty-seven percent of the Nation's sorghum acreage was rated in good to excellent condition on August 4, eight percentage points below the previous week and 10 percentage points below the previous year.

Oats: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 2.35 million acres, is up 2 percent from the previous estimate and up 3 percent from comparable States in 2023. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 900,000 acres, up 3 percent from the previous forecast and up 13 percent from comparable States in 2023.

Production is forecast at a record high 67.6 million bushels for the United States, up 23 percent from comparable States in 2023. Based on conditions as of August 1, the United States yield is forecast at 75.1 bushels per acres, up 6.3 bushels from the 2023 average yield for comparable States. Record high yields are expected in Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

As of August 4, forty-seven percent of the Nation's oat acreage was harvested, 2 percentage points ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. As of August 4, sixty-seven percent of the Nation's oat acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, compared to 44 percent at the same time last year.

Beginning in 2024, estimates for oats were discontinued in Arkansas, California, Missouri, and Oklahoma.

Barley: Production is forecast at 149 million bushels, down 20 percent from 2023. Acreage updates were made following a thorough review of all available data. Based on conditions as of August 1, the average yield for the United States is forecast at 79.1 bushels per acre, up 6.7 bushels from last year. Area harvested for grain is forecast at 1.88 million acres, down 7 percent from the *Acreage* report released on June 28, 2024, and down 26 percent from last year.

Ninety-seven percent of the Nation's barley acreage had reached the headed stage by August 4, one percentage point behind the previous year and 2 percentage points behind the 5-year average. By August 4, barley producers had harvested 7 percent of the Nation's barley crop, 6 percentage points behind last year and 4 percentage points behind the 5-year average. On August 4, seventy-two percent of the Nation's barley acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 22 percentage points above the same time last year.

Winter wheat: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 33.5 million acres, is down 1 percent from the *Acreage* report released on June 28, 2024, and down 9 percent from 2023. Area expected to be harvested for grain or seed totals 25.6 million acres, down 1 percent from the *Acreage* report but up 4 percent from last year in comparable States.

Production is forecast at 1.36 billion bushels, up 1 percent from the previous forecast and up 9 percent from 2023 in comparable States. Based on August 1 conditions, the United States yield is forecast at 53.2 bushels per acre, up 1.2 bushels from last month and up 2.7 bushels from last year's average yield in comparable States. Record high yields are forecast in Michigan, Montana, Oregon, South Dakota, and Wisconsin for 2024.

Forecasted head counts from the objective yield survey in the six Hard Red Winter States (Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Texas) are above last year's levels in Kansas, Montana, and Nebraska, but below last year's level in Colorado, Oklahoma, and Texas. As of August 4, harvest progress was 51 percent complete in Montana, 13 percentage points ahead of the 5-year pace. In South Dakota, 86 percent of the acreage was harvested, 6 percentage

points ahead of the 5-year pace. Harvest progress was complete or nearly complete in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Forecasted head counts from the objective yield survey in the three Soft Red Winter States (Illinois, Missouri, and Ohio) are above last year's levels in all three States. As of August 4, harvest progress in Michigan was at 96 percent, 10 percentage points ahead of the 5-year pace. Harvest progress in the Soft Red Winter (SRW) growing area was complete in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, North Carolina, and Ohio.

Forecasted head counts from the objective yield survey in Washington are above last year. As of August 4, harvest progress was at 26 percent in Idaho, 75 percent in Oregon, and 47 percent in Washington.

Beginning in 2024, estimates for winter wheat were discontinued in New Jersey.

Durum wheat: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 2.09 million acres, is down 4 percent from the *Acreage* report released on June 28, 2024, but up 24 percent from 2023. Area expected to be harvested for grain or seed totals 2.02 million acres, down 4 percent from the *Acreage* report, but up 27 percent from 2023 in comparable States.

Production is forecast at 76.9 million bushels, down 14 percent from the previous forecast, but up 31 percent from 2023 in comparable States. The United States yield is forecast at 38.1 bushels per acre, down 4.6 bushels from the previous forecast, but up 1.3 bushels from last year's average yield in comparable States. A record high yield is forecast in North Dakota for 2024.

Montana and North Dakota are the two largest Durum-producing States. As of August 4, sixty-one percent of the acreage in Montana and 86 percent of the acreage in North Dakota were rated in good to excellent condition. As of August 4, Montana Durum wheat progress was 79 percent turning color, 19 percentage points ahead of average. In North Dakota, Durum wheat turning color progress was 74 percent as of August 4, nine percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

Beginning in 2024, estimates for Durum wheat were discontinued in Idaho.

