


# Emergency Disaster Programs Administered by the Farm Service Agency

TYPE OF LOSS SUFFERED 	CROP LOSS	LIVESTOCK LOSS	DAMAGED FARM PROPERTY
<p><b>What FSA disaster programs are available?</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>NAP - Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program</b> to cover production losses for crops when federal crop insurance is not available - must have been purchased prior to disaster.</li> <li><b>TAP - Tree Assistance Program</b> for trees, bushes and vine losses.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>ELAP - Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and Farm-Raised Fish Program</b> for livestock death not covered by LIP, for grazing losses not covered by LFP; for farm-raised fish and honeybee death and feed losses.</li> <li><b>LIP - Livestock Indemnity Program</b> for livestock deaths.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>ECP - Emergency Conservation Program</b> to rehabilitate farmland damaged by natural disasters and for carrying out emergency water conservation measures.</li> </ol> <p><b>EFRP - Emergency Conservation Restoration Program</b> to rehabilitate private forest land damaged by natural disasters</p>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>EM - Emergency Loans</b> provides loans to restore or replace essential property damaged in the disaster, finance production losses to crops and livestock; fund essential family living and farm operating expenses, or refinance certain debts.</li> <li><b>DSA - Disaster Set-Aside</b> for producers who have direct loans with FSA and are unable to make the scheduled installment due, to move one full year's payment to the end of the loan.</li> </ol>		
	<p>Refer to the attached sheets for additional information</p>		
	<p>Visit Farmers.gov Hurricane Recovery: <a href="https://www.farmers.gov/protection-recovery/hurricane">https://www.farmers.gov/protection-recovery/hurricane</a>  <b>Visit FSA's disaster web page at:</b> <a href="http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov">http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov</a></p>		

For losses due to natural disasters such as drought, floods, hurricanes, blizzards, wild fires, disease.



## Emergency Conservation Program (ECP) + Emergency Forest Restoration Program (EFRP)

Visit the County Office **prior** to performing any cleanup activities. Onsite inspections are required.

If emergency, loss of life, temporary measures may be started, photos must be taken.

All ECP/EFRP applications must be filed in the person's name, or entity name, that will incur the cost of cleanup.

If producer performs practices with own labor, or equipment, producer must submit signed and dated statements, which include:

- Dates of work performed
- Cost per hour charged for labor
- Expense of equipment used
- Type and cost of materials used
- Other applicable info

Before visiting the County Office, it is highly suggested that the producer document the extent of damage, in preparation of completing an application.



## Tree Assistance Program (TAP)

- Contact County Office immediately after loss.
- **Do not** perform any work until approved by FSA.
  - FSA is required by law to complete an Environmental Evaluation.
- Complete an application.
- Be prepared for a Loss Adjuster visit.
- Maintain records, such as:
  - Purchase receipts
  - Labor and equipment costs
  - Chemical, fertilizer, and other input costs
  - Third party certifications from consultants, i.e.: Extension Service



## Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)

1. Take pictures of livestock lost (date stamped)
2. File Notice of Loss with 30 days (as soon as possible)
3. County Office will need:
  - Number of livestock in inventory on the day before the eligible loss condition. (Beginning inventory)
  - Number of livestock lost due to eligible loss condition.
  - Number of livestock lost due to Normal Mortality before the eligible loss condition.
  - Number of livestock sold & amount received due to Injury (if applicable).
  - Other supporting documentation, as required.
4. File Application for Payment within 60 calendar days, after the end of the calendar year in which the eligible loss occurred.

## Emergency Livestock Assistance Program (ELAP)

### Honeybees

- Take pictures of losses (date stamped).
- File a Notice of Loss within 15 days (as soon as possible).
- Proof of beginning inventory, if not already on file.
- File Application for Payment by January 30, after the program year which the loss occurred.
- Other supporting documentation, as required.

### Farm Raised Fish & Feed Loss

- Take pictures of losses (date stamped)
- File a Notice of Loss by 01/30/2023 (as soon as possible)
- Proof of beginning inventory if not already on file
- File an Application for Payment by 01/30/2023
- Other supporting documentation as required

### Livestock

- Livestock Feed & Grazing Losses
- Livestock & Forage Transportation Cost
  - File a Notice of Loss within 30 days (as soon as possible)
  - Other supporting documentation as required
  - File an Application for Payment by January 30, after the program year which the loss occurred.

## Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP)

- Report a Notice of Loss with the County Office (COF), no later than:
  - 72 hours for hand harvested/highly perishable crops
  - Other crops, 15 days after loss is apparent from Hurricane related weather
- Start compiling production records.

## Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) – *continued*

- Be prepared for a Loss Adjuster visit.
- Determine your Marketing Plan for affected crops.
  - Notify COF prior to implementation
  - **Do not** destroy crop prior to LA visit

## Environmental Requirements; ECP/EFRP/TAP

- Federal agencies must consider all potential environmental impacts of their proposed actions by incorporating an analysis of impacts into their decision-making processes and considering reasonable alternatives to those activities **before** implementing activities that have the potential to significantly impact the human environment.
- All environmental processes must be fully completed before an action can be approved; therefore, actions **may not** be approved contingent to completion of any portion of the environmental review processes.
- Agencies consult with and obtain comments from Federal agencies that manage or have expertise about resources that are potentially affected (40 CFR 1502.25).

### Producer's Responsibility:

- not to begin any related work before FSA completes the environmental compliance process and fully approve the application
- if they do so, they jeopardize FSA's ability to cooperate on that project by disallowing the completion of our environmental compliance review