Other spring wheat: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 10.7 million acres, is down 5 percent from the *Acreage* report released on June 28, 2024, and down 4 percent from 2023. The area expected to be harvested for grain or seed is expected to total 10.3 million acres, down 5 percent from the *Acreage* report, and down 6 percent from 2023.

Production is forecast at 544 million bushels, down 6 percent from the previous forecast, but up 8 percent from 2023. The United States yield is forecast at 52.6 bushels per acre, down 0.5 bushel from the previous forecast, but up 6.6 bushels from a year ago. If realized, the United States yield would be a record high. A record high yield is forecast in Minnesota and North Dakota for 2024.

In the six major producing States, 74 percent of the other spring wheat acreage was rated in good to excellent condition compared to 41 percent at the same time in 2023.

Rice: Production is forecast at 221 million cwt, up 1 percent from 2023. Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Planted area is now estimated at 2.94 million acres, down slightly from the previous estimate but up 2 percent from the previous year. Area for harvest is expected to total 2.90 million acres, down slightly from the previous forecast but up 1 percent from last year. Based on conditions as of August 1, the average United States yield is forecast at 7,623 pounds per acre, down 26 pounds per acre from 2023. Arkansas and Mississippi are forecasted to have an increase in production from the previous year.

By August 4, eighty percent of the Nation's rice acreage had reached the headed stage, 9 percentage points ahead of the previous year and 16 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Nationally, 7 percent of the rice acreage was harvested by August 4, one percentage point behind last year but 2 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. On

August 4, eighty percent of the Nation's rice acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 9 percentage points above the previous year.

Alfalfa and alfalfa mixtures: Production of alfalfa and alfalfa mixture dry hay for 2024 is forecast at 52.4 million tons, up 5 percent from 2023. Based on August 1 conditions, yields are expected to average 3.35 tons per acre, up 0.16 ton from last year. Harvested area is forecast at 15.6 million acres, unchanged from the Acreage report, but down slightly from 2023.

Other hay: Production of other hay is forecast at 74.5 million tons, up 8 percent from 2023. Based on August 1 conditions, the United States yield is expected to average 2.07 tons per acre, up 0.22 ton from last year. Harvested area is forecast at 35.9 million acres, unchanged from the *Acreage* report, but down 3 percent from 2023. A record high yield is expected in Missouri.

Soybeans: Acreage updates were made in several States based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 87.1 million acres, is up 1 percent from the previous estimate and up 4 percent from the previous year. Acreage harvested for beans is forecast at 86.3 million acres, up 1 percent from the previous forecast and up 5 percent from last

At 4.59 billion bushels, 2024 soybean production is forecast to be the highest production on record for the United States. The forecasted yield, at 53.2 bushels per acres, is up 2.6 bushels from last year's final estimate of 50.6 bushels per acre. If realized, this would be the highest yield on record for the Nation.

Planting was underway by the end of April in 17 of the 18 major soybean-producing States. Eighteen percent of the acreage was planted by April 28, two percentage points ahead of last year and 8 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Sixty-eight percent of soybean acreage was planted by May 26, ten percentage points behind last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

Nationally, 70 percent of soybean acreage had emerged by June 9, thirteen percentage points behind last year but 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. At that time, soybean emergence was ahead of the 5-year average in 10 of the 18 major soybean-producing States. By June 30, twenty percent of soybean acreage was blooming, equal to last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

Thirty-four percent of soybean acreage was blooming by July 7, one percentage point behind last year but 6 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 7, nine percent of soybean acreage was setting pods, 1 percentage point ahead of last year and 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Fifty-one percent of soybean acreage was blooming by July 14, equal to last year but 7 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By July 21, sixty-five percent of the soybean acreage was blooming, 1 percentage point behind last year but 5 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. Forty-four percent of soybean acreage was setting pods as of July 28, two percentage points behind last year but 4 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average. By August 4, fifty-nine percent of soybean acreage was setting pods, 2 percentage points behind last year but 3 percentage points ahead of the 5-year average.

As of August 4, sixty-eight percent of soybean acreage was rated in good to excellent condition compared with 54 percent on August 6, 2023. Soybean acreage was rated in better condition this year than last year in 13 of the 18 major soybeanproducing States, with Iowa, Louisiana, and Missouri improving more than 20 percentage points compared to last year.

If realized, the forecasted yield will be a record high in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Ohio.

Peanuts: Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 1.80 million acres, is up 2 percent from the previous estimate and up 9 percent from 2023 in comparable states. Area harvested is expected to total 1.74 million acres, up 2 percent from the previous forecast and up 10 percent from 2023 in comparable states. Record high harvested acres are expected in Arkansas.

Production is forecast at 6.79 billion pounds, up 14 percent from 2023 in comparable states. Based on conditions as of August 1, the average yield for the United States is forecast at 3,890 pounds per acre, up 123 pounds per acre from 2023 in comparable states. A record high yield is expected in North Carolina.

As of August 4, ninety-two percent of the Nation's peanut crop had reached the pegging state, one percentage point ahead of the previous year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. At that time, seventy-one percent of the peanut acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 3 percentage points above the previous week but 3 percentage points below the same time last year.

Beginning in 2024, estimates for peanuts began in Missouri but were discontinued in New Mexico.

Cotton: Acreage updates were made in based on a thorough review of all available data. Area planted to Upland cotton is estimated at 11.0 million acres, down 4 percent from the previous estimate but up 9 percent from 2023. Upland harvested area for the Nation is expected to total 8.44 million acres, up 34 percent from last year. Pima cotton planted area is estimated at 199,000 acres, up 9 percent from the previous forecast and up 35 percent from 2023. Expected Pima harvested area at 192,000 acres is up 39 percent from last year.

Ninety-one percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had reached the squaring stage by August 4, one percentage point ahead of last year but equal to the 5-year average. By August 4, sixty percent of the Nation's cotton acreage had begun setting bolls, 2 percentage points ahead of last year and 1 percentage point ahead of the 5-year average. Cotton setting bolls progress advanced by 10 percentage points or more in 9 of the 15 estimating States during the week. By August 4, eight percent of the Nation's cotton had open bolls, 1 percentage point ahead of both last year and the 5-year average. On August 4, forty-five percent of the 2024 cotton acreage was rated in good to excellent condition, 4 percentage points below the previous week but 4 percentage points above the previous year.

In Texas, cotton stress and boll shed were sighted in the Northern High Plains, the Southern Low Plains and South Texas. Cotton was setting bolls in the Northern High Plains and the Upper Coast. Cotton setting bolls reached 51 percent, up 3 percentage points from the previous year but even with the 5-year average. In Georgia, cotton fields began to near completion on squaring and setting bolls had reached 69 percent. As of Aug 4, thirty-two percent of the cotton acreage in Texas and sixty-seven percent of the cotton acreage in Georgia was rated in good to excellent condition.

Dry beans: Production of dry edible beans is forecast at 30.6 million cwt, up 31 percent from 2023 for comparable States. Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Area planted is estimated at 1.53 million acres, up 13 percent from the *Acreage* report and up 33 percent from 2023 for comparable States. Area harvested is forecast at 1.49 million acres, up 13 percent from the *Acreage* report and up 32 percent from 2023 for comparable States. The yield is forecast at 2,056 pounds per acre, a decrease of 7 pounds from last season for comparable States.

Beginning in 2024, estimates for dry edible beans were discontinued in California and Wyoming.

Sugarbeets: Production of sugarbeets for the 2024 crop year is forecast at 35.7 million tons, up 1 percent from last year. Acreage updates were made based on a thorough review of all available data. Total planted area, at 1.11 million acres, is down slightly from the previous estimate and down 3 percent from 2023. Producers expect to harvest 1.09 million acres, down 4 percent from last year. Yield is forecast at 32.9 tons per acre, up 1.7 tons from last year.

Sugarcane: Production of sugarcane for sugar and seed is forecast at 34.1 million tons, up 1 percent from last season. Producers intend to harvest 921,000 acres for sugar and seed during the 2024 crop year, down 1 percent from last season. Yields for sugar and seed are expected to average 37.0 tons per acre, up 0.7 ton from last season.

Beginning in 2024, estimtaes for sugarcane were discontinued in Texas.

Tobacco: The 2024 United States all tobacco production is forecast at 374 million pounds, down 6 percent from 2023 for comparable States. Area harvested, at 171,100 acres, is up 4 percent from the *Acreage* report but down 1 percent from last

year for comparable States. Yield for the 2024 crop year is forecast at 2,187 pounds per acre, 132 pounds below last year for comparable States.

Beginning in 2024, estimates for tobacco were discontinued in Georgia, Pennsylvania, and South Carolina. Estimates for light air-cured burley type were discontinued in North Carolina and Virginia. Estimates for fire-cured type were discontinued in Virginia.

Hops: Production of hops is forecast at 88.0 million pounds for 2024, down 15 percent from last year. Area harvested is forecast at 44,824 acres, down 17 percent from 2023. Yield is forecast at 1,963 pounds per acre, 48 pounds higher than the 2023 yield

Apples, commercial: United States apple total production for the 2024 crop year is forecast at 11.1 billion pounds, down 2 percent from the previous year. In Washington, the largest growing State, weather conditions continued to be as favorable as the previous year. Good growing conditions are leading to an expected 1 percent decrease in production, almost as high as last year's near record crop. In New York, the season got off to a slow start in some areas. That changed as unusually warm weather accelerated growth causing many growers to experience early ripening and some premature maturation. The Michigan apple crop had only minor frost damage, and development has been slightly ahead of average. The potential is for a very good crop size. Apple harvest has begun for early varieties.

Cranberries: United States cranberry total production for the 2024 season is forecast at 8.24 million barrels, up 2 percent from the 2023 crop year. In Wisconsin, the largest growing State, production is forecast at 4.90 million barrels, down 2 percent from last year. Production in Massachusetts, forecast at 2.20 million barrels, is up 12 percent from last year. Cranberry growers experienced seasonal extremes from an unusual winter. Periods of snow, wet and rainy conditions, and cool temperatures with spring frost episodes stressed the plant's growth stage. The rain presented some challenges, disrupting pollination and reducing pollinator activity. In Massachusetts, the winter was relatively mild, but extreme snowfall occurred in February. However, the relatively stable temperatures from the mild summer season and lack of rainfall have been favorable for the cranberry plants. In Wisconsin, the growing season was challenging due to the cold and wet spring, followed by frost and hailstorms. Some growers experienced winter damage but completed planting. Warmer temperatures accelerated pollinator activity and plant blooming. Overall, the cranberry crop is growing and producing well.

Grapes: United States grape production for 2024 is forecast at 6.37 million tons, up 3 percent from last season, in comparable States. In California, the largest producing State, wine type grape production is forecast at 3.60 million tons, down 2 percent from last season, and represents 62 percent of California's total grape production. California's table grape production is forecast at 1.15 million tons, up 22 percent from last season, and represents 20 percent of California's total grape production. California raisin type grape production is forecast at 1.05 million tons, up 12 percent from last season, and represents the remaining18 percent of California's total grape crop. Grapes went into bloom fully hydrated due to a cool and wet winter. Crop development was more typical in 2024 compared to the late 2023 crop. Triple digit temperatures during July impacted grape development in the San Joaquin Valley and Coastal vineyards.

Beginning in 2024, grape estimates were added for New York and Oregon.

Peaches: United States peach total production for the 2024 season is forecast at 719,000 tons, up 22 percent from 2023. In California, the largest growing State, production is forecast at 530,000 tons, up 4 percent from the previous forecast and up 10 percent from 2023. California Freestone production is forecast at 300,000 tons, up 7 percent from the previous forecast and up 16 percent from 2023. California Clingstone production is forecast at 230,000 tons, unchanged from the previous forecast and up 4 percent from 2023. Full bloom occurred on March 12, two days earlier than last year. Recorded chilling hours were the second lowest in the last fifty years. Lack of rain during the winter months resulted in below average precipitation totals at the beginning of February 2024. Several storms during February and March have boosted the Sierra Nevada snowpack and significantly added to reservoirs bringing California to normal conditions. While California experienced heavy rain and hail at times during the spring months, there was minimal damage reported to the stone fruit crops. Early in the season growing conditions were generally good, however an extremely hot July has growers concerned about fruit size. Harvest of peaches is ongoing. South Carolina production is forecast at 105,000 tons, up 171 percent from last year. Peaches thrived throughout the season with ample chill hours, a mild spring, no freezes and

a hot, dry summer. Operators are reporting a full crop with high yields. Harvest is expected be complete by late August/early September. Georgia production is forecast at 37,000 tons, up 651 percent from last year. Ample chill hours, mild and wet spring, no freezes, and a hot dry summer made for an abundant peach crop and above average season. Peach harvest should be complete by mid-August.

Pears: United States pear total production for 2024 is forecast at 520,000 tons, down 22 percent from last year. In Washington, the largest producing State, the pear crop was significantly impacted by cold weather in mid-January. Temperatures as low as -11 degrees in some areas damaged the buds and trees. The damage varied by region, however, the Walla Walla Valley and Lake Chelan areas were reported to have been hit the hardest. There were also reports of another freeze during blooming stage in the spring. As a result, the crop is forecast to have the lowest production, dating back to 2007. In Oregon, cold, wet weather also impacted the crop. Production is expected to be the lowest since 2010. In California, harvest began in mid-July. Overall, the crop has good size, quality and flavor, however, during the blooming period, the crop was negatively impacted by late rains. Production is expected to be the second lowest since 2007.

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Statistical Methodology

Survey procedures: Objective yield and farm operator surveys were conducted between July 25 and August 6 to gather information on expected yields as of August 1. The objective yield survey for winter wheat was conducted in 10 States that account for 64 percent of the 2023 winter wheat production. Farm operators selected for the objective yield survey were interviewed to update previously reported acreage data and seek permission to randomly locate two sample plots in selected fields for the objective yield survey. The counts made within each sample plot depend on the crop and the maturity of that crop. In all cases, the number of plants is recorded along with other measurements that provide information to forecast the number heads and their weight. The counts are used with similar data from previous years to develop a projected biological yield. The average harvesting loss is subtracted to obtain a net yield. The plots are revisited each month until crop maturity when the fruit are harvested and weighed. After the farm operator has harvested the sample field, another plot is sampled to obtain current year harvesting loss. The objective yield survey will be conducted for corn and soybeans beginning in September.

The farm operator survey was conducted primarily by telephone with some use of mail, internet, and personal interviews. Approximately 14,200 producers were interviewed during the survey period and asked questions about probable yield. These growers will continue to be surveyed throughout the growing season to provide indications of average yields.

Estimating procedures: National and State level objective yield and grower reported data were reviewed for reasonableness and consistency with historical estimates. The survey data were also reviewed considering weather patterns and crop progress compared with previous months and previous years. Each Regional Field Office submits their analysis of the current situation to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB). The ASB uses the survey data and the State analyses to prepare the published August 1 forecasts.

Revision policy: The August 1 production forecast will not be revised; instead, a new forecast will be made each month throughout the growing season. End-of-season estimates are made after harvest. At the end of the marketing season, a balance sheet is calculated using carryover stocks, production, imports, exports, millings, feeding, and ending stocks. Revisions are then made if the balance sheet relationships or other administrative data warrant changes. Estimates of acres for barley, corn, cotton, dry edible beans, oats, peanuts, rice, sorghum, soybeans, sugarbeets, and wheat are subject to revision in the August *Crop Production* report. Acres for chickpeas, corn, cotton, dry edible peas, lentils, peanuts, rice, sorghum, soybeans, and sugarbeets are subject to revision in the September *Crop Production* report each year. Barley, oats, rye, and wheat end-of-season estimates are published in the *Small Grains Annual Summary* report at the end of September. Canola, dry edible beans, and sunflower acres are subject to revision in the October *Crop Production* report. Potato acres are subject to revision in the November *Crop Production* report. End-of-season estimates for all other row crops are published in the *Annual Crop Production Summary* in January. Revisions to planted acres will only be made when either special survey data, administrative data, such as Farm Service Agency certified acreage data, or remote sensing data are available. Harvested acres may be revised any time a production forecast is made if there is sufficient data indicating that the intended harvested area has changed since the last forecast.

Reliability: To assist users in evaluating the reliability of the August 1 production forecast, the "Root Mean Square Error," a statistical measure based on past performance, is computed. The deviation between the August 1 production forecast and the final estimate is expressed as a percentage of the final estimate. The average of the squared percentage deviations for the latest 20-year period is computed. The square root of the average becomes statistically the "Root Mean Square Error." Probability statements can be made concerning expected differences in the current forecast relative to the final end-of-season estimate, assuming that factors affecting this year's forecast are not different from those influencing recent years. For example, the "Root Mean Square Error" for the August 1 corn for grain production forecast is 4.1 percent. This means that chances are 2 out of 3 that the current production forecast will not be above or below the final estimate by more than 4.1 percent. Chances are 9 out of 10 (90 percent confidence level) that the difference will not exceed 7.1 percent.

Also, shown in the following table is a 20-year record for selected crops of the differences between the August 1 forecast and the final estimate. Using corn again as an example, changes between the August 1 forecast and the final estimate during the last 20 years have averaged 401 million bushels, ranging from 5 million bushels to 1.19 billion bushels. The August 1 forecast has been below the final estimate 8 times and above 12 times. This does not imply that the August 1

corn forecast this year is likely to understate or overstate final production.

Reliability of August 1 Crop Production Forecasts

[Based on data for the past twenty years]

	Root mean	90 percent confidence interval	Difference between forecast and final estimate				
Crop				Production	Years		
	square error		Average	Smallest	Largest	Below final	Above final
	(percent)	(percent)	(millions)	(millions)	(millions)	(number)	(number)
Barley bushels	6.2	10.8	9	(Z)	25	10	10
Corn for grainbushels	4.1	7.1	401	· 5	1,192	8	12
Hay							
Alfalfatons	4.2	7.2	2	(Z)	5	5	15
Othertons	3.5	6.1	2	(Z)	5	3	17
Oats bushels	11.0	19.0	7	(Z)	14	5	15
Peanutspounds	8.1	14.0	340	32	1,461	10	10
Ricecwt	5.4	9.3	9	1	20	8	12
Sorghum for grainbushels	14.3	24.6	25	(Z)	98	11	9
Soybeans for beansbushels	5.1	8.9	146	6	350	13	7
Sugarbeetstons	7.0	12.0	2	(Z)	6	11	9
Sugarcanetons	6.9	11.9	2	(Z)	4	10	10
Upland cotton ¹ bales	10.1	17.4	1,350	195	3,464	8	12
Wheat							
Winter wheatbushels	2.9	5.0	28	(Z)	95	6	14
Durum wheatbushels	9.1	15.8	6	1	12	10	10
Other springbushels	6.6	11.4	29	3	69	10	10

⁽Z) Less than half of the unit shown.

1 Quantity is in thousands of units.

USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@usda.gov

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Chris Hawthorn – Hemp, Oats, Soybeans	
Natasha Bruton – Barley, Cotton System Consumption and Stocks, Grain Crushings	
David Colwell – Fats and Oils, Flour Milling Products	
Michelle Harder – Hay, Peanuts	
Brittany Brown - Corn, Proso Millet, Rice	(202) 720-2127
James Johanson – Rye, Wheat	(202) 720-8068
Becky Sommer – Cotton, Cotton Ginnings, Sorghum	(202) 720-5944
Travis Thorson – Canola, Rapeseed, Safflower, Sunflower	(202) 720-7369
Joshua Bates, Acting Head, Fruits, Vegetables and Special Crops Section	(202) 720-2127
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Sweet Corn, Tomatoes	(202) 720-7235
Robert Little – Blueberries, Cabbage, Dry Beans, Lettuce, Macadamia,	
Maple Syrup, Pears, Raspberries, Spinach	(202) 720-3250
Krishna Rizal – Artichokes, Asparagus, Celery, Grapefruit, Kiwifruit, Lemons,	(202) 720 7412
Mandarins and tangerines, Mint, Mushrooms, Olives, Oranges, Pistachios	(202) 720-5412
Chris Singh – Apples, Cucumbers, Hazelnuts, Potatoes, Pumpkins,	(202) 720 4207
Squash, Strawberries, Sugarbeets, Sugarcane, Sweet Potatoes	(202) 720-4285
Antonio Torres – Cantaloupes, Dry Edible Peas, Grapes, Green Peas, Honeydews, Lentils, Sweet Cherries, Tart Cherries, Walnuts, Watermelons Chris Wallace – Avocados, Bell Peppers, Broccoli, Cauliflower,	(202) 720-2157
Chile Peppers, Dates, Floriculture, Hops, Papayas, Pecans	(202) 720-4215

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- Cornell's Mann Library has launched a new website housing NASS's and other agency's archived reports. The new website, https://usda.library.cornell.edu. All email subscriptions containing reports will be sent from the new website, https://usda.library.cornell.edu. To continue receiving the reports via e-mail, you will have to go to the new website, create a new account and re-subscribe to the reports. If you need instructions to set up an account or subscribe, they are located at: https://usda.library.cornell.edu/help. You should whitelist notifications@usda-esmis.library.cornell.edu in your email client to avoid the emails going into spam/junk folders.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

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